THE $24^{\text {Th }}$ ANNUAL REPORT ON THE
CONDITIONS OF CHILDREN IN ORANGE COUNTY

## LETTER FROM THE CHAIR

The future of Orange County rests in the health and well-being of our children. Each year, our Conditions of Children Report allows us an opportunity to assess our progress in order to ensure their future is bright.
There are many areas in which we have done well as a county this past year. For example, infant mortality rates are at their lowest level, and immunization rates for kindergartners are at their highest level in 10 years, while teen births have decreased by half. Student academic performance has improved in both literacy and math, with economically disadvantaged students showing the greatest improvement on standardized testing. Additionally, substantiated child abuse is down, as are juvenile arrests and youth gang-related activity. These improvements are the result of committed individuals and organizations working tirelessly to improve the lives of youth across Orange County.
While we continue to make great strides forward in many areas, we also recognize that our focus and innovative efforts are required to move the needle on other fronts. We must prioritize action to combat childhood poverty, obesity, housing insecurity and other issues that have substantial negative impacts on our children. Mental health continues to be an area in need of our attention. After dropping in 2015, children's mental health and substance abuse related hospitalizations rose again in 2016. We must also continue to address disparities between ethnicities and races that persist for several of the indicators this report tracks. Innovative programs and approaches are needed to safeguard the well-being of our children.

As Chair of the Orange County Children's Partnership, I am confident that by working together and investing in innovative solutions, such as providing mental health clinicians in schools or fostering public-private partnerships, we can help create a brighter future for every child. I hope this report will aid you as a resource by providing critical information in order to make Orange County a place where children continue to thrive. Join me, the Orange County Children's Partnership, and the more than 20 organizations working on behalf of children and families in Orange County in forging a better future for our children, our communities and our world.
Sincerely,


Andrew Do
Chair, Orange County Children's Partnership

ORANGE COUNTY CHILDREN'S PARTNERSHIP 2018 MEMBERS

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Denise Schleicher Contract Attorney for Children
Steven J. Sentman Chief Probation Officer
Vacant
Foster Parent Representative

## Vacant

Group Home Representative

For more information about the priorities, work and public meetings of the OCCP, please visit: ochealthinfo.com/phs/about/family/OCCP.

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

Letter from the Chair

Executive Summary ..... 2
The Work of the Orange County ..... 3
Children's Partnership
Overlaying Data ..... 4
Teen Self-Harm, Chronic Sadness,and School Connectedness
Orange County Snapshot8
Good Health Indicators ..... 10
ACCESS TO HEALTH CARE ..... 12
EARLY PRENATAL CARE ..... 14
INFANT MORTALITY ..... 16
LOW BIRTH WEIGHT ..... 18
PRETERM BIRTHS ..... 20
TEEN BIRTHS ..... 22
BREASTFEEDING ..... 24
IMMUNIZATIONS ..... 26
OBESITY ..... 28
PHYSICAL FITNESS AND NUTRITION ..... 30
BEHAVIORAL HEALTH ..... 32
Economic Well-Being Indicators ..... 34
CHILD POVERTY ..... 36
CALWORKS ..... 38
SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ..... 40
HOUSING ..... 42
CHILD SUPPORT ..... 44
Educational Achievement Indicators ..... 46
KINDERGARTEN READINESS ..... 48
THIRD GRADE ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS ..... 50
THIRD GRADE MATHEMATICS ..... 52
HIGH SCHOOL DROPOUT RATES ..... 54
COLLEGE READINESS ..... 56
Safe Homes and Communities Indicators ..... 58
PREVENTABLE CHILD AND YOUTH DEATHS ..... 60
SUBSTANTIATED CHILD ABUSE ..... 62
CHILD WELFARE ..... 64
JUVENILE ARRESTS ..... 66
JUVENILE SUSTAINED PETITIONS ..... 68
GANG ACTIVITY AMONG YOUTH ..... 70
Index of Supplemental Tables ..... 72

## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

## Several indicators show overall improvement in children's health, education and safety. Yet one in six children ( $17 \%$ ) in Orange County are living in poverty.

The 24th Annual Report on the Conditions of Children in Orange County studies four interdependent focus areas: Good Health, Economic Well-Being, Educational Achievement and Safe Homes and Communities. Each focus area includes the most recent data for indicators to assess improving or worsening trends over 10 years.

Orange County children remain in good health with an uninsured rate of $2.5 \%$, and teen birth rates and infant mortality rates at their lowest in 10 years. While there was a 10 -year increase in children experiencing housing insecurity, fewer children were impacted in 2016/2017 than previous year. Students continue to show academic improvement, especially children in migrant education and children who are economically disadvantaged. The percentage of children and youth entering foster care and placed in a permanent home within 12 months has shown significant improvement and is now higher than the percentage in California.

Along with the positive trends, there are areas of concern, including serious mental illness,
continued disparities and an increase in the number of children living in poverty. Mental health related-hospitalizations grew 73\% in the past 10 years. The overlay maps in this report explore the intersection of teen self-harm with other conditions such as school connectedness and chronic sadness and hopelessness. Also, disparities exist in Orange County among races and ethnicities, geographic communities, and school districts, depending on the indicator. Lastly, families continue to struggle economically, with more children (49\%) eligible for free and reducedprice lunch while at the same time enrollment in CalWORKs, CalFresh and the Women, Infants, and Children (WIC) programs continue to decline.

Highlighting 10-year trends allows us to explore steady or improving indicators, such as uninsured rates and foster care placement in permanent homes, as well as indicators that need improvement, such as serious mental illness and disparities that need further exploration and attention so that all children in Orange County can thrive.

| GOOD HEALTH | ECONOMIC WELL-BEING | EDUCATIONAL ACHIEVEMENT | SAFE HOMES AND COMMUNITIES |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ACCESS TO HEALTH CARE | - CHILD POVERTY | KINDERGARTEN READINESS | PREVENTABLE CHILD AND YOUTH DEATHS |
| EARLY PRENATAL CARE | - CALWORKS | THIRD GRADE ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS | SUBSTANTIATED CHILD ABUSE |
| - INFANT MORTALITY | SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION | THIRD GRADE MATHEMATICS | - CHILD WELFARE |
| - LOW BIRTH WEIGHT | - HOUSING | HIGH SCHOOL DROPOUT RATES | - JUVENILE ARRESTS |
| - PRETERM BIRTHS | - CHILD SUPPORT | - COLLEGE READINESS | JUVENILE SUSTAINED PETITIONS |
| - TEEN BIRTHS |  |  | GANG ACTIVITY AMONG YOUTH |
| - BREASTFEEDING |  |  |  |
| - IMMUNIZATIONS |  |  |  |
| O OBESITY |  |  |  |
| PHYSICAL FITNESS AND NUTRITION |  |  |  |
| - BEHAVIORAL HEALTH |  |  |  |

## THE WORK OF THE ORANGE COUNTY CHILDREN'S PARTNERSHIP


#### Abstract

The Orange County Children's Partnership (OCCP) is a unified voice that champions health, education, safety and economic stability by advancing more responsive services that effectively meet the needs of children and families in Orange County communities.


Since 1982, the OCCP, comprised of public and community agencies, has worked tirelessly to address the changing needs of Orange County's children, and create an environment in which all children can thrive. We believe by aligning our efforts we can achieve high impact results. Our priority areas are:

- Child Abuse/Neglect - WE CAN Coalition¹
- Childhood Obesity
- Commercially Sexually Exploited Children
- Continuum of Care Reform (Assembly Bill 403)
- Early Childhood Development
- Food Security
- Mental Health Advocacy for Adolescents


## Continuum of Care Reform

While the OCCP's priorities cross many areas, the implementation of Assembly Bill 403, approved by Governor Brown in 2015², continues to be our immediate focus due to the magnitude of restructuring, licensing and training requirements of resource families. Over the past year, the OCCP put structures in place to ensure alignment and coordination, such as increased communication, increased transparency, and increased connectivity with the state for compliance with rules and regulations and timelines.


The OCCP organized two subcommittees and one ad hoc committee (see diagram). These subcommittees report to the OCCP regularly to obtain critical feedback.

## Successes in this past year include:

- Group homes are beginning to transition to short-term residential therapeutic programs (STRTPs) and obtain provisional licenses. Initial concern that some group homes would close given new requirements has been alleviated.
- The Social Services Agency (SSA) has a closer working relationship with foster family agencies, relying on them to train and certify community members as resource families. This relationship allows SSA to focus on training and certifying kin care to become resource families. Improved referral processes have been established.
- OCCP partners have begun to explore a secured facility for commercially sexually exploited children and youth with substance use disorders and other high needs to ensure they are safe and able to obtain needed treatment.


## Remaining challenges include:

- Meeting the needs of Orange County's high needs youth including: obtaining wraparound services for high needs youth placed with resource families to ensure needs are being met, and youth can remain in home; and finding families that can take emergency placements, sibling sets and children with enhanced behavioral and medical needs.
- The magnitude of changes all at once continue to challenge the system. The goal is to ensure Assembly Bill 403 is implemented in a timely fashion while meeting the needs of our most fragile and marginalized children.


## Advocacy

OCCP has begun to track county and state legislation that impacts children and families. In the future, the OCCP may recommend and collectively take action on these legislative opportunities.

## OVERLAYING DATA

The metrics of well-being that indicate success or challenges in communities across the county are interconnected and cannot be separated in the experience of children and families. Since none of the conditions measured in this report occur in isolation, each year the Conditions of Children report examines the intersection of related indicators by overlaying data to see if there are correlations (or lack thereof) to be explored.

This year, the Conditions of Children report examines the intersection of three measures: emergency department (ED) visits among teens because of self-harm; student self-reported chronic sadness; and school connectedness. This set of measures was, in part, selected in response to the increasing rate of suicide among Orange County youth. On average, over the past 10 years, 12.8 Orange County teens committed suicide each year. The annual 10-year average number of suicides among teen males is 9.5 suicide deaths and among females, 3.3 suicide deaths (10-19 year olds).

## 900 ED VISITS

EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT VISITS FOR SELF-HARM BY OC TEENS EACH YEAR ON AVERAGE BETWEEN 2014 AND 2016


2014


2015

There is an existing, yet complicated relationship between suicide and self-harm. Many who engage in self-harm do not have the intention to self-kill and many who die by suicide have no history of self-harming behavior. However, research connecting self-harm injuries to suicide and suicide attempts identifies self-harm as an important risk factor for suicide and a reason to examine self-harm among youth. Over the past decade in Orange County, teens aged ten to 19 years have experienced an approximate increase of over $25 \%$ in the number and rate of Emergency Department visits for self-harm injuries. Between

2014 and 2016 in Orange County, the sizable majority of teen ED visits for self-harm were by females, $74 \%$ ( $n=1,991$ ), compared to males at $26 \%(n=705)$. Mostly females experienced the notable rise in the number of ED visits, the steepest increase from 439 in 2010 to 694 in 2014, while males' number of ED visits were between 212 and 237 for those same years. While the actual number of children directly impacted by self-harming behavior and/or suicide may be small, the impact on that child, their family, their

## 19 SUICIDES <br> IN 2016

OC TEEN SUICIDES INCREASED FROM 7 IN 2007 TO 19 IN 2016

## §iioiioioi

## 

schools, and their community is large.
This exploration in overlaying data demonstrates where the impact may be greatest and identifies other potentially influential factors at play. It may raise further questions and fall short of conclusive findings, but it can be used to highlight areas for further investigation. By working to understand this complex story, Orange County can begin to identify and further support strategies to minimize the overall impact on children and families.

## TEEN SELF-HARM, CHRONIC SADNESS, AND SCHOOL CONNECTEDNESS

Both chronic sadness and hopelessness can be risk factors for self-harm. Additionally, within the last 10 years, low school connectedness has been identified as a risk factor for self-harm.

Mapping ED visits for self-harm along with chronic sadness/hopelessness and school connectedness begins to show the role that mental health and a student's environment - including both school and home - has in their decision-making to self-harm and/or commit suicide.

## 25\%

OF STUDENTS FEEL CHRONICALLY SAD OR HOPELESS


## 45\%

OF STUDENTS DO NOT HAVE A HIGH LEVEL OF SCHOOL CONNECTEDNESS

Consistent with the literature, the maps on the following pages show regions within Orange County where there is alignment between higher frequency of ED visits for self-harm among teens and high chronic sadness and low school connectedness, including certain areas of Westminster, Anaheim, and Lake Forest. In contrast, higher school connectedness and low chronic sadness appears to be associated with low self-harm ED visits, as seen in parts of Irvine, for example. Low chronic sadness was associated with low self-harm ED visits in regions of Newport Beach and north Lake Forest.

Areas of interest emerge that reveal exceptions to these linkages. For example, parts of Rancho Santa Margarita show high levels of school connectedness and low chronic sadness, yet have high numbers of self-harm ED visits among teens. Regions of the city of Orange have low school connectedness and high chronic sadness, yet low number of self-harm ED visits among teens. Parts of Garden Grove and Brea have reports of high chronic sadness yet low ED visits. A deeper dive into these areas of interest suggests other factors that may influence these outcomes (see next page).

## Indicator Definitions

Self-Harm ED Visits: Injuries from self-cutting, self-poisoning le.g., overdosing on opioid or other medications), as well as other less common mechanisms

Chronic Sadness/Hopelessness: Being so sad or hopeless every day for two weeks or more that they stop doing some usual activities in the previous year

School Connectedness: Being treated fairly, feeling close to people, feeling happy, feeling a part of, and feeling safe at school

[^0]Teen Self-Harm and School Connectedness

(1)

| ALISO ViEJO | (15) LAPALMA |
| :---: | :---: |
| ANAT EIM | (18) LADERA RANCH |
| Bre | 17 Laguna beach |
| bue va park | (18) LAGUNA HILLS |
| costa mesa | (19) LAGUNA Niguel |
| COTO de caza | (ai) LAGUNA WOODS |
| CYPress | (1) LAKE FOREST |
| dana point | (2) LAS FLORES |
| fountain valley | (33) LOS ALAMITOS |
| Fullerton | (a4) MIDWAY CITY |
| garden grove | ${ }^{\text {e. M M }}$ MSION VIEJO |
| HUNTINGTON BEACH | ${ }^{\text {e6 }}$ NEWPORT BEACH |
| IRVINE | (27) NORTH TUSTIN |
| LA HABRA | e8 ORANGE |

ALISO VIEJO
(2) ANAH EIM
(1)

5
(2)
(9) FOUNTAIN VALLEY
(10) Fullerton
(11) GARDEN GROVE
(1) HUNTINGTON BEACH
(13) IRVINE
(14) LA HABRA
© ORANGE
(9) PLACENTIA
(30) RANCHO SANTA marearita
(31) ROSSMOOR

32 SAN CLEMENTE
(33) SAN JUAN CAPISTRANO
34) SANTA ANA

35 SEAL BEACH
36 StANTON
37 tustin
(38) VILLA PARK

39 WESTMINSTER
(40) Yorba LINDA

## Other Influencing Factors

Recognizing that the relationship among the three selected indicators is complicated, it is important to acknowledge that other indicators or conditions influence how children live, play and go to school. The table presents a subset of the report's indicators that are potential risk factors for self-harm. A review of these additional factors may help to uncover reasons for why the experiences of children differ across Orange County when it comes to teen self-harm, chronic sadness/hopelessness, and low school connectedness. Readers are encouraged to look at these additional indicators and the extent to which a comparison of the overlay map aligns or does not align with the mapping of these additional indicators.

Teen Self-Harm and Chronic Sadness/Hopelessness


Conditions of Children's Report Indicator
Behavioral Health - Mental Health (p. 32)

Behavioral Health - Substance Use (p. 32)

Access to Healthcare (p. 12)
Poverty (p. 36)

Other Influencing Factors
Self-harm is commonly associated with certain mental disorders, such as borderline personality disorder, depression, anxiety disorders, post-traumatic stress disorder and eating disorders.

People who harm themselves often do so while under the influence of alcohol or recreational drugs.
reational

Influences prevention, early diagnosis, and treatment of health problems.
Influences academic achievement, abuse and neglect, behavioral, social-emotional problems, and physical health problems.
Kindergarten Readiness (p. 48)
Indicator of both a child's family and community supports and environment.
Substantiated Child Abuse (p. 62)
Emotional neglect and abuse are significant predictors for self-harm.

## ORANGE COUNTY SNAPSHOT

## Population

- Over 3.2 million people are living in Orange County'
- Median age is $37.7^{2}$
- Population increase continues to be driven by natural increase*


## NUMBER OF BIRTHS IN ORANGE COUNTY

## 人े 둔 $00000000000000000000138121^{4}$

POPULATION INCREASE DUE TO NET MIGRATION VS NATURAL INCREASE ${ }^{5}$


DEMOGRAPHICS ${ }^{6}$


## Safe Homes and Communities

CHILDREN IN SINGLE PARENT HOUSEHOLDS ${ }^{10}$


YOUTH AGES 16-24 YEARS OLD WHO ARE NEITHER WORKING NOR IN SCHOOL"

\% CHILDREN IN ORANGE COUNTY
合 0000000000000000000000000001 25.5\% $\stackrel{\sim}{\sim} 000000000000000009000122.7 \%^{7}$

GRADE K-12 STUDENT POPULATION BY RACE/ETHNIC GROUP8

45.7\% OF CHILDREN AGES 5 AND OLDER SPEAK A LANGUAGE OTHER THAN ENGLISH AT HOME ${ }^{9}$


## Good Health

LAST VISIT TO THE DENTIST WAS 6 MONTHS AGO OR LESS AMONG 3-11 YEAR OLDS ${ }^{12}$


HEALTH STATUS OF 0 TO 17 YEAR OLDS IS EXCELLENT OR VERY GOOD ${ }^{13}$

## Economic Well-Being

- $16.9 \%$ of children are living in poverty $(120,188)^{16}$
- A minimum wage earner must work 184 hours/week to afford a two-bedroom apartment ${ }^{\text {15 }}$


## UNEMPLOYMENT



MEDIAN MARKET RENT ${ }^{18}$


HOURLY WAGE ${ }^{19}$
\$36.08


Needed hourly wage to afford 2-bedroom fair market rent

HOUSEHOLDS WHO COULD AFFORD A MEDIAN PRICED HOME IN 2018 hourly average renter wage


FOOD INSECURITY IN $2016^{17}$


MEDIAN HOME PRICE AND MEDIAN AVERAGE RENTAL RATE ${ }^{20}$


HOUSEHOLD IS WORSE NOW FINANCIALLY THAN IN THE LAST 12 MONTHS ${ }^{22}$


Is Worse
minimum income needed TO PURCHASE A MEDIAN-PRICED HOME ${ }^{23}$
\$167,670


MEDIAN HOUSEHOLD INCOME ADJUSTED FOR INFLATION ${ }^{24}$


2007
2016

## Educational Achievement

CHILDREN ARE READ TO DAILY (O TO 5 YEARS OLD) ${ }^{26}$


2017/18 STUDENT ENROLLMENT ${ }^{25}$


## Access to Technology



[^1]
# G00D HEALTH INDICATORS 

ACCESS TO HEALTH CARE
PERCENT OF UNINSURED CHILDREN

| $10.9 \%$ | $2.5 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2008 | 2016 |

## EARLY PRENATAL CARE

PERCENT OF WOMEN WHO RECEIVED EARLY PRENATAL CARE IN THE FIRST TRIMESTER EXCLUDING SELF-PAY DELIVERIES

## ( <br> 88.1 ${ }^{1 /}$ <br> 2007 <br> 87.6 <br> 2016

PRETERM BIRTHS

PERCENT OF PRETERM BIRTHS
( $\begin{array}{ll}9.8 \% & \begin{array}{l}8.0 \% \\ 2007\end{array} \\ 2016\end{array}$

## TEEN BIRTHS

BIRTH RATE PER 1,000 FEMALES
15 TO 19 YEARS OF AGE

$$
\text { (1) } \begin{array}{ll}
29.6 & 10.9 \\
2007 & 2016
\end{array}
$$

## OBESITY

PERCENT OF $5^{\text {TH }}$ GRADE
STUDENTS WITH HEALTH RISK
DUE TO BODY COMPOSITION

18.3\%
18.0\%

2013/14 2016/17

## PHYSICAL FITNESS AND NUTRITION

PERCENT OF $5^{\text {TH }}$ GRADE
STUDENTS WITH HEALTH RISK
DUE TO AEROBIC CAPACITY


## BEHAVIORAL HEALTH

HOSPITALIZATION RATE FOR
SERIOUS MENTAL ILLNESS AND
SUBSTANCE ABUSE


## IMMUNIZATIONS

PERCENT OF INFANTS WITH
LOW BIRTH WEIGHT
PERCENT OF CHILDREN ADEQUATELY IMMUNIZED BY KINDERGARTEN

UPWARD TREND IMPROVEMENT

- DOWNWARD TREND DOWNWARD TR
IMPROVEMENT

UPWARD TREND NEEDS IMPROVEMENT
(1) DOWNWARD TREND


# ACCESS IMPROVES FOR ALL RACIAL AND ETHNIC GROUPS. 

## DESCRIPTION OF INDICATOR

This indicator reports the number and percentage of children under 18 years old who are uninsured; the number and percentage who do not have a usual source of care; and those who experienced delayed care or did not receive medical care or prescription medications.

## Why is this important?

Improving health care access for all children helps to improve prevention, early diagnosis and treatment of health problems. Children with health insurance are more likely to get timely prescription medications and medical or mental health care when needed; are more likely to get preventive care lincluding immunizations, dental care and vision screenings); and, overall, have better health outcomes.

## Findings

- In 2016, 2.5\% of children were uninsured, representing a drop in uninsured rates by $77.1 \%$ since 2008 (from 10.9\%).
- Orange County went from having a higher rate of uninsured children in 2008 (10.9\%) than California ( $10.0 \%$ ) and the United States (9.3\%), to having a lower rate than both California (2.9\%) and the United States (4.5\%) in 2016.
- More Hispanic children continue to have higher uninsured rates than other racial/ethnic groups, with $3.2 \%$ of Hispanic children uninsured in 2016, compared with Asian children ( $2.2 \%$ ), White children ( $1.9 \%$ ), and Other races ( $1.8 \%$ ). However, this gap is shrinking.
- Uninsured percentages of very young children ( $0-5$ years old) have dropped by $78.7 \%$, from $8.9 \%$ in 2009 to $1.9 \%$ in 2016. Similarly, rates of uninsured $6-17$ year olds have dropped by nearly three-quarters, from $11.2 \%$ in 2009 to $2.9 \%$ in 2016 .
- In addition, the California Health Interview Survey (pooled estimate for 2012 through 2016) reveals:
- An estimated $10.5 \%$ of Orange County children annually did not have a usual source of care to go to when they were sick or needed health advice
- Approximately $3.2 \%$ of Orange County children experienced a delay or lack of medical care, and $3.6 \%$ experienced a delay or lack of needed prescription medications.
- Most children who had access to a usual source of care went to a doctor's office ( $69.3 \%$ ), while $19.0 \%$ usually went to a clinic or community hospital. The proportion of children who had no usual source of care or who regularly visited an Emergency Department, urgent care center or other location for well care was approximately $10 \%$.

Percent of Children Uninsured, by Race/Ethnicity
2010 to 2016

| 2010 | 2012 | 2014 | 2016 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2011 | 2013 | 2015 |  |



Source: ACS (1 YR estimates, 2010-2016)
Other includes: Black/African American, AIAN, 2+ races, and Other races

Percent of Children Under 18 Years Old Who Were Uninsured

Orange County, California and United States, 2008 to 2016
Orange County California United States


Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Tables S2701 (2009-2016 data) and B27001 (2008 data)

By Age Group, 2009 to 2016


Source: American Community Survey (2009-2016)

Percent of Children Under 18 Years Old Who Were Uninsured, by Community of Residence, 5 Year Average, 2016


# EARLY 

EARLY PRENATAL CARE REMAINS STABLE; DISPARITIES BETWEEN ETHNICITIES AND RACES PERSIST.

## DESCRIPTION OF INDICATOR <br> This indicator tracks the number and percent of infants born to women whose prenatal care began during the first trimester (the first three months) of pregnancy.

## Why is this important?

Getting regular prenatal care as soon as a woman knows she is pregnant improves the potential for a healthy pregnancy resulting in a full-term baby. Ideally, this care should begin with a preconception care visit to a health care provider. Prenatal care provides screening and management of a woman's risk factors and health conditions to reduce pregnancy complications, as well as education and counseling on healthy behaviors during and after pregnancy. ${ }^{1}$ While the value of initiating prenatal care during early pregnancy is not disputed, evidence equating late presentation to prenatal care with adverse pregnancy outcomes is limited. Additionally, certain genetic, behavioral, social, environmental, and other factors can also adversely affect the ability to have a healthy, full-term baby. Still, late presentation to prenatal care has been associated with risk of maternal death in all women (especially in minorities), increased rates of preterm delivery, low birth weight, and congenital malformations. ${ }^{2}$

## Findings

- Orange County's 2016 rate of women receiving early prenatal care was $84.4 \%$ - greater than the United States (77.1\%). ${ }^{3}$
- In Orange County, the percent of women receiving early prenatal care decreased 4.1\% since 2007, dropping from $88.0 \%$ in 2007 to $84.4 \%$ in 2016.4 However, this decrease is correlated with an increase in self-pay deliveries that began in $2014 .{ }^{5}$
- Self-pay deliveries are those paid through cash payment rather than health insurance and are often associated with foreign visitors that travel to the U.S. to give birth. These women generally arrive in the U.S. late in their pregnancy and leave shortly after giving birth; therefore, these births typically have no recorded prenatal care. In 2016, there were 3,602 self-pay deliveries in Orange County, an increase from 859 in 2007. Nearly 85\% of self-pay deliveries in 2016 were among Asian women.
- When self-pay deliveries are excluded, the percent of women who received early prenatal care in Orange County in 2016 is $87.6 \%$. While this still results in a lower rate than 2007 ( $88.1 \%$ ), it reflects a more stable pattern.
- With self-pay deliveries excluded, 91.5\% of White women received early prenatal care followed by Asian (89.5\%), Hispanic ( $84.8 \%$ ) and Black ( $80.4 \%$ ) women. The most significant decreases in early prenatal rates are among women of "other" races (9.4\%) and Black women (5.5\%) since 2007.

[^2]Percent of Women who Received Early Prenatal Care in the First Trimester,
Orange County and California, 2007 to 2016
Orange County

- Orange County, Excluding Self-Pay

California

Note: California implemented a change in methodology for the collection of prenatal care information beginning in 2007, which likely resulted in reduced reports of early prenatal care after 2006.
California Source: California Department of Health, Vital Statistics Query System.
California data not available for 2016.
Orange County Source: Orange County Health Care Agency, Family Health Division


Percentage of Women who Received Early Prenatal Care in the First Trimester, Excluding Self-Pay Deliveries, by Race/Ethnicity, 2007 to 2016

- White
Other*
Hispanic
- Asian
- Black


50
*Other includes Pacific Islander, Multiracial, Other and Unknown.
Note: If comparing to state and national data, beginning in 2006, individuals whose race/
ethnicity is not stated or is unknown have been grouped with Non-Hispanic Whites for CA
and USA statistics. As a result, Hispanic rates are potentially underestimated.
Source: Orange County Health Care Agency, Family Health Division


Percent of Women who Received Early Prenatal Care, Excluding Self-Pay Deliveries in Orange County, by City of Residence, 2016

| 1 | ALISO VIEJO 92.4\% | (19) | LA PALMA 86.4\% | (7) | RANCHO SANTA MARGARITA 95.6\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (2) | ANAHEIM | (18) | LADERA RANCH |  |  |
|  | 84.3\% |  | 94.8\% | (31) | ROSSMOOR |
| (3) | BRE | $(17$ | LAGUNA BEACH |  |  |
|  | 90.3\% |  | 92.6\% | 31 | LEMENTE |
| (4) | BUENA PARK | (18) | LAGUNA HILLS |  |  |
|  | 85.7\% |  | 90.0\% | (32) | SAN JUAN |
| 5 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { COSTA MESA } \\ & 90.6 \% \end{aligned}$ | (19) | LAGUNA NIGUEL 89.2\% |  | CAPISTRANO 85.1\% |
| ( 5 | COTO DE CAZA $92.5 \%$ | (10) | LAGUNA WOODS* 66.7\% | (33) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SANTA ANA } \\ & 84.9 \% \end{aligned}$ |
| 7 | CYPRESS 88.0\% | (1) | LAKE FOREST 89.8\% | (34) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SEAL BEACH } \\ & 92.1 \% \end{aligned}$ |
| 8 | DANA POINT | (2) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LAS FLORES } \\ & \text { N/A } \end{aligned}$ | $(35)$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { STANTON } \\ & 85.5 \% \end{aligned}$ |
| (3) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { FOUNTAIN VALLEY } \\ & 85.5 \% \end{aligned}$ | (3) | LOS ALAMITOS 88.5\% | 13 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TUSTIN } \\ & 87.5 \% \end{aligned}$ |
| (1) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { FULLERTON } \\ & 86.7 \% \end{aligned}$ | (24) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { MIDWAY CITY } \\ & 77.5 \% \end{aligned}$ | (37) | VILLA PARK 85.7\% |
| (1) | GARDEN GROVE 82.8\% | (3) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { MISSION VIEJO } \\ & 91.3 \% \end{aligned}$ | (38) | WESTMINSTER 82.6\% |
| (1) | HUNTINGTON BEACH | (3) | NEWPORT BEACH $94.0 \%$ | (38) | YORBA LINDA <br> 91.4\% |
|  | 90.1\% | (9) | ORANGE |  | ANGE COUNTY: |
| (13) | IRVINE |  | 88.2\% |  | 4\% |
|  | 91.8\% | (18) | PLACENTIA |  | LIFORNIA |
| (14) | LA HABRA 87.9\% |  | 89.1\% |  |  |



Note: N/A is no data available. *Laguna Woods rate is based on fewer than five births. Rates based on less than five events are unstable and should be interpreted with caution.
Source: Orange County Health Care Agency, Family Health Division

# INFANT MORTALITY RATES REACH THEIR LOWEST IN 12 YEARS. 

## DESCRIPTION OF INDICATOR

The infant mortality indicator refers to deaths of infants under one year of age. The number and rate of infant mortality is calculated per 1,000 live births per year.

Why is this important?
The infant mortality rate is a widely-used indicator of societal health because it is associated with maternal health, quality of and access to medical care, socioeconomic conditions and public health practices. Improvements in the infant mortality rate may reflect progress in medical technology, hygiene and sanitation systems, economic well-being and the availability and use of both preventive and clinical health services. ${ }^{1}$ Despite the overall declines in infant mortality since 2002, there remain significant disparities in the rates among Hispanics in Orange County, which remain higher than the overall county rate. In the past, these disparities had been only partially explained by factors such as adequacy and quality of prenatal care.

Findings

- In 2016, there were 104 infant deaths in Orange County.
- The infant mortality rate was 1.5 deaths per 1,000 births in 2016, a 64.3\% decrease since 2007. This is lower than California's rate of $4.2^{2}$ and the United States' rate of 5.9.3
- Leading causes of infant mortality were congenital anomalies (birth defects) (33.7\%), maternal causes ${ }^{4}$ ( $25.6 \%$ ), other conditions of the perinatal period ( $18.7 \%$ ), all other causes ( $9.4 \%$ ), and short gestation/low birth weight (9.3\%).
- In 2016, disparities among races and ethnicities narrowed. Infant mortality rates (per 1,000 live births) were highest among Hispanic infants (2.2), followed by White (1.6) and Asian (1.4) infants. ${ }^{5}$

Rate per 1,000 Live Births Suffering Infant Mortality
Orange County and California, 2007 to 2016

- Orange County
- California

Source: Orange County Health Care Agency

Rate per 1,000 Live Births Suffering Infant Mortality, by Race and Ethnicity 2007 to 2016

- Asian

Note: Rates based on less than five deaths are unstable, and therefore should be interpreted with caution. Black infant mortality rates are not included because the relatively low numbers of Black infant births and deaths in Orange County yield unreliable statistics for annual comparison. Source: Orange County Health Care Agency

Percent of Infant Deaths, by Cause, 2016

- Congenital Anomalies
- Maternal Causes*
- Other Conditions of Perinatal Period
- All Other Causes
- Short Gestation/Low Birth Weight
- Respiratory Distress Syndrome (RDS)
- Accidents and Adverse Effects
- Pneumonia and Influenza


## - Sudden Infant Death

* Maternal Causes includes causes such as hypertension, premature rupture of membranes, malpresentation, placenta previa, alcohol/drug abuse, or other complications of labor and delivery.
Note: There were 104 infant deaths in 2016. Percent of Infant Deaths are rounded
to the nearest whole number, therefore, sum does not equal 100 .
Source: Orange County Health Care Agency, Orange County Coroner Division.




## LOW BIRTH WEIGHT

## LOW BIRTH WEIGHT REMAINS UNCHANGED AT 6.3\% OF ALL BIRTHS.

## DESCRIPTION OF INDICATOR

This indicator reports the total number of low birth weight infants and very low birth weight infants as a proportion of the total number of births. Low birth weight is defined as infants born weighing less than 2,500 grams ( 5 pounds, 8 ounces). Very low birth weight infants are defined as a subset of low birth weight infants born weighing less than 1,500 grams (3 pounds, 5 ounces).

## Why is this important?

Low birth weight infants have an increased risk of experiencing developmental problems and delays. In addition, these infants are at higher risk for serious illness, disability, lifelong health difficulties and are more likely to die before their first birthday. ${ }^{1}$ Amongst very low birthweight infants, the risks are higher and the negative outcomes more severe, especially the risk of death in the first year with a $22 \%$ chance of dying, compared to $1 \%$ for low birth weight infants. ${ }^{2}$ The primary causes of low birth weight are premature birth and fetal growth restriction. Risk factors for low birth weight include smoking3, alcohol/ drug use during pregnancy, multiple births, poor nutrition, maternal age, socioeconomic factors, domestic violence and maternal or fetal infections.

## Findings

- In 2016, there were 38,121 births to residents in Orange County, of which $6.3 \%(2,397)$ were low birth weight infants, a decrease from the high of $6.7 \%$ in 2011 and the same rate since 2012.
- Overall, the Orange County rate is lower than the 2016 rates for California ( $6.8 \%)^{4}$ and the United States (8.2\%). ${ }^{5}$
- Very low birth weight infants comprised 1.0\% (392) of the total births.
- When assessed by race/ethnicity, the percent of low birth weight infants within each group were: Black (11.0\%), Asian (6.8\%) Hispanic (6.4\%), and White (5.3\%) infants.

Percent of Infants with Low Birth Weight
Orange County and California, 2007 to 2016
Orange County

- California

Source: Orange County Health Care Agency, Family Health Division

Percent of Infants with Low Birth
Weight, by Race/Ethnicity
2007 to 2016

- Black
- Asian
- White
- Hispanic

Note: Due to relatively low numbers of Black infants and deaths,
statistics for this group are unreliable.
Source: Orange County Health Care Agency, Family Health Division


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| 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Percent of Infants with Low Birth Weight, by Community of Residence, 2016


## PRETERM BIRTHS

## PRETERM BIRTHS INCREASE FOR SECOND CONSECUTIVE YEAR.

## DESCRIPTION OF INDICATOR

This indicator reports the percentage of total annual births which are preterm. Preterm birth is defined as the delivery of an infant at less than 37 weeks of gestation, the period of time between conception and birth. Late preterm births loccurring between 34 to 36 weeks of gestation), moderate preterm births (occurring between 32 to 33 weeks of gestation), and very preterm births (occurring less than 32 weeks of gestation) are subsets of preterm births. Since 2014, preterm births have been calculated by establishing the gestational age based on the obstetric estimate. For years 2013 and earlier, the gestational age was calculated in the month prenatal care began by recording the date of the last normal menses. This change may lead to a slight discontinuity in prenatal care results between years 2013 and 2014.

Why is this important?
Preterm birth is an important public health issue requiring sustained focus on its causes, consequences, and prevention strategies.' Several factors - economic, personal, medical, and behavioral - may increase the likelihood that a woman has preterm labor and delivers early. ${ }^{2}$ Compared to infants born at term, preterm infants are more likely to suffer lifelong neurologic, cognitive and behavioral problems.3,4 Preterm births and low birth weight are often, but not always, associated. Preterm births cost the U.S. health care system more than $\$ 26$ billion each year. ${ }^{5}$

## Findings

- Preterm births accounted for $8.0 \%$ of the 38,121 births to Orange County residents in 2016. While this is up slightly from 2015 (7.6\%), it is down $18.4 \%$ from 2007 when preterm births were at $9.8 \%$. By comparison, the rate for the United States was higher at 9.8\% (5.8\% decrease since 2007) in 2016.
- Disparities persist with preterm births among Black infants at $12.8 \%$, followed by Hispanic (8.8\%), White (7.9\%), and Asian (7.3\%) infants. The percentages decreased for all races and ethnicities, compared to 2007.
- Out of all preterm births, the percentage of preterm births was lowest among women less than 15 years old ( $0.03 \%$ ) and highest among women 30 to 34 years old ( $32.2 \%$ ).
- Women 40 years and older have the highest percentage of late preterm births (8.9\%) compared to teens under 15 years of age who have no late preterm births (0.0\%).


## Percent of Preterm Births

Orange County, California and United States, 2007 to 2016
United States California Orange County

Note: Percent calculated from number of births with known obstetric estimate gestational age less
than 37 weeks for 2014. Rates prior to 2014 were calculated from last menstrual cycle dates.
Source: County of Orange Health Care Agency; March of Dimes Report Card.

Percent of Preterm Births, by Race/Ethnicity 2007 to 2016

15\%

|  | 10.5 | 10.3 | 10.0 | 9.8 9.8 | 9.8 | 9.6 | 9.6 | 9.6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 10.4 \\ 9.5 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 10.1 \\ 9.4 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9.9 \\ & 9.1 \end{aligned}$ | 9.0 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 9.6 | 8.8 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 8.4 | 8.8 7.8 | 8.3 7.4 | $\begin{aligned} & 8.5 \\ & 7.6 \end{aligned}$ |

0
$\begin{array}{llllllllll}2007 & 2008 & 2009 & 2010 & 2011 & 2012 & 2013 & 2014 & 2015 & 2016\end{array}$

## Percent of Preterm Births, by Mother's Age

Orange County, 2016

Source: Orange County Health Care Agency


Note: Percent calculated from number of births with known obstetric estimate gestational age less
than 37 weeks for 2014. Rates prior to 2014 were calculated from last menstrual cycle dates.
Source: County of Orange Health Care Agency

Percent of Preterm Births, by Community, 2016


# TEEN BIRTHS 

## TEEN BIRTH RATE AMONG HISPANIC TEENS DROPS NEARLY 70\% OVER 10 YEARS.

## DESCRIPTION OF INDICATOR

> This indicator reports the percent of total annual births occurring among females ages 19 years and under and the teen birth rate, which is a calculation of annual teen births per 1,000 females ages 15 to 19 years per year.

## Why is this important?

Giving birth as a teen can have profoundly negative consequences for both the teen parents and the infant. Teen births may also have negative consequences for society. Teen mothers are less likely to complete high school or college. They are more likely to require public assistance and live in poverty than their peers who are not mothers. ${ }^{1}$ Infants born to teen mothers are at greater risk for low birth weight, preterm birth, and death in infancy. These infants have a lower probability of obtaining the emotional and financial resources they need throughout childhood to develop into independent, productive, well-adjusted adults. ${ }^{2}$ For society, teen births in the United States cost taxpayers an estimated $\$ 5.2$ billion in 2013. Estimated taxpayer costs were $\$ 590$ million for California and $\$ 35$ million for Orange County in 2013 (societal costs are estimated to be even higher). Teen birth rates have declined significantly since 1991, representing an estimated annual U.S. taxpayer savings of $\$ 1.8$ billion. ${ }^{3}$

## Findings

- In 2016, 3.2\% (1,220) of total annual births were to teen females ages 19 years and younger, a $54 \%$ decrease from $7.0 \%(3,082)$ in 2007 . Overall, total county births decreased 13.4\% from 44,026 in 2007 to 38,121 births in 2016.
- The teen birth rate in Orange County in 2016 was 10.9 births per 1,000 females ages 15 to 19 , a decrease of $63.2 \%$ from 29.6 births per 1,000 in 2007.
- At 10.9 births per 1,000 teen females, Orange County has a lower teen birth rate than California (15.7) ${ }^{4}$ and the United States (20.3). ${ }^{5}$
- When assessed by race/ethnicity, Hispanic teens had the highest birth rate ( 21.0 per 1,000 teen females), followed by Black (16.3), White (2.9), and Asian (0.9) teens.
- Teen birth rates have declined for all races and ethnicities, with Hispanic teens experiencing the most dramatic drop (66.9\% in 10 years).

Birth Rate per 1,000 Females 15 to 19
Years of Age
Orange County, California and United States, 2007 to 2016

- United States
- California
- Orange County

Note: Rates calculated using data from State of California, Department of Finance
Source Orange County: Orange County Health Care Agency
Source California: State of California, Health Information and Research Section.
Source United States: National vital statistics reports: National Center for Health Statistics

Birth Rate per 1,000 Females 15
to 19 Years of Age, by Race/Ethnicity 2007 to 2016

- Hispanic
- Black
- Non-Hispanic White
- Asian

Source: Orange County Health Care Agency


0


Birth Rate per 1,000 Females 15 to 19 Years of Age,
by Community of Residence, 2012 to 2016, 5 Year Average


# THE PERCENTAGE OF MOTHERS EXCLUSIVELY BREASTFEEDING THREE MONTHS AFTER DELIVERY INCREASED MORE THAN 20\% SINCE 2013/14. 

## DESCRIPTION OF INDICATOR

This indicator reports the prevalence of breastfeeding using two California Department of Public Health data sources. The In-Hospital Newborn Screening Program documents feeding practices at the time of hospital discharge. The Maternal Infant Health Assessment (MIHA) is an annual statewide-representative survey of women with a recent live birth in California. In-Hospital Newborn Screening data are presented as the percent of mothers breastfeeding in the hospital after birth; MIHA data are presented as the percent of mothers who reported breastfeeding at one month after delivery and at three months after delivery.

## Why is this important?

Human milk is the optimal source of nutrition and provides many benefits for healthy infant growth and development. Breast feeding significantly reduces infant risks for infections, asthma or allergies compared to infants who are formula fed, resulting in fewer hospitalizations and trips to the doctor. ${ }^{1}$ Evidence also demonstrates that breastfeeding reduces the risk for cardiovascular disease, asthma and diabetes later in life and can reduce the risk of childhood obesity. ${ }^{2}$ These benefits increase greatly when a mother exclusively feeds for the first six months of life.
Breastfeeding can provide protective health benefits for the mother who breastfeeds frequently enough for sufficient duration. The breastfeeding mother may experience less postpartum bleeding (which conserves iron in the body), less risk for post-menopausal osteoporosis and hip fracture, an earlier return to pre-pregnancy weight, and decreased risks of breast and ovarian cancers.

Breastfeeding also benefits the entire family and community. It improves household food security because families need not use income to buy formula, food and bottles. Health care related expenses decrease because breastfeeding protects the infant and mother.

## Findings

- In 2017, 65.8\% of Orange County women were exclusively breastfeeding at time of hospital discharge, lower than California at $69.8 \%$ of women.
- Exclusive breastfeeding at time of discharge was highest among White women at $82.0 \%$, followed by multiracial ( $76.0 \%$ ), Black ( $65.7 \%$ ), Hispanic ( $62.7 \%$ ), Pacific Islander ( $62.5 \%$ ), and Asian (52.1\%) women.
- In 2015/16, 50.8\% of Orange County women surveyed by MIHA were exclusively breastfeeding one week after delivery, an 0.4\% decrease since 2013/14, and lower than women in California at $58.9 \%$.
- One month after delivery, $41.5 \%$ of Orange County women surveyed by MIHA in 2015/16 were exclusively breastfeeding, an $5.6 \%$ increase since 2013/14, and lower than women in California at $47.8 \%$.
- Three months after delivery, $31.6 \%$ of Orange County women surveyed by MIHA in 2015/16 were exclusively breastfeeding, a $21.1 \%$ increase since 2013/14, and lower than women in California 32.6\%.

Hospital Discharge Breastfeeding Percents in Orange County and California, 2012 to 2017

- Orange County Any Breastfeeding
- California Any Breastfeeding
- California Exclusive Breastfeeding
- Orange County Exclusive Breastfeeding

Source: California Department of Public Health, Center for Family Health, Genetic Disease Screening Program, Newborn Screening Data, 2017. NBS Form Version (D) Revised 12/2008. Maternal, Child, and Adolescent Health Program.

Hospital Discharge Breastfeeding Percents, by Race/Ethnicity, 2017

- Exclusive Breastfeeding
- Any Breastfeeding

Source: California Department of Public Health. Center for Family Health, Genetic Disease Screening Program, Newborn Screening Data, 2017. NBS Form Version (D) Revised 12/2008. Maternal, Child, and Adolescent Health Program.

Breastfeeding Percentages at One Week, One Month, and Three Months After Delivery, 2013/14 to 2015/16

- Any breastfeeding 1 week postpartum
- Any breastfeeding 1 month postpartum
- Any breastfeeding 3 months postpartum
- Exclusive breastfeeding 1 week postpartum
- Exclusive breastfeeding 1 month postpartum
- Exclusive breastfeeding 3 months postpartum

[^3]

25

| 0 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |




0
2013/14
2014/15
2015/16
201220132014

2017

$$
20
$$

教

# IMMUNIZATION FOR KINDERGARTENERS REACHES THE HIGHEST LEVEL IN 10 YEARS. 

## DESCRIPTION OF INDICATOR

This indicator reports the percent of children who received all of the doses of specific vaccines recommended by their 2nd birthday and required at kindergarten entry. Data at the 2 nd birthday are based upon annual retrospective reviews of a sample of randomly selected schools' kindergarten immunization records and therefore represent vaccination trends three years prior.

## Why is this important?

The widespread use of safe, effective childhood vaccinations has been one of the most successful and cost-effective public health interventions in the U.S. and globally. Many serious and once-common childhood infections have been dramatically reduced through routine immunizations. The success of immunization programs depends upon appropriate timing and on a high rate of vaccine acceptance, particularly among parents of young children.

Over the past decade, increasing numbers of children with delayed or refused vaccinations have led to reduced levels of vaccine coverage. Studies have found that children whose parents delay or refuse vaccines are more likely to be White and reside in well-educated, higher income areas. ${ }^{1}$ On the population level, success depends on a community achieving a threshold level of immunity, and many communities are below the protective level needed to prevent the spread of disease. ${ }^{2}$

## Findings

- In 2017, 77.9\% of Orange County children entering kindergarten had been adequately immunized ( $4: 3: 1$ schedule) at their $2 n d$ birthday, lower than the high of $78.9 \%$ in $2014 .{ }^{3}$
- In 2017, 95.7\% of Orange County kindergartners had up-to-date immunizations, a $7.9 \%$ increase from the 10 -year low at $88.7 \%$ in 2013 , and
exceeding the high of $95.5 \%$ in 2016. Children attending private schools in Orange County tend to have lower levels of up-to-date immunizations compared to public schools at kindergarten entry (93.0\% vs. 96.2\%).
- These percents and trends are similar to those among kindergartners throughout California, who were immunized at a rate of $95.1 \% .^{4}$
- One school district, comprised of Laguna Beach Unified public schools and private schools in the area, had $88.5 \%$ or fewer of kindergartners with up-to-date immunization levels. However, seven school district regions remain below the recommended immunization rate of $95 \%$. This correlates with higher percentages of permanent medical exemptions and conditional enrollments. ${ }^{5}$

[^4]
## GOOD HEALTH

Percent of Adequately Immunized Children Enrolling in School Between 2008 and 2017 in Orange County and California

- Up-To-Date at Kindergarten Entry, California
- Up-To-Date at Kindergarten Entry, Orange County
- Up-To-Date at 2nd Birthday, Orange County

| 100\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 95.7 \\ 95.1 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $91.7 \bigcirc 91.1$ | 90.7 | 91.0 | 90.3 | 90.2 | 90.4 | 92.9 |  |  |
|  | 90.0 89.6 | 89.0 | 89.5 | 89.3 | 88.7 | 90.0 | 92.5 |  |  |
| 75 | $81.1 \times$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 77.9 |
|  | 76.6 | 74.8 | 78.1 | 75.7 | 73.6 |  | 75.5 | 78.5 |  |

50

Note: 2006 to 2010 Orange County data includes other Southern California
counties (Imperial, Orange, Riverside, San Bernardino, and San Diego). 2011-2014
data include a small, random sample of schools for Orange County only.
Sources: Orange County Health Care Agency. Kindergarten Assessment Results,
California Department of Health Services, Immunization Branch. Kindergarten
Retrospective Survey Results California Department of Health Services,
Immunization Branch; County of Orange, Health Care Agency


0

| 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Immunization Coverage Among Kindergarten Students at Two Years of Age, by Immunization, Kindergarten Retrospective Survey, 2013 to 2017

| Year | Number | DTaP (4+) | Polio (3+) | MMR ( $1+$ ) | Hepatitis B (3+) | Varicella (1+) | 4:3:1 | 4:3:1-3 | 4:3:1-3:1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2013 | 1,966 | 78.6\% | 88.3\% | 87.6\% | 87.8\% | 86.5\% | 73.6\% | 70.9\% | 68.9\% |
| 2014 | 1,800 | 82.7\% | 92.1\% | 90.9\% | 90.8\% | 90.2\% | 78.9\% | 77.1\% | 75.3\% |
| 2015 | 1,634 | 79.7\% | 90.2\% | 89.7\% | 87.0\% | 88.1\% | 75.5\% | 72.2\% | 70.2\% |
| 2016 | 1,995 | 83.0\% | 93.5\% | 92.1\% | 90.0\% | 91.1\% | 78.5\% | 75.5\% | 73.4\% |
| 2017 | 2,660 | 81.5\% | 91.8\% | 92.0\% | 90.1\% | 89.9\% | 77.9\% | 75.5\% | 73.4\% |

Source: Orange County Health Care Agency

Up-to-Date Immunizations at Kindergarten Enrollment,
Private and Public Schools within Each School District, 2017

| 1 | ANAHEIM CITY $98.2 \%$ | (10) | HUNTINGTON BEACH CITY |  | SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED 93.6\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (2) | BREA-OLINDA |  | ELEMENTARY |  |  |
|  | UNIFIED 98.0\% | (11) | IRVINE UNIFIED | (2) | SANTA ANA UNIFIED |
| 3 | BUENA PARK |  | 94.9\% |  | 97.1\% |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ELEMENTARY } \\ & 98.4 \% \end{aligned}$ | (12) | LA HABRA CITY ELEMENTARY |  | SAVANNA <br> ELEMENTARY |
| (4) | CAPISTRANO |  | 97.9\% |  | 91.5\% |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { UNIFIED } \\ & 90.5 \% \end{aligned}$ | (13) | LAGUNA BEACH UNIFIED |  | TUSTIN UNIFIED 96.3\% |
| 5 | CENTRALIA |  | 88.5\% | (24) | WESTMNSTER |
|  | ELEMENTARY 97.4\% | (14) | LOS ALAMITOS UNIFIED 98.5\% |  | ELEMENTARY 97.1\% |
| (6) | CYPRESS <br> ELEMENTARY <br> 97.8\% | (15) | MAGNOLIA ELEMENTARY |  | RANGE COUNTY: $95.7 \%$ |
| 7 | FOUNTAIN VALLEY |  | 99.0\% |  | CALIFORNIA: |
|  | ELEMENTARY 96.1\% | (1) | NEWPORT-MESA UNIFIED 94.0\% |  |  |
| (8) | FULLERTON ELEMENTARY 96.8\% | (17) | 94.0\% <br> OCEAN VIEW <br> 96.0\% |  |  |
| (3) | garden grove UNIFIED | (18) | ORANGE UNIFIED 95.1\% |  |  |
|  | 98.2\% | (19) | PLACENTIAYORBA LINDA UNIFIED 96.6\% |  |  |

[^5]
## RISK OF OBESITY REMAINS STEADY AT 18\% OF 5TH GRADERS OVER THE LAST FOUR YEARS.

DESCRIPTION OF INDICATOR


#### Abstract

This indicator reports data from the California Physical Fitness Test on the percent of 5th grade students who are classified as having health risk due to their body composition. Details about this indicator are provided in the box below.


## Why is this important?

Excess weight acquired during childhood and adolescence may persist into adulthood and increase the risk for chronic diseases, such as sleep apnea, diabetes, cardiovascular disease and hypertension. Obese adolescents have a $70 \%$ chance of becoming obese adults. ${ }^{1}$ Excess weight can be prevented and treated through proper nutrition and physical activity (reported on page 30-31 of this report), especially during the critical periods of infancy, two to four years of age, and adolescence.

## Findings

- During the $2016 / 17$ school year, $18.0 \%(6,600)$ of Orange County 5th graders tested were classified as obese. This rate has remained steady since 2013/14 at approximately $18 \%$ and is lower than California at approximately $21.5 \%$ of 5 th graders.
- Among race and ethnic groups, Pacific Islander (36.2\%) and American Indian (28.2\%) 5th graders had the highest percentages of students classified at health risk due to their body composition, followed by Hispanic (26.8\%), Black (17.3\%), Filipino (13.3\%), Asian (9.7\%), White (8.5\%), and Multiracial (7.3\%) 5th graders. ${ }^{2}$
- As of 2013/14, "at health risk due to body composition" is equivalent to or greater than the 95th percentile of BMI, which is considered obese.

California Physical Fitness Test uses the Cooper Institute's FITNESSGRAM approach, which classifies 5th grade students at "Health Risk" due to body composition when they had a body fat percentage or a body mass index (BMI) that could result in health issues. "Health Risk" classifications for body composition are defined using criterion-referenced, age-specific standards. The definitions of FITNESSGRAM categories were recently modified to more closely approximate widely accepted CDC-defined BMI weight classification schemes and improve classification agreement between body fat and BMI based approaches. Because of these adjustments, California Physical Fitness Test data collected prior to the 2013/14 school year are not comparable to those collected under the current standards.

## GOOD HEALTH

Percent of 5th Grade Students
who Are Obese, by Race/Ethnicity
2013/14 to 2016/17

| Pacific Islander | Filipino |
| :--- | :--- |
| Hispanic | Whiti Race |
| Black | Asian |
| American Indian |  |
| - California |  |
| Orange County |  |

Source: California Department of Education, DataQuest, 2018.
Notes: Black, Filipino, American Indian, and Pacific Islander 5th grade student enrollment is less than $2 \%$ of all 5 th grade student enrollment. Percent at risk for these groups may be unstable and should be interpreted with caution.

50\%


0
2015/16
2016/17

## Nearly one in five 5th grade students are obese.

Percent of 5th Grade Students who are Obese,
by School District, 2016/17

| (1) | ANAHEIM ELEMENTARY 28.8 | (1) | huntington BEACH CITY ELEMENTARY |  | SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED DISTRICT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| [ | brea-olinda |  | DISTRICT |  | 4.8 |
|  | UNIFIED <br> 15.1 | (11) | IRVINE UNIFIED |  | SANTA ANA UNIFIED DISTRICT |
| 3 | buena park |  | 7.7 |  | 30.6 |
|  | ELEMENTARY 29.7 | (1) | LA HABRA CITY ELEMENTARY | 다) | SAVANNA ELEMENTARY |
| 4 | CAPISTRA |  | 26.9 |  | DISTRICT |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { UNIFIED } \\ & 9.4 \end{aligned}$ |  | LAGUNA BEACH UNIFIED |  | TUSTIN UNIFIED |
| (3) | Centralia |  | 4.0 |  | 17.9 |
|  | ELEMENTARY $3.7$ | (14) | LOS ALAMItos UNIFIED | (24) | WESTMINSTER <br> 21.8 |
| © | CYPRESS |  | 6.4 |  |  |
|  | ELEMENTARY | (1) | MAGNOLIA ELEMENTARY |  | ORANGE COUNTY: 18.0\% |
| 4 |  |  | 23.3 |  | CALIFORNIA: |
|  | ELEMENTARY <br> 10.0 | (1) | NEWPORT-MESA UNIFIED |  | 21.5\% |
| 8 | FULLERTON |  | 15.1 |  |  |
|  | ELEMENTARY 17.0 | (1) | OCEAN VIEW <br> 14.1 |  |  |
| (3) | garden grove | (18) | orange unified |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | (1) | PLACENTIAYORBA LINDA UNIFIED DISTRICT 14.6 |  |  |



# PHYSICAL FITNESS OF 5TH GRADERS DROPS SLIGHTLY SINCE 2015/16. 

## DESCRIPTION OF INDICATOR

To assess physical fitness, this indicator reports data from the California Physical Fitness Test on the percent of 5th grade students who are classified as having health risk due to their aerobic capacity.
For nutrition, this indicator reports the proportion of youth (ages two to 17) who ate fast food one or more times in the past week and ate less than two fruit servings in the past day.

## Why is this important?

Both physical fitness and nutrition are essential to achieving and keeping a healthy weight. ${ }^{1}$ The habitual intake of too many calories, including from the consumption of sugary beverages, without enough physical fitness, can result in obesity. Those who eat a nutritious diet rich in fruits and vegetables and/or incorporate aerobic physical activity and cardio-respiratory fitness into a daily routine are less likely to develop many types of disease, including heart disease, high blood pressure, Type 2 diabetes, and oral disease. ${ }^{2.3}$ Additionally, these behaviors, when developed at a younger age, are associated with similar behaviors in adulthood. ${ }^{4}$

## Findings

- During the $2016 / 17$ school year, $6.2 \%(2,273)$ of 5th graders tested were classified "at health risk due to aerobic capacity," up $6.9 \%$ since

2013/2014 (5.8\% or 2,113), but slightly lower than California at $6.7 \%$ of 5 th graders.

- The percentage of 5 th graders at health risk due to aerobic capacity was highest among Pacific Islander 5th graders (16.9\%), followed by Hispanic (9.5\%), American Indian (8.7\%), Black (8.1\%), Filipino (5.9\%), White (3.0\%), Asian (2.9\%), and Multiracial (2.0\%) 5th graders. ${ }^{5}$
- According to the 2015/16 California Health Interview Survey:
- 22.6\% of children (2 to 17 years old) reported drinking one or more glasses of soda during the previous day, a decrease of $33.9 \%$ from $34.2 \%$ in 2013.
- $24.8 \%$ of children (2 to 17 years old) reported eating five or more servings of fruits and vegetables daily, an increase of $25.3 \%$ from 19.8\% in 2011.

Note: California Physical Fitness Test uses the Cooper Institute's FITNESSGRAM approach to classify 5th graders aerobic capacity at health risk when their V02max, a measure of maximum oxygen consumption, fell within certain limits after participation in structured aerobic exercises, such as the Progressive Aerobic Cardiovascular Endurance Run (PACER), one-mile run, or walk test, which deemed them at likely risk for future health problems. The definition of aerobic capacity categories was recently modified to improve classification agreement between the PACER and one-mile run approaches. Because of these adjustments, California Physical Fitness Test data collected prior to the 2013/14 school year are not comparable to those collected under the current standards.

Percent of 5th Grade Students Classified at Health Risk Due to Aerobic Capacity, by Race/Ethnicity in Orange County 2013/14 to 2016/17

- Hispanic
- Pacific Islander
- American Indian
- Black
-     - California
- Orange County

Source: California Department of Education, DataQuest, 2018
Note: Black, Filipino, American Indian, and Pacific Islander 5th grade student enrollment is less than $2 \%$ of all 5 th grade student enrollment. Percent at risk for these groups may be unstable and should be interpreted with caution.

20\%


Percent of Children Ages 2 to 17 Years Old who Consumed Soda the Previous Day 2013 to 2016

Percent of Children Ages 2 to 17 Years Old who Eat 5+ Servings of Fruits/Vegetables Daily, 2011 to 2016

| $50 \%$ | 28.4 | $22.9^{*}$ |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 25 | 34.2 |  | $22.6^{*}$ |
| 0 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 |

* Statistically unstable. Source: California Health Interview Survey, 2016/17

* Statistically unstable. Source: California Health Interview Survey, 2016/17

Percent of 5th Grade Students at Health Risk Due to Aerobic Capacity, by School District, 2016/17

| ) | ANAHEIM ELEMENTARY 19.1 | (1) | HUNTINGTON BEACH CITY ELEMENTARY | (19) PLACENTIAYORBA LINDA UNIFIED DISTRICT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (2) | 3 BREA-OLI |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DIS } \\ & 3.4 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | ${ }_{2.9}^{\text {UNIFIED }}$ | (1) | IRVINE U | (11) SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED |
| 3 | 3 buena park |  |  | DISTRICT |
|  | ELEMENTARY 12.8 | (1) | LA HABRA CITY ELEMENTARY | (11) Santanna |
| 4 | Capistrano |  | 5.2 | UNIFIED DIST |
|  | UNIFIED | (13) | Laguna beach | - savania |
|  | 3.2 |  | UNIFIED | (77) SAVANNA |
| (5) | (3) Centr |  |  | NT |
|  | ELEMENTAR | (14) | LOS ALAMITOS | 7.8 |
|  |  |  | ${ }_{2.3}^{\text {UNIFIE }}$ | (28) TUS |
| ( | CYPRESS |  |  |  |
|  | ELEMENTARY | (1) | MAGNOLIA ELEMENTARY | (24) WESTMINSTER |
|  |  |  | 7.9 | 3.9 |
|  | ELEMENTARY | (18) | newport-mesa |  |
|  | 3.3 |  | UNIFIED | ANGE COUN |
| 8 | B FULLER |  |  |  |
|  | ELEMENTARY | (1) | OCEAN VIEW | 6.7\% |
| 8 | garden grove | 18 | orange unif |  |
|  | UNIFIED |  | 5.7 |  |
|  | 6.3 |  |  |  |



# AFTER DROPPING IN 2015, CHILDREN'S MENTAL HEALTH and substance abuse-related hospitalizations RISE IN 2016. 

## DESCRIPTION OF INDICATOR

This indicator reports the number of inpatient hospitalizations in Orange County among 0-17 year olds related to serious mental health and substance use conditions. The data include rates of inpatient hospitalization for broad behavioral health conditions and rates of inpatient hospitalization per 10,000 children broken down by behavioral health diagnosis, race/ethnicity, and city of residence.

## Why is this important?

The presence of behavioral health disorders can have a profound impact on individuals and families, as well as systems within the community, such as schools or the juvenile justice system. By tracking hospitalization rates related to behavioral health disorders, health officials can more readily identify trends and monitor the needs of the community while directing needed resources le.g., training, education, counseling, outreach, substance abuse treatment, etc.) to areas in need. For example, an increase in hospitalization rates due to heroin use may signal a serious trend in a local community and may lead to resource allocation to combat the increase in use of this harmful drug.

## Findings

- Overall, hospitalization rates for serious mental illness and substance abuse conditions for children increased by 44\%, from a low of 16.8 per 10,000 children in 2007 to 24.2 per 10,000 children in 2016.
- This increase is driven by an increase in hospitalizations for serious mental illness, which grew $73 \%$, from a low of 11.5 per 10,000 children in 2007 to 19.9 per 10,000 children in 2016 .
- Major Depression and Mood Disorders accounted for two-thirds (66\%) of all such hospitalizations, followed by Bipolar (10\%),

Schizophrenia/Psychoses (4\%), and Schizoaffective Disorders (3\%).

- Admissions for substance-related diagnoses accounted for $2 \%$ of all hospitalizations for children in 2016. This is a decrease of $70 \%$ over the past decade to 0.5 per 10,000 children.
- White youth accounted for $42 \%$ of all mental illness and substance abuse-related hospitalizations and Hispanic children accounted for $41 \%$.
- While males accounted for a little more than half ( $53 \%$ ) of substance-related hospitalizations, females accounted for the majority ( $62 \%$ ) of mental illness hospitalizations.
- Slightly more than half (55\%) of the 1,733 hospitalizations among Orange County youth occurred at hospitals located in Orange County, while the rest were in neighboring counties of Los Angeles (28\%), San Bernardino (16\%), San Diego (1\%), Riverside ( $<1 \%$ ), and Ventura ( $<1 \%$ ) Counties. The majority of these hospitalization were covered by private insurance ( $45 \%$ ) and Medi-Cal (51\%).
- In 2015, 12.3\% of adolescents aged 12 to 17 years had at least one major depressive episode in California and $11.9 \%$ in the United States. Overall, both proportions were higher than previous years between 2005 to 2013 (ranging from $8.8 \%$ to $11.4 \%$ ). ${ }^{1}$

Mental Health and Substance Abuse Related-Hospitalization Rates, Rate per 10,000 Children
2007 to 2016
--- Total

- Mental Illness
- Other
- Substance Abuse

Source: Orange County Health Care Agency, Health Policy - Research
Note: Other includes mental disorders such as other unspecified mood disorders, conduct disorders, and disorders related to sleep, eating, elimination, and pain.



Mood Disorders

Mental Health Hospitalization Rates per 10,000 Children, by Race/Ethnicity 2016

- White

Asian/Pacific Islander

- Hispanic

Source: Orange County Health Care Agency. Health Policy - Research
Notes: Rates for Black children are not included due to inability to calculate rates due to estimates for small case numbers and populations. Other Mental Disorders include other unspecified mood disorders, conduct disorders, and disorders related to sleep, eating, elimination, and pain.

Rate of Orange County Hospitalizations for Mental Health and Substance Abuse per 10,000 Children, by City, 2016


# ECONOMIC <br> WELL-BEING INDICATORS 

CHILD POVERTY

PERCENT OF STUDENTS ELIGIBLE FOR FREE AND REDUCED PRICE LUNCH

## $\begin{array}{ll}42.3^{\%} & 49.1 \% \\ 2008 / 09 & 2017 / 18\end{array}$

## HOUSING

PERCENT OF CHILDREN INSECURELY HOUSED

| $2.6 \%$ | $5.5 \%$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $2007 / 08$ | $2016 / 17$ |

CHILD SUPPORT

PERCENT OF CURRENT SUPPORT DISTRIBUTED

| $53.7 \%$ | $68.3^{\%}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $2008 / 09$ | $2017 / 18$ | IMPROVEMENT

PERCENT OF CHILDREN
RECEIVING CALFRESH

## ( $\begin{array}{cc}7.6 \% & 18.0 \% \\ 2007 / 08 & 2016 / 17\end{array}$ <br> $\begin{array}{ll}7.6 \% & 18.0 \% \\ 2007 / 08 & 2016 / 17\end{array}$



## CHILD

## POVERTY

## NEARLY HALF OF ORANGE COUNTY STUDENTS ARE ELIGIBLE FOR FREE OR REDUCED PRICE LUNCH.

## DESCRIPTION OF INDICATOR

This indicator reports the number and percent of students eligible for the National School Free and Reduced Price Lunch program, considered to be an indicator of children living in poverty or of working poor families. Eligibility is based on income of the child's parent(s) or guardian(s), which must be below $185 \%$ of the Federal Poverty Level. It also tracks the percent of children living in poverty according to the U.S. Census.

## Why is this important?

Research has demonstrated that living in poverty has a wide range of negative effects on the physical and mental health and well-being of children. Poverty is linked with negative conditions such as substandard housing, homelessness, inadequate nutrition, food insecurity, inadequate child care, lack of access to health care, unsafe neighborhoods and under-resourced schools. ${ }^{1}$ These conditions mean school districts face many challenges serving low-income families, particularly those school districts with more than $75 \%$ of students enrolled in the Free and Reduced Price Lunch program. ${ }^{2}$ The implications for children living in poverty include greater risk for poor academic achievement, school dropout, abuse and neglect, behavioral and socioemotional problems, physical health problems and developmental delays.

Findings

- In 2017/18, 49.1\% $(235,275)$ of students were eligible for the Free and Reduced Price Lunch program in Orange County, lower than California at $60.1 \%(3,739,347)$
- Between 2008/09 and 2017/18, there was a larger increase ( $16.1 \%$ ) among Orange County students eligible for the Free and Reduced Price Lunch program than among students throughout California (11.7\%).
- According to the U.S. Census, $16.9 \%$ of Orange County's children were living in poverty in 2016; a $24.3 \%$ increase from 2010 (13.6\%), while remaining lower than California ( $21.9 \%$ ) and the United States (21.2\%). ${ }^{3}$
- When cost of living and a range of family needs and resources, including social safety net benefits, are factored in, poverty among Orange County's children jumps to $24.6 \%$, surpassing California at 22.8\%, with a threshold income needed to maintain a basic standard of living for a family of four at $\$ 33,700$. $^{3}$


## ECONOMIC WELL-BEING

Percent of Students Eligible to Receive Free and Reduced Price Lunch
2008/09 to 2017/18
Orange County

- California

Source: Department of Education, 2018

Percent of Children Under 18 Years Old, Living in Poverty, Orange County, California and United States 2010-2016

- United States
- California
- Orange County

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2012-2016 5-Year American Community Survey

Percent of Children Under 18 Years Old Living in Poverty, by City 2016





## CALWORKS

## CALWORKS ENROLLMENT CONTINUED TO DROP IN 2017, BUT STILL REPRESENTS A 10-YEAR INCREASE OF 17.5\%.

## DESCRIPTION OF INDICATOR

This indicator reports the average number and percent of children per month under the age of 18 years receiving financial assistance through California Work Opportunity and Responsibility to Kids (CalWORKs). Any change in the number of CalWORKs beneficiaries is an indicator of a change in poverty status.

## Why is this important?

The percent of children benefiting from CalWORKs is an indicator of Orange County's capacity to help families struggling to make ends meet and at the same time, responsibly care for their children. This indicator also reflects a widespread need for financial support among families in need across Orange County as CalWORKs beneficiaries receive financial and employment assistance. The goals of the CalWORKs program include reduced welfare dependency, increased self-sufficiency, and improved child well-being by encouraging parental responsibility through school attendance, child immunizations requirements and by assisting with paternity and child support enforcement activities.

## Findings

- In 2016/17, 4.7\% (34.485) of Orange County's children received CalWORKs assistance which is a $17.5 \%$ increase from $4.0 \%$ in 2007/08. Overall Orange County is lower than California at 5.2\%.
- Since 2011/12, the proportion of children receiving CalWORKs has been steadily declining, mirroring a nationwide trend.
- Young children (zero to five years of age) accounted for $30 \%$ of the youth population receiving CalWORKs assistance.
- The cities of Anaheim at $8.4 \%(7,349)$, Santa Ana at $8.3 \%(7,792)$, Stanton at $6.0 \%$ (612), Cypress at $5.6 \%$ (599), Buena Park at $5.5 \%(1,072)$, and Garden Grove at $5.5 \%(2,221)$ have the highest percentages of children receiving CalWORKs.
- Cities with the lowest percentage of children receiving CalWORKs include Newport Beach at $0.5 \%$ (78), Rancho Santa Margarita at 0.6\% (76), Laguna Beach at 0.6\% (23), Villa Park at 0.6\% (7), Aliso Viejo at $0.7 \%$ (96), and Yorba Linda at 0.9\% (152).


## ECONOMIC WELL-BEING

Number and Percent of Children Under 18 Years Old Receiving CalWORKs
2007/08 to 2016/17

- Number of Children
- Percent of Children

Source: County of Orange Social Services Agency


## Children ages birth to five make up a third of all children receiving CalWORKs assistance.

Percent Receiving CalWORKs, by City
January 2017

| 1 | ALISO VIEJO $0.7 \%$ | (14) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LA PALMA } \\ & 1.5 \% \end{aligned}$ |  | SAN JUAN CAPISTRANO 2.4\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (2) | ANAHEIM 8.4\% | (15) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LAGUNA BEACH } \\ & 0.6 \% \end{aligned}$ | (4) | SANTA ANA |
| (3) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { BREA } \\ & 1.7 \% \end{aligned}$ | (1) | LAGUNA HILLS <br> 3.7\% | (10) | 8.3\% <br> SEAL BEACH |
| (4) | BUENA PARK 5.5\% | (1) | LAGUNA NIGUEL 1.5\% | (31) | 1.0\% <br> STANTON |
| 5 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { COSTA MESA } \\ & 3.3 \% \end{aligned}$ | (18) | LAGUNA WOODS* N/A | (31) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 6.0\% } \\ & \text { TUSTIN } \end{aligned}$ |
| (6) | CYPRESS $5.6 \%$ | (19) | LAKE FOREST 2.2\% | (3) | VILLA PARK |
| 7 | DANA POINT 1.6\% | (10) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LOS ALAMITOS } \\ & 2.5 \% \end{aligned}$ | (38) | 0.6\% <br> WESTMINSTER |
| 8 | FOUNTAIN VALLEY $2.0 \%$ | (4) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { MISSION VIEJO } \\ & \text { 1.3\% } \end{aligned}$ | (34) | 5.0\% <br> YORBA LINDA |
| (8) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { FULLERTON } \\ & 4.5 \% \end{aligned}$ | (18) | NEWPORT BEACH $0.5 \%$ |  | 0.9 |
| (10) | GARDEN GROVE 5.5\% | (3) | ORANGE 4.0\% |  | ORANGE COUNTY: 4.7\% |
| (11) | HUNTINGTON <br> BEACH <br> 2.4\% | (24) | PLACENTIA <br> 4.5\% |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { CALIFORNIA: } \\ & 5.2 \% \end{aligned}$ |
| (1) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { IRVINE } \\ & 1.2 \% \end{aligned}$ | (3) | RANCHO SANTA MARGARITA 0.6\% |  |  |
| (13) | LA HABRA <br> 5.2\% | (2) | SAN CLEMENTE $1.2 \%$ |  |  |



[^6]
## SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION

## CALFRESH ENROLLMENT SHOWS 10-YEAR INCREASE WHILE WIC PARTICIPATION DECLINES.

## DESCRIPTION OF INDICATOR

The indicator reports the number and percent of recipients of the CalFresh Program, federally known as the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) and the number and percent of recipients in the Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children (WIC). ${ }^{1}$ As an indicator of poverty, the increase in children receiving these benefits is one that needs improvement. However, the increase may also be viewed as an improvement in that more eligible children are receiving these benefits.

Why is this important?
Data shows that there is a relationship between a family's food security and assurance of a healthy life. Households with food insecurity are more likely to experience reduced diet quality, anxiety about their food supply, increased use of emergency food sources or other coping behaviors, and hunger. CalFresh and WIC programs provide nutrition assistance to people in low-income households by increasing their food buying power so they are able to purchase more nutritious foods, such as fruits, vegetables and other healthy foods. Income eligible children can receive both forms of nutrition assistance.

Findings

- In 2016/17, 18.0\% $(131,670)$ of children under 18 years old received CalFresh, a $137 \%$ increase in the number of children since 2007/08 at 7.6\%. Orange County had a lower rate than California at $27.6 \%(2,537,628)$ of children receiving CalFresh (SNAP). ${ }^{2}$
- In January 2017, the greatest proportion of CalFresh beneficiaries under 18 in Orange County were children aged six to 12 years old ( $43.7 \%$ or 52,355 ), followed by zero to five years old ( $31.3 \%$ or 37,511 ), and 13 to 17 years old (24.9\% or 29,837 ).
- It is estimated that only $70.9 \%$ of people in Orange County who are eligible for CalFresh are receiving that benefit, less than California at $71.8 \%{ }^{3}$
- In 2016/17, 61,406 participants were served by the WIC program, a decrease of $47.6 \%$ from 117,118 in 2006/07. Of these, more than three fourths $(48,797)$ of participants are young children zero to five years old.
- In 2015, 52.7\% of women and children eligible for WIC were receiving that benefit nationally, lower than California at 65\%. ${ }^{4}$


## ECONOMIC WELL-BEING

Number and Percent of Children Under 18 Years Old Served by CalFresh and Number of Participants Served by WIC 2007/08 to 2016/17

CalFresh
WIC

- Percent Served by CalFresh

Note: Data represents fiscal Year (July - June) monthly averages for CalFresh.
Source for CalFresh: Orange County Social Services Agency
Source for WIC: Orange County Health Care Agency/Nutrition Services-WIC


## $18 \%$ of Orange County Children $(131,670)$ receive CalFresh.

Percent of Children Under 18 Years Old Receiving CalFresh, by City
2016


Note: *2012-2016 American Community Survey estimates no population under 18 in Laguna Woods.
Source: Orange County Social Services Agency, Family Health Division


## HOUSING

## FEWER STUDENTS HAVE INSECURE HOUSING IN 2016/17 THAN THE PREVIOUS SCHOOL YEAR.

## DESCRIPTION OF INDICATOR

This indicator reports the number of insecurely housed students identified by school districts as homeless, meaning they are living in motels, shelters, parks and doubling- or tripling-up in a home, as defined by the McKinneyVento Homeless Education Assistance Act.

## Why is this important?

The high mobility, trauma, and poverty associated with homelessness and insecure housing create educational barriers, low school attendance, developmental, physical and emotional problems for students. Lacking a fixed, regular nighttime stay increases the chances that a student will require additional support services associated with their developmental and academic success. A homeless student or one living in a crowded environment may experience a greater tendency for stress and anxiety not knowing where they are going to sleep each night nor having a consistent, quiet, permanent place to study or do their homework. Lack of secure housing may be associated with lower standardized test scores in all areas.

## Findings

- In 2016/17, 5.5\% (27,119) of students in Orange County experienced insecure housing, which is $111.5 \%$ greater than in 2007/08, at $2.6 \%$ $(17,051) .{ }^{1}$ In the past year, the percent of students experiencing insecure housing has dropped slightly from $5.8 \%$ in 2015/16.
- With regard to primary nighttime residence, in 2016/17:
- 89.5\% (24,274) of insecurely housed students were doubled or tripled-up in housing.
- $5.2 \%(1,423)$ of insecurely housed students were in hotels or motels.
- $3.9 \%(1,055)$ of insecurely housed students were housed in shelters.
- $1.4 \%$ (367) of insecurely house students were unsheltered. ${ }^{2}$
- Of those students with insecure housing in 2017/16, high school age students (grades 9-12) represent the highest percentage at 50.6\%, followed by elementary age students (pre K-5th) at $30.1 \%$ and middle school students Igrades $6-8)$ at $19.3 \% .^{2}$


## ECONOMIC WELL-BEING

Number and Percent of Students with Insecure Housing, Orange County and California, 2007/08 to 2016/17

- Total Orange County Students with Insecure Housing
\% of Total Student Enrollment in Orange County
\% of Total Student Enrollment in California
\% Unstable Data
* Data from 2014-2015 is lower due to a statewide data system error
at the CDE that likely resulted in under-reported counts.
Source: California Department of Education



Percent of Enrolled Students with Insecure Housing,
by School District, 2016/17


## CHILD SUPPORT

## SUPPORT DISTRIBUTED TO ORANGE COUNTY FAMILIES INCREASED 27\% IN 10 YEARS.

## DESCRIPTION OF INDICATOR


#### Abstract

This indicator reports the Distributed Net Collections divided by the average monthly caseload for the Federal Fiscal Year. Improvements in collections per case reflects an increase in income to parents to provide for the basic needs of their children.


Why is this important?
The number of Orange County children living in poverty has risen by $24.3 \%$ since $2010(120,188$ in 2016). ${ }^{1}$ Research shows that child support payments help to lift more than one million Americans above the poverty line each year and assist families with incomes above the poverty line to make ends meet. ${ }^{2}$ Orange County Child Support Services (CSS) builds partnerships with parents, develops community linkages, and cultivates existing relationships with other county agencies. Expected results are increased collections and improved performance, which yield increased financial support to meet the needs of children and families. Child support collections pay for essentials such as food, shelter, child care, and medical support. CSS has implemented a family-centered approach that connects customers to local resources for family essentials (e.g., clothing and food), parental success (e.g., parenting classes and financial workshops) and individual services (e.g., adult education and job training). In the last 10 years, the number of Orange County CSS cases has decreased while services to customers have increased, along with the collections per case.

Findings

- Total Orange County child support cases decreased by 36.0\% from 103,598 in 2008/09 to 66,296 in $2017 / 18$. Over the same period, net collections increased slightly by $2.2 \%$ from $\$ 180.3$ million in 2008/09 to $\$ 184.3$ million in $2017 / 18$, with an average of $\$ 180.1$ million annually.
- Most (92.8\%) Orange County cases have a court order established, in comparison to California's rate of $91.1 \%$. Since March 2008, the Orange County CSS rate has increased $19.3 \% .^{3}$
- The percent of current support distributed among Orange County cases during 2017/18 was $68.3 \%$, which is higher than the California rate of $66.3 \%$, and represents a continuous improvement since 2008/09 when the rate was $53.7 \%$ (a $27.2 \%$ increase). ${ }^{4}$


## ECONOMIC WELL-BEING

Total Child Support Cases and Per Case Collections
2008/09 to 2017/18

- Total Number of Cases
- Per Case Collection

Note: Total cases each year is a 12 -month average from July to June. Data for 2016/17 were updated from the previous Conditions of Children report. Source: Orange County Department of Child Support Services


Percent of Child Support Distributed, Orange County and California
2008/09 to 2017/18

- Orange County
- California

Source: Orange County Department of Child Support Services


20

0

2008/09 2009/10 2010/11 $2011 / 12$ 2012/13 $2013 / 14$ 2014/15 $2015 / 16$ 2016/17 $2017 / 18$
Number of Cases and Total Support Distributed, by City, 2017/18


# EDUCATIONAL ACHIEVEMENT INDICATORS 

HIGH SCHOOL
DROPOUT RATES

PERCENT HIGH SCHOOL DROPOUTS FOR GRADES 9-12 COHORT

## COLLEGE READINESS

## PERCENT OF GRADUATES WITH UC/CSU ELIGIBLE REQUIREMENTS



THIRD GRADE MATHEMATICS

> PERCENT OF THIRD GRADE STUDENTS MET OR EXCEEDED STANDARDS FOR MATHEMATICS



# KINDERGARTEN READINESS 

# ONE IN FOUR KINDERGARTENERS ARE VULNERABLE OR AT RISK IN THE AREA OF LANGUAGE AND COGNITIVE DEVELOPMENT. 

## DESCRIPTION OF INDICATOR

Orange County uses the Early Development Index (EDI) to measure children's readiness for school. The EDI - conducted during the kindergarten year - assesses children's development by using a questionnaire filled out by kindergarten teachers for every child in their class. It tracks five areas of a child's development: language and cognitive development; communication skills and general knowledge; social competence; emotional maturity; and physical health and wellbeing. In 2015, comprehensive EDI data was available for children enrolled in public school for the first time in Orange County and thus serves as a baseline to measure changes in incoming kindergarten class readiness over time.

Why is this important?
Long-term, a child's academic success is heavily dependent upon their readiness for kindergarten. Children who enter school with early skills, such as basic knowledge of math and reading concepts as well as communication, language, social competence and emotional maturity, are more likely than their peers without such skills to experience later academic success, attain higher levels of education and secure employment. ${ }^{1}$ Factors that influence kindergarten readiness include family and community supports and environments, as well as children's early development opportunities and experiences. The EDI is one way to assess how well communities are preparing its children for school.

Findings

- In 2018, 53.2\% of children in Orange County were developmentally ready for kindergarten, a $2.5 \%$ increase from 2015 at 51.9\%. Children are considered developmentally ready for school if they are on track in all five areas assessed lor in all four areas if only four areas were assessed).
- Among kindergartners, the areas of greatest vulnerabilities are language and cognitive
development ( $26 \%$ vulnerable or at-risk) and communication skills and general knowledge (26\%). Fewer percentage of children are vulnerable or at risk in social competence (21\%), physical health and well-being (20\%) and emotional maturity ( $19 \%$ ).
- The five developmental areas are made up of 16 sub areas which are measured by a child's readiness (ready, somewhat ready or not ready). Within these sub areas, children are least ready in their communication skills and general knowledge ( $59 \%$ not ready or somewhat ready), prosocial and helping behavior ( $58 \%$ ), overall social competence ( $53 \%$ ), and gross and fine motor skills (48\%).
- Communities with the highest percentage of students developmentally ready for school include North Tustin at 76.5\% (102 EDI records), followed by Ladera Ranch at 76.0\% (334), Los Alamitos at $67.8 \%$ (118) and Coto de Caza at $66.7 \%$ (51). ${ }^{2}$
- The lowest percentage of students ready for school are in the communities of Midway City at 36.2\% (94), followed by Santa Ana at 44.1\% ( 3,940 ), and Laguna Beach at $45.4 \%$ (97).


## EDUCATION

Percent of Children Not Ready for Kindergarten, by Sub Area, 2018

- Not Ready - Somewhat Ready - Ready

Communication Skills
\& General Knowledge
Language \& Cognitive Development
Basic literacy skills
Interest in literacy/numeracy and memory
Advanced literary skills
Basic numeracy skills

## Emotional Maturity

Prosocial and helping behavior Anxious and fearful behavior
Aggressive behavior
Hyperactive and inattentive behavior

## Social Competence

Overall social competence
Responsibility and respect
Approaches to learning
Readiness to explore new things
Physical Health \& Well-being
Physical readiness for school day
Physical independence
Gross and fine motor skills


Note: Due to rounding, percentages may not add to 100. Source: Early Development Index, 2018

Percent of Children Ready for Kindergarten,
by Community of Residence, 2018


# THIRD GRADE ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS 

# ECONOMICALLY DISADVANTAGED STUDENTS SHOW GREATEST IMPROVEMENT ON STANDARDIZED TESTING. 


#### Abstract

DESCRIPTION OF INDICATOR This indicator presents the California Assessment of Student Performance and Progress (CAASPP) data for student academic performance in English Language Arts and Literacy (ELA). Starting in 2014/15 (2015), CAASPP reflects the Common Core State Standards and online testing system to measure the academic performance of students. This indicator reports on third grade students.


Why is this important?
CAASPP is designed to demonstrate progress towards learning problem-solving and critical thinking skills needed for college and a career readiness. It gives schools and communities data on the performance of students and significant student groups within a school. This information helps schools analyze academic progress and if resource re-allocation is needed to ensure all students succeed. ELA assesses a student's performance in reading, writing, listening and research. Understanding performance at the completion of third grade is important because third grade is the year that the focus of reading instruction shifts from learning to read, to reading to learn. Thirdgraders who lack proficiency in reading are four times more likely to become high school dropouts.'

## Findings

- In 2017, a little over half (51\%) of Orange County third grade students met or exceeded the statewide achievement standard for ELA, a 10.9\% increase from 2015 (46\%) and higher than California at 44\%.
- Among third grade students who are not economically disadvantaged, $71 \%$ met or exceeded the achievement standards in ELA, substantially higher than those students who are economically disadvantaged at $32 \%$.
- The greatest improvement was among economically disadvantaged students with a $21 \%$ increase in students who met or exceeded standards compared to a 3\% increase
among students who were not economically disadvantaged.
- The ELA assessments are subdivided by four academic focus areas. Thirty percent of third graders exceeded standards in the area of writing, followed by $29 \%$ in research/inquiry, $27 \%$ in reading and $21 \%$ exceeded standards in listening.
- Across all focus areas, more third grade students were above standards in 2017 than 2015. The greatest improvement was in writing (28\% increase), followed by research/inquiry (27\% increase), listening ( $19 \%$ increase) and reading ( $19 \%$ increase) focus areas.
- Within each race/ethnic group, Asian students had the highest percentage of students who exceeded or met standards for ELA at 77\%, followed by Filipino (73\%), Multiracial (69\%), White ( $69 \%$ ), Pacific Islander ( $48 \%$ ), Black ( $42 \%$ ), and Hispanic ( $33 \%$ ) students. American Indian students were the lowest percentage of students who met or exceed standards ( $32 \%$ ), a decrease of $28.9 \%$ since 2015 .
- The school districts with the highest percentage of third grade students exceeding or meeting standards for overall achievement in English language arts are Laguna Beach (83\%), Los Alamitos (81\%), Fountain Valley (71\%) and Huntington Beach City (71\%). The school districts with the lowest percentages are Anaheim City (23\%), Santa Ana City (24\%) and La Habra City (35\%).


## EDUCATION

Overall Achievement in ELA Among Third Grade Students, by Socioeconomic Status, 2015 and 2017

- Standard Not Met

Standard Met

- Standard Nearly Met

Standard Exceeded

Note: A student is defined as "economically disadvantaged" if the most educated parent of the student, as indicated in CALPADS, has not received a high school diploma or the student is eligible to participate in free or reduced-price lunch program also known as the National School Lunch Program.
Source: CAASPP, 2017

Achievement in ELA Focus Areas Among Third Grade Students, 2017

Above Standard At or Near Standard Below Standard


Note: ELA results include information about the students' performance in the areas of reading, writing, listening, and research. The student's performance in these key areas for each subject are reported using the following three indicators: below standard, at or near standard, and above standard.
Source: CAASPP, 2017


Overall Achievement in ELA Among Third Grade Students, by Race/Ethnicity, 2015 to 2017

- 2015 Standard Exceeded/Met

2017 Standard Exceeded/Met

- 2016 Standard Exceeded/Met


Note: Third grade student enrollment by race/ethnicity is 51\% Hispanic, 24\% White, 16\% Asian, 4\% Multiracial, 2\% Filipino, 1\% Black, 0.3\% Pacific Islander, and 0.2\% American Indian. Source: CAASPP, 2017

Percent of Third Grade Students Who Exceeded or Met Standards for ELA Overall Achievement, by School District, 2017

1 ANAHEIM CITY ANAH
23\%
(2) BREA-OLINDA UNIFIED $62 \%$

3 BUENA PARK ELEMENTARY $43 \%$
4) CAPISTRANO UNIFIED 60\%
(5) CENTRALIA ELEMENTARY 55\%
(6) CYPRESS ELEMENTARY $63 \%$
(7) FOUNTAIN VALLEY ELEMENTARY $71 \%$
8) FULLERTON ELEMENTARY $51 \%$
(3) GARDEN GROVE UNIFIED 52\%
(10) HUNTINGTON BEACH CITY ELEMENTARY 71\%
(11) IRVINE UNIFIED 70\%
(17) LA HABRA CITY ELEMENTARY 35\%
(13) LAGUNA BEACH UNIFIED 83\%
(14) LOS ALAMITOS UNIFIED
$81 \%$
(15) MAGNOLIA ELEMENTARY $49 \%$
(18) NEWPORT-MESA UNIFIED $58 \%$
(17) OCEAN VIEW 60\%
(18) ORANGE COUNTY UNIFIED 47\%
(19) PLACENTIA-YORBA LINDA UNIFIED $63 \%$
(a0) SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED $54 \%$
(71) SANTA ANA UNIFIED 24\%
(27. SAVANNA ELEMENTARY $41 \%$
(38) TUSTIN UNIFIED 55\%
(24) WESTMINSTER 55\%


Note: District comparisons should be interpreted with caution as districts vary greatly in composition, with differing proportions of
students who are English learners, special needs, low income, or homeless - all factors which can influence achievement.
Source: CAASPP, 2017

# THIRD GRADE MATHEMATICS 

# MORE THAN HALF OF THIRD GRADE STUDENTS MET OR EXCEEDED STANDARDS IN MATH. 


#### Abstract

DESCRIPTION OF INDICATOR This indicator presents the new California Assessment of Student Performance and Progress (CAASPP) data for student academic performance in mathematics. Starting in 2014/15 (2015), CAASPP reflects the Common Core State Standards and online testing system to measure the academic performance of students. This indicator reports on third grade students.


Why is this important?
CAASPP is designed to demonstrate progress towards learning problem-solving and criticalthinking skills needed for college and a career. It gives schools and communities data on the performance of all students and significant subgroups within a school. This information helps schools analyze their academic progress and if resource re-allocation is needed to ensure all students succeed. The mathematics component assesses a student's performance in applying mathematical concepts and procedures, using appropriate tools and strategies to solve problems and demonstrating ability to support mathematical conclusions. It is known that math difficulties are cumulative and worsen with time. ${ }^{1}$ Understanding third grade performance is important because it is the year that students start utilizing the decimal system to do multi-digit number calculations, an important foundation for future success in mathematics.

## Findings

- In 2017, over half (56\%) of Orange County third grade students met or exceeded the statewide achievement standard in math, a 9.8\% increase from 2015 and higher than California at 47\%.
- Among third grade students who are not economically disadvantaged, $75 \%$ met or exceeded the achievement standards in math, substantially higher than those students who are economically disadvantaged at 37\%.
- The greatest improvement was among economically disadvantaged students with a $19 \%$ increase in students who met or exceeded standards from 2015 to 2017 compared to a $4 \%$ increase among students who were not economically disadvantaged.
- Four in 10 ( $40 \%$ ) third grade students were above the standard in concepts and procedures compared to problem solving and modeling/data analysis (32\%) and communicating reasoning (34\%).
- Asian students had the highest percentage of students who exceeded or met standards in math at $85 \%$, followed by Filipino ( $74 \%$ ), Multiracial (74\%), White (72\%), Pacific Islander (56\%), Black (39\%), American Indian (37\%) and Hispanic (37\%) students.
- The school districts with the highest percentage of third grade students exceeding or meeting standards for overall achievement in math were Los Alamitos Unified (86\%), Laguna Beach Unified (85\%), Fountain Valley Elementary (78\%), and Irvine Unified (77\%).
- The school districts with the lowest percentage of third grade students exceeding or meeting standards for overall achievement in math were Anaheim City (27\%), followed by Santa Ana Unified (32\%), and La Habra City Elementary (45\%).


## EDUCATION

Overall Achievement Among Third Grade Students in Mathematics, by Socioeconomic Status, 2015 and 2017

- Standard Not Met
Standard Met
- Standard Nearly Met
Standard Exceeded

Note: A student is defined as "economically disadvantaged" if the most educated parent of the student, as indicated in CALPADS, has not received a high school diploma or the student is eligible to participate in free or reduced-price lunch program also known as the National School Lunch Program.
Source: CAASPP, 2017

Achievement in Mathematics Focus Areas Among Third Grade Students, 2017


Note: Math results include information about the students' performance in the areas of concepts and procedures, problem solving \& modeling/data analysis, and communicating reasoning. The student's performance in these key areas for each subject are reported using the following three indicators: below standard, at or near standard, and above standard.
Source: CAASPP, 2017


Overall Achievement in Mathematics Among Third Grade Students, by Race/Ethnicity, 2015 to 2017

- 2015 Standard Exceeded/Met
- 2017 Standard Exceeded/Met
- 2016 Standard Exceeded/Met


Note: Third grade student enrollment by race/ethnicity is 51\% Hispanic, 24\% White, 16\% Asian, 4\% Multiracial, 2\% Filipino, 1\% Black, 0.3\% Pacific Islander, and 0.2\% American Indian. Source: CAASPP, 2017

Percent of Third Grade Students Who Exceeded or Met Standards
for Mathematics Overall Achievement, by School District, 2017

1 ANAHEIM CITY 27\%
(2) BREA-OLINDA UNIFIED $72 \%$
(3) BUENA PARK ELEMENTARY 49\%
(4) CAPISTRANO UNIFIED 62\%
(5) CENTRALIA ELEMENTARY 61\%
(6) CYPRESS ELEMENTARY 68\%
(7) FOUNTAIN VALLEY ELEMENTARY 78\%
8) FULLERTON ELEMENTARY 56\%
(3) GARDEN GROVE UNIFIED 55\%
(10) HUNTINGTON BEACH CITY ELEMENTARY $76 \%$
(11) IRVINE UNIFIED 77\%
(12.) LA HABRA CITY ELEMENTARY 45\%
(13) LAGUNA BEACH UNIFIED 85\%
(14) LOS ALAMITOS UNIFIED
$86 \%$
(15) MAGNOLIA ELEMENTARY 52\%
(18) NEWPORT-MESA UNIFIED $62 \%$
(17) OCEAN VIEW 64\%
(18) ORANGE COUNTY UNIFIED 51\%
(19) PLACENTIA-YORBA LINDA UNIFIED 67\%
(20) SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED $56 \%$
(21) SANTA ANA UNIFIED $32 \%$
(4.) SAVANNA ELEMENTARY 46\%
(38) TUSTIN UNIFIED 56\%
(44) WESTMINSTER $60 \%$

ORANGE COUNTY: $56 \%$ CALIFORNIA: 47\%


Note: District comparisons should be interpreted with caution as districts vary greatly in composition, with differing proportions
of students who are English learners, special needs, low income, or homeless - all factors which can influence achievement.
Source: CAASPP, 2017

# HIGH SCHOOL DROPOUT RATES 

ORANGE COUNTY DROPOUT RATE IS 5.3\%; LOWER THAN THE RATE ACROSS CALIFORNIA.

## DESCRIPTION OF INDICATOR

This indicator measures high school dropout rates for Orange County school districts, including detail by race/ethnicity and by program. Beginning in 2008, a student is considered a dropout if he or she was enrolled in grades 9 to 12 during the previous year and left before completing the current school year, or did not attend the expected school or any other school by October of the following year. Students who received a diploma, General Education Diploma (GED), or California High School Proficiency Exam (CHSPE) certificate; transferred to a degree-granting college; died; had a school-recognized absence; or were known to have left the state are not counted as dropouts. ${ }^{1}$

Why is this important?
Education provides benefits to both individuals and society. Compared to high school graduates, dropouts earn lower wages, pay fewer taxes, are more likely to commit crimes, are more likely to be on welfare and are far less healthy. ${ }^{2}$

## Findings

- The Orange County cohort dropout rate for $2016 / 17$ was $5.3 \%$ and lower than the California dropout rate of $9.1 \%$ in 2016/17 and the United States dropout rate for public schools of $6.1 \%$ in 2016. ${ }^{3}$
- In 2016/17, there were 40,949 cohort students of which 36,360 graduated and 2,185 students dropped out. The remaining 2,404 students did not graduate because they were either considered still enrolled at the time of the cohort's graduation (1,260 students), Special Education completers (359 students), CHSPE completers (193), or received an adult education diploma (14) or the GED (31 students). A total of 547 students were "other transfers."
- Dropout rates for the 2016/17 school year continued to be highest among Black students (8.4\%), followed by Hispanic (7.4\%), American Indian (7.3\%), Multiracial (4.8\%), White (3.5\%), and Asian (2.6\%) students.
- By program, dropout rates were highest among students enrolled as foster youth (26.5\%), followed by English Learners (12.9\%), Migrant Education (10.3), Students with Disabilities (9.0\%), and Socioeconomically Disadvantaged (7.9\%) programs. ${ }^{4}$

[^7]
## EDUCATION

Percent of Grade 9-12 Cohort Dropouts, by Race/Ethnicity 2009/10 to 2016/17

- Hispanic
- Black
- American Indian or Alaska Native
- Asian
- White
- Multiracial
-- Overall Orange County

Note: The 2016-17 Four-Year Adjusted Cohort Graduation Rate (ACGR) and Outcome data has been released. Beginning in 2016-17, the ACGR and Outcome data were calculated using different business rules and are not comparable with the Cohort Outcome data from previous years
Source: California Department of Education, DataQuest, 2017.

Percent of Grade 9-12 Cohort Dropouts, by Program, 2009/10 to 2016/17

- English Learners
- Students with Disabilities
- Migrant Education
- Socioeconomically Disadvantaged


2009/10 2010/11 2011/12 2012/13 2013/14 2014/15 2015/16 2016/17


Number of Students Who Did Not Graduate by Cohort, by Reason, 2016/17

- Cohort Student Dropouts
- Still Enrolled at Time of Cohort Graduation
- Other Transfers
- Special Ed Completers
- CHSPE Completers
- Completed the GED
- Adult Education Diploma Completers


Source: California Department of Education, DataQuest, 2017

Source: California Department of Education, DataQuest, 2017

Percent of Grade 9-12 Cohort High School Dropouts, by School District, 2016/17
(1) ANAHEIM UNION HIGH 7.1\%
(2) BREA-OLINDA UNIFIED 2.7\%
(3) CAPISTRANO UNIFIED 1.0\%
(4) FULLERTON JOINT UNION HIGH 2.7\%
(5) GARDEN GROVE UNIFIED 8.3\%
( B HUNTINGTON BEACH UNION HIGH 2.7\%
(7) IRVINE UNIFIED 2.7\%
(8) LAGUNA BEACH UNIFIED 4.8\%
(8) LOS ALAMITOS UNIFIED
(10) NEWPORT-MESA UNIFIED
(1) ORANGE UNIFIED 5.7\%
(17) PLACENTIA-YORBA LINDA UNIFIED 2.4\%
(13) SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED 2.7\%
(14) SANTA ANA UNIFIED 4.7\%

\% Dropouts

- 0.0\%-2.0\%
- $2.1 \%-4.0 \%$
- $4.1 \%-6.0 \%$
- $6.1 \%-8.3 \%$

10 or fewer students

# COLLEGE READINESS 

# OVERALL COLLEGE READINESS INCREASES; RATES VARY among Races/ETHNICITIES AND PROGRAMS. 

## DESCRIPTION OF INDICATOR

This indicator tracks the number and percent of students who graduate from high school having completed the course requirements to be eligible to apply to a University of California (UC) or California State University (CSU). The UC/CSU eligibility requirements are presented below.

## Why is this important?

The UC/CSU minimum course requirements are centered on a well-rounded curriculum that fosters content mastery and ensures that students are ready to take college courses without remediation. Courses include an applied learning component to help students improve comprehension and practice critical thinking skills. The more students master the content in conjunction with these skills, the more likely they are to pursue and succeed in college, as well as in the workforce.

## Findings

- In 2016/17, Orange County had 37,355 high school graduates, of which $52.0 \%$ were UC/CSU eligible, higher than California's eligibility rate of $46.8 \%{ }^{2}$
- UC/CSU eligibility in Orange County increased $15.8 \%$ in 10 years, from $44.9 \%$ of graduates in 2007/08 to 52.0\% in 2016/17.
- At $77.5 \%$, Asian students had the greatest proportion of graduates who were UC/CSU eligible, followed by White (58.1\%), Multiracial ( $56.7 \%$ ), Black ( $38.3 \%$ ), Hispanic (38.0\%), and American Indian ( $32.9 \%$ ), graduates.
- Hispanic graduates comprise the largest group of total graduates ( $44.0 \%$ ), while only $38.0 \%$ of those were UC/CSU eligible. This is lower than Asian $116.0 \%$ of total graduates, of which $77.5 \%$ were UC/CSU eligible) and White (31.0\% of graduates, of which $58.1 \%$ were UC/CSU eligible) graduates.
- Since 2007/08, the UC/CSU eligibility rates for graduates have increased the most among students in the Migrant Education program (159.1\% increase), followed by students in the Socioeconomically Disadvantaged program ( $71.9 \%$ increase). The eligibility rate for graduates of the English Learner program has declined $67.7 \%$ since 2007/08. ${ }^{3}$

UC/CSU Requirements

- 4 years of English
- 3 years of Math, including Algebra, Geometry, and Intermediate Algebra
- 2 years of History/Social Studies, including one year of U.S. History or one-half year of U.S. History and one-half year of Civics or American Government; and one year of World History, Cultures, and Geography
- 2 years of Science with lab required chosen from Biology, Chemistry, and Physics
- 2 years of Foreign Language and must be the same language for those two years
- 1 year of Visual and Performing Arts chosen from Dance, Drama/Theater, Music, or Visual Art
- 1 year of Electives


## EDUCATION

Percent of Graduates in Orange County and California Meeting UC/CSU Entrance Requirements, 2007/08 to 2016/17

- Orange County
- California

Source: California Department of Education, DataQuest, 2018.


20

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2007/08 $2008 / 09 \quad 2009 / 10 \quad 2010 / 11 \quad 2011 / 12 \quad 2012 / 13 ~ 2013 / 14 \quad 2014 / 15$ 2015/16 $2016 / 17$

Percent of Graduates, by Program Meeting
UC/CSU Entrance Requirements, 2007/08 to 2016/17

Number of Graduates and Percent of Graduates Meeting UC/CSU Entrance Requirements, 2016/17

Source: California Department of Education, DataQuest, 2018

Percent of Graduates Meeting UC/CSU Entrance Requirements, by School District, 2016/17
(1) ANAHEIM UNION HIGH 40.0\%
(2) BREA-OLINDA UNIFIED 55.1\%
(3) CAPISTRANO UNIFIED 53.7\%
4. FULLERTON JOINT UNION HIGH 55.7\%
(5) GARDEN GROVE UNIFIED 57.5\%
( B HUNTINGTON BEACH UNION HIGH 46.9\%
(7) IRVINE UNIFIED 69.0\%

8 LAGUNA BEACH UNIFIED 76.5\%
(9) LOS ALAMITOS UNIFIED 74.0\%
(10) NEWPORT-MESA UNIFIED
$60.0 \%$
(11) ORANGE UNIFIED 47.6\%
(11) PLACENTIA-YORBA LINDA UNIFIED 53.2\%
(13) SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED 53.4\%
(14) SANTA ANA UNIFIED 49.3\%
(15) TUSTIN UNIFIED 63.1\%

ORANGE COUNTY: 52.0\% CALIFORNIA: 46.8\%

Source: California Department of Education, DataQuest, 2018


# SAFE HOMES 

## AND

COMMUNITIES
INDICATORS

PREVENTABLE CHILD AND YOUTH DEATHS

UNINTENTIONAL INJURY DEATH RATE
PER 100,000 YOUTH 1 TO 19 YEARS OLD

## (T.9 $\begin{array}{ll}6.9 & 4.6 \\ 2007 & 2016\end{array}$

SUBSTANTIATED
CHILD ABUSE
SUBSTANTIATED CHILD ABUSE ALLEGATIONS RATE PER 1,000 CHILDREN 0 TO 17 YEARS OLD

## $\begin{array}{cc}11.2 & 6.4 \\ 2008 & 2017\end{array}$

JUVENILE ARRESTS
JUVENILE ARREST RATE PER 100,000 YOUTH 10 TO 17 YEARS OLD

$$
\underset{2007}{4,111} \begin{array}{cc}
1,332 \\
2016
\end{array}
$$

JUVENILE SUSTAINED PETITIONS

SUSTAINED PETITIONS PER 100,000 YOUTH 10 TO 17 YEARS OLD
(1) ⿺ㅡㄴ 는

## CHILD WELFARE

PERCENT OF CHILDREN ENTERING FOSTER CARE PLACED IN PERMANENT HOMES WITHIN 12 MONTHS

## (C) ${ }^{2 \times 5}$

GANG ACTIVITY AMONG YOUTH

JUVENILE GANG-RELATED
PROSECUTIONS PER 100,000 YOUTH 10 TO 17 YEARS OLD
(T) $\begin{array}{cc}144.4 & 26.9 \\ 2008 & 2017\end{array}$

UPWARD TREND IMPROVEMENT

DOWNWARD TREND IMPROVEMENT

UPWARD TREND UPWARD TREND
NEEDS IMPROVEMEN
(1) DOWNWARD TREND DOWNWARD TREND
NEEDS IMPROVEMENT


# PREVENTABLE CHILD AND YOUTH DEATHS 

## UNINTENTIONAL INJURIES DECLINE WHILE SUICIDE AND HOMICIDE RATES GRADUALLY INCREASE.

## DESCRIPTION OF INDICATOR

This indicator reports the number of deaths from unintentional and intentional injuries, including suicide and homicide. Leading causes of death by age group are also identified.

## Why is this important?

The death of every child is a tragedy for family and friends and a loss to the community. Along with the direct impact of a child's death, the child death rate in a community is an important indicator for public health advocates and policymakers. A high rate can point to underlying problems, such as violent neighborhoods or inadequate child supervision. ${ }^{1}$ Unintentional childhood mortality due to injury is strongly inversely related to median income and thus, a solid indicator of poverty. It can also point to inequities, for example, in access to health care or safe places to play. ${ }^{2}$ Because children are much more likely to die during the first year of life (infancy) than they are at older ages, trends in infant mortality are discussed separately (page 16).

## Findings

- Orange County's overall injury death rate for children has increased 2.2\% from 9.1 per 100,000 children ages one to 19 years in 2007 to 9.3 per 100,000 children in 2016, which is lower than California's rate of 11.3 in 2016.
- The unintentional injury death rate le.g., accidental poisoning, motor vehicle accident, or drowning) decreased $33 \%$ from a peak rate of 6.9 per 100,000 children in 2007 to 4.6 per 100,000 children in 2016.
- Despite this decrease, unintentional injuries accounted for the highest average number (37 per year) and rate ( 4.8 per 100,000 ) of all injury deaths to children between 2014 and 2016, followed by cancer (21 per year) and suicide (16 per year).
- Suicide rates for children have increased $150 \%$ from 1.0 per 100,000 children ages one to 19 years in 2007 to 2.5 per 100,000 children in 2016. Homicide rates have also increased by $72.7 \%$, from 1.1 per 100,000 children ages one to 19 years in 2007 to 1.9 per 100,000 children in 2016.
- Over half (52.3\%) of all child and youth deaths were among older teens (ages 15 to 19).
- Male mortality rate increased 54\% from 17.0 per 100,000 in 2015 to 26.2 per 100,000 in 2016. During the same period, the female mortality rate remained stable (13.7 per 100,000 in 2015 and 13.6 per 100,000 in 2016).
- White, Hispanic, and Asian/Pacific Islander groups had higher rates in 2016 when compared to 2015 (19.4 vs 13.9, 20.2 vs 16.8, and 21.2 vs 15.7, respectively).


## SAFE HOMES \& COMMUNITIES

Injury, Unintentional Injury, Suicide and Homicide, Rate Per 100,000 Children, One to 19 Years Old
2007 to 2016

- All Injury Deaths
- Unintentional Injury
- Suicide
- Homicide


## Source: Orange County Health Care Agency

Overall Mortality Rates for Children, One to 19 Years Old, by Race/Ethnicity Orange County, 2012 to 2016

White

- Hispanic
- Asian or Pacific Islander

Source: Orange County Health Care Agency


5


Leading Causes of Death for Children One to 19 Years Old, by Age Group and Number of Deaths, 2014-2016


## SUBSTANTIATED CHILD ABUSE

# SUBSTANTIATED ABUSE IS DECLINING; CHILDREN UNDER SIX MAKE UP THE GREATEST PROPORTION OF SUBSTANTIATED CHILD ABUSE. 

## DESCRIPTION OF INDICATOR

This indicator reports the unduplicated count of children with substantiated child abuse allegations. Allegations refer to the nature of abuse or neglect that a child is experiencing (e.g. sexual or physical). A substantiated child abuse allegation is determined by the investigator based upon evidence that makes it more likely than not that child abuse or neglect occurred as defined in Penal Code (PC) 1165.6. A substantiated allegation does not include a report where the investigator later found the report to be false, inherently improbable, to involve accidental injury, or to not constitute child abuse or neglect as defined in PC 1165.6.

## Why is this important?

Studies indicate that victims of child abuse are more likely to use drugs and alcohol, become homeless as adults, engage in violence against others and be incarcerated. The identification of a family in which a substantiated incident of abuse or neglect has occurred is important because it provides an opportunity for intervention to assure child safety. Once a child abuse referral is substantiated by the investigating social worker, safety threats for the child(ren) are identified and a social worker works with the family to develop a safety plan.

Findings

- In 2017, 31,683 children were the subject of one or more child abuse allegations in Orange County. Of these, $14.6 \%(4,628)$ of children had substantiated allegations of child abuse, higher than California in 2015, at 13.8\%.
- In 2017, substantiated allegations occurred at a rate of 6.4 per 1,000 children, a $42.9 \%$ decrease from 11.2 in 2008, and lower than California (7.5), with a $26.5 \%$ decrease from
10.2 in 2008. In 2014, there were approximately 692,235 maltreated children with substantiated allegations in the United States, a rate of 9.1 per thousand population, higher than Orange County and California. ${ }^{2}$
- Children under six made up the greatest proportion of substantiated allegations: children less than one year of age comprised 12.8\% of substantiated child abuse allegations and children one to five years old made up 30.7\% of allegations totaling $43.5 \%$. Children six to 10 years old made up 27.9\%; 11 to 15 years old, $21.2 \%$; and 16 to 17 years old, $7.4 \%$.
- In 2016, most (71.0\%) substantiated child abuse allegations were due to general neglect, followed by at-risk/sibling abuse (11.3\%), severe neglect (5.3\%), and sexual abuse (5.1\%) substantiated allegations. Physical abuse (3.8\%), caretaker absence ( $2.5 \%$ ), emotional abuse ( $0.3 \%$ ) and exploitation (0.8\%) made up the remaining types.

Substantiated Child Abuse
Allegations, Rate per 1,000 Children Under 18 Years Old
2008 to 2017
Orange County

- California

Note: Rates are based on unduplicated count of children.
Source: Orange County Social Services Agency, 2017

Total Number of Children with Child Abuse Allegations and Substantiated Allegations, 2008 to 2017

- Child Abuse Allegations
- Substantiated Allegations

Note: Numbers are based on unduplicated count of children.
Source: CWS/CMS 2016 Quarter 4 Extract, Orange County Social Services Agency






Note: N/A indicates data are not available. For Laguna Woods, this is due to the small number of children living in Laguna Woods.
Source: Orange County Social Services Agency, 2017

# PLACEMENT OF FOSTER CHILDREN IN PERMANENT HOMES EXCEEDS THE STATE FOR THE FIRST TIME IN SIX YEARS; HOWEVER, THE RATE OF CHILDREN REENTERING FOSTER CARE IS CLIMBING. 

## DESCRIPTION OF INDICATOR

This indicator reports on three measures of permanency following the placement of a child into foster care. "Permanency within 12 months" reports the percent of children placed in homes through reunification with the family, adoption or guardianship within 12 months of removal. "Reentry Following Reunification" tracks those children who reentered foster care within 12 months of reunification with the family or guardianship. "Exits to Permanency" is a measure of children who were in foster care for 24 months or longer, who were then transitioned to a permanent home, including reunified with the family, placed with a legal guardian, or adopted.'

Why is this important?
The placement of children in out-of-home care occurs when a child cannot remain safely with his or her family. ${ }^{2}$ Child abuse and neglect is a problem that crosses socioeconomic and racial/ ethnic boundaries with profound effect on the well-being of the children. The number of children growing to maturity in out-of-home care has gained considerable national, state and local attention. Too often these children experience many placements, which can lead to the inability to reunify with their families or attach to a new permanent family. Permanent placement of children helps prevent placement instability, which can be related to attachment disorders, poor educational outcomes, mental health and behavioral problems and negative adult outcomes.

## Findings

- In 2015/16, 38.8\% of Orange County children were placed in permanent homes within 12 months of entering foster care, higher than

California at 35.8\% for the first time in six years. The national goal is greater than or equal to $40.5 \%$.

- Of the nearly $40 \%$ of children who were placed in permanent homes within 12 months of entering foster care in 2015/16, reunification was the most common type of permanency (36.1\%), followed by adoption (1.6\%) and guardianship (1.1\%).
- The percent of children in Orange County reentering foster care within 12 months of reunification or guardianship increased for the third consecutive year. ${ }^{3}$ In 2014/15, the rate of reentry was $10.4 \%$, a $19.5 \%$ increase since 2005/06. ${ }^{4}$ California was higher at $10.7 \%$. The national goal is less than or equal to $9.3 \%$.
- In 2016/17, 28.6\% of children were in foster care for two years or more before being placed in a permanent home, 19.2\% higher than in 2007/08 ( $24.0 \%$ ). California is higher at $30.7 \%$. The national goal is greater than or equal to $30.3 \%$.


## SAFE HOMES \& COMMUNITIES

Percent of Children Entering Foster Care and Placed in a Permanent Home within 12 months, Orange County and California, 2006/07 to 2015/16


20

10

0
2006/07 2007/08 2008/09 2009/10 2010/11 2011/12 2012/13 2013/14 2014/15 2015/16

Source: CWS/CMS 2017 Quarter 4 Extract, UC Berkley Center for Social Services Research

Percent of Children Reentering Foster Care within 12 months of Reunification or Guardianship, Orange County and California, 2004/05 to 2014/15


0
2005/06 2006/07 2007/08 2008/09 2009/10 2010/11 2011/12 2012/13 2013/14 2014/15

[^8]Percent of Children Entering Foster Care and Placed in a Permanent Home within 12 months, by Type of Permanency, 2006/07 to 2015/16


Source: CWS/CMS 2017 Quarter 4 Extract, UC Berkley Center for Social Services Research

Percent of Children in Foster Care, 24+ Months, Placed in a Permanent Home, Orange County and California, 2007/08 to 2016/17


0
2007/08 2008/09 2009/10 2010/11 2011/12 2012/13 2013/14 2014/15 2015/16 2016/17

[^9]
## JUVENILE ARRESTS

## JUVENILE ARRESTS DROP 70\% IN 10 YEARS.

## DESCRIPTION OF INDICATOR

This indicator tracks youth 10-17 years old who have been taken into custody in a manner authorized by law. An arrest may be made by a peace officer or by a private person. It may be a felony, misdemeanor, status, or infraction. Felonies generally include violent crimes (such as murder, assault, and rape), some property and drug-related offenses, plus other more serious offenses. Misdemeanor offenses include crimes such as assault and battery, petty theft, other drug and alcohol-related offenses and many less serious offenses. Status offenses are acts that are considered offenses only when committed by a juvenile, such as truancy or curfew violations. Infractions include non "criminal" charges such as seatbelt violations, speeding tickets, littering citations and running a red light.

Why is this important?
An arrest is usually the first formal encounter a youth has with the juvenile justice system. It is particularly important that at this onset of criminal activity, a pattern of juvenile delinquency does not continue into adulthood. More importantly, the flow of youthful offenders into the justice system should be prevented. Research shows that early intervention in children's lives can effectively reduce later crime. ${ }^{1}$ Prevention programs positively impact the general public because they stop crime from happening in the first place. ${ }^{2}$ Various cost-benefit analyses show that early prevention programs are a worthwhile investment of government resources compared with prison and other criminal justice responses. ${ }^{3}$

Findings

- In 2016, there were 4,521 juvenile arrests in Orange County, and 62,646 in California.
- Between 2007 and 2016, there was a $69.8 \%$ decrease in the total number of juvenile arrests in Orange County, dropping from 14,988 arrests to 4,521 arrests.
- Orange County's juvenile arrest rate in 2016 was 1,332 per 100,000 youth 10 to 17 years old, a decrease of $67.6 \%$ from 2007, compared to California at 1,500 per 100,000 youth, a decrease of $70.4 \%$ since 2007 .
- In Orange County, misdemeanors accounted for $57.1 \%(2,581)$, felonies for $26.4 \%(1,195)$ and status offenses for $16.5 \%$ (745) of arrests among youth ages 17 years and under in 2016.
- In 2016, 8.2\% (110) of fatal and injury collisions due to driving under the influence of alcohol involved youth under the age of 21 years; $71 \%$ of those youth were male.
- Among 18 to 20 year olds, DUI convictions have increased by $4 \%$ since 2004 with a peak of 1,226 convictions in 2009. Among youth under 18 years, there was a $12 \%$ decrease since 2004, with a peak of 84 convictions in $2008 .{ }^{4}$


## SAFE HOMES \& COMMUNITIES

Juvenile Arrest Rate per 100,000 Youth 10 to 17 Years Old
Orange County and California, 2007 to 2016

- California
- Orange County

Note: 2007 to 2012 figures were based on population projections as of 2007 while 2013 and 2014 figures were based on revised projections as of December 2014. 2015 figures were based on revised projections as of February 2017.
Sources: Criminal Justice Statistics Center, California Department of Justice Demographic Research Unit, California State Department of Finance

$1,000=$
$\begin{array}{lllllllllll}0 & 2007 & 2008 & 2009 & 2010 & 2011 & 2012 & 2013 & 2014 & 2015 & 2016\end{array}$

Percent Youth 0-20 Years in Fatal and Injury Collisions by "Had Been Drinking Drivers," by Age 2011 to 2016

DUI Convictions in Orange County, by Age
2006 to 2015
18-20 Under 18


Note: The number of DUI convictions per year are based on data from two years prior. DUI conviction
data for 2016 were not available at time of printing.
Source: Annual Reports of the California DUI Management Information System (2006-2016)

Percent of Juvenile Arrests, by City, Youth 10 to 17 Years Old 2016



# JUVENILE SUSTAINED PETITIONS 

## JUVENILE SUSTAINED PETITION RATES DECLINE; HISPANIC YOUTH COMPRISE NEARLY 80\% OF ALL PETITIONS.

## DESCRIPTION OF INDICATOR

This indicator reports number and percent of juvenile petitions that are sustained. After a juvenile arrest, a referral is typically made by the arresting officer to the Probation Department for further processing. The probation officer decides whether a referral is dismissed, the juvenile is placed on informal probation or a petition will be sought for a formal court hearing. When a petition is sustained by the court, the juvenile becomes a ward of the court. A ward is either allowed to go home under the supervision of a probation officer or ordered for detention in a juvenile institution.

Why is this important?
Sustained juvenile petitions are similar to an adult criminal conviction. They indicate where and what types of crimes are occurring among youth. Many agencies have a role to play in helping to meet California's goal of rehabilitation for youth who have a sustained petition, including schools, social services agencies, and community-based organizations. Knowledge about sustained juvenile petitions can help provide strategic direction to prevention, early intervention, and rehabilitation efforts in Orange County.

## Findings

- In 2016, there were 2,412 total juvenile petitions. Of these, 1,501 were sustained petitions ( $62 \%$ ), a 43.5\% decrease from $2013(2,657)$.
- The rate of sustained petitions was 442 per 100,000 youth ages 10 to 17 years old in 2016, a 44.8\% decrease from 2013 (800 per 100,000 youth), and a 57.8\% decrease from 2003 (1,048 per 100,000 youth).
- Sustained petitions were highest among youth 15 to 17 years old who comprised $88.9 \%$ of total sustained petitions, followed by youth 12 to 14 years old ( $11.0 \%$ ) and youth 11 years and younger (0.1\%).
- When assessed by race and ethnicity, Hispanic youth ( $78.8 \%$ ) had the most sustained petitions, followed by White (12.1\%), Black (4.7\%), Asian (2.2\%), and Other (2.2\%) youth in 2016.
- Across genders, the vast majority of sustained petitions were on juvenile males (85.3\%), with juvenile females accounting for 14.7\% of sustained petitions in 2016.


## SAFE HOMES \& COMMUNITIES

Juvenile Sustained Petitions, Rate per 100,000 Youth 10 to 17 Years Old, Orange County, 2003, 2013 to 2016


Source: Orange County Probation, Research Division

Percent of Juvenile Arrests with a Sustained Petition, Youth 10 to 17 Years Old, by Age, 2016

- 10-11 Years of Age
- 12-14 Years of Age
- 15-17 Years of Age

Source: Orange County Probation, Research Division
Percent of Total Juvenile Sustained Petitions, Youth 10 to 17 Years Old, by Race/Ethnicity, 2013 to 2016


Source: Orange County Probation, Research Division


Juvenile Sustained Petitions, Rate per 100,000,
Youth 10 to 17 years old, by City, 2016

| (1) ALISO VIEJO 173.9 | $(13$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LA HABRA } \\ & 538.6 \end{aligned}$ | (77) SAN CLEMENTE $86.6$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (2) ANAHEIM 837.0 | 14 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LA PALMA } \\ & 121.1 \end{aligned}$ | (28) SAN JUAN CAPISTRANO 409.7 |
| (3) BREA 173.4 | $(15$ | LAGUNA BEACH 265.4 | (77) SANTA ANA |
| (4) BUENA PARK 264.8 | $(18)$ | LAGUNA HILLS $253.5$ | $929.9$ <br> (e8) SEAL BEACH |
| (5) COSTA MESA 512.3 | 17 | LAGUNA NIGUEL $268.3$ | 0.0 <br> (29) STANTON |
| (B) CYPRESS 117.0 | 18 | LAKE FOREST $273.7$ | 673.3 <br> (31) TUSTIN |
| 7 DANA POINT 329.6 | 13 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LOS ALAMITOS } \\ & 0.0 \end{aligned}$ | 368.9 <br> 31) WESTMINSTER 226.5 |
| (8) FOUNTAIN VALLEY 90.6 | (2) | MISSION VIEJO $216.2$ | (32) YORBA LINDA |
| (3) FULLERTON 411.1 | (2) | NEWPORT BEACH $37.0$ | 153.2 |
| (11) GARDEN GROVE 497.5 | (2) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ORANGE } \\ & 780.6 \end{aligned}$ | ORANGE COUNTY: $438.1$ |
| (11) HUNTINGTON BEACH <br> 126.5 | (3) | PLACENTIA <br> 377.3 | N/A |
| (12) IRVINE 120.8 | (24) | RANCHO SANTA MARGARITA 28.6 |  |



# GANG ACTIVITY AMONG YOUTH 

# GANG-RELATED PROSECUTIONS DECLINE SIGNIFICANTLY OVER THE PAST DECADE. 

## DESCRIPTION OF INDICATOR

This indicator reports the number and rate of gang-related prosecutions of juveniles under the age of 18.' ${ }^{1}$ Gang-related prosecutions involve charges related to active gang membership and/or committing a crime at the direction of a criminal street gang, with other gang members and/or for the benefit of a gang. ${ }^{2}$

## Why is this important?

Data consistently shows that gang members are responsible for a disproportionately high number of crimes committed by youthful offenders. Compared to other delinquent youth, gang members are more extensively involved in serious and violent criminal behavior. Juvenile gang members commit serious and violent offenses at a rate several times higher than non-gang adolescents. Gang crime often involves offenses such as weapons possession, drug trafficking, carjacking, assault and murder. ${ }^{3}$ According to the 2015 National Gang Report, neighborhood street gangs continue to be a significant threat to local jurisdictions across the country. ${ }^{4}$ From a societal standpoint, the issue of juvenile gangs is one that requires swift action for both the well-being and safety of communities and the youth who get caught up in gang life. The Orange County District Attorney's office seeks to reduce juvenile gang crime both by prosecuting those crimes and collaborating with other agencies to prevent juveniles from joining gangs via the Orange County Gang Reduction and Intervention Partnership (OC GRIP). OC GRIP focuses its work on reducing truancy and providing gang prevention and resiliency building curricula. As a result of OC GRIP, in 2016/17, 89\% of students have decreased truancy and about $60 \%$ of students receiving its curricula reported increased well-being and resiliency.

Findings ${ }^{5}$

- In 2017, 4\% of juvenile prosecutions were gang-related, down from 15\% in 2008.
- Between 2008 and 2017, the total number of juvenile gang-related prosecutions in Orange County decreased 84\%, from 859 in 2008 to 136 in 2017.
- Also, the number of unique juveniles prosecuted for gang-related offenses in Orange County dropped $82 \%$ from 625 in 2008 to 110 in 2017.
- The rate of juvenile gang-related prosecutions declined $81 \%$ from 144.4 per 100,000 youth aged 10 to 17 in 2008 to 26.9 per 100,000 in 2017 .
- Older teens accounted for the majority of gangrelated activity, with teens ages 15-17 comprising $84 \%$ of the total number of juveniles in 2017 who were prosecuted for gang-related offenses.
- In 2017, Hispanic youth represented the highest percentage of juvenile gang-related prosecutions (91.8\%), followed by Asian (3.6\%), Black ( $2.7 \%$ ), White $(<1 \%)$ and Other $(<1 \%)$ youth.
- The communities most impacted by juvenile gang-related crime in 2017 were Anaheim and Santa Ana, as $69 \%$ of the juvenile gang-related filings originated in these cities.

Number of Juvenile Gang-Related Prosecutions and Number of Unique Juveniles Prosecuted for Gang-Related Offenses 10 to 17 Years Old, 2008 to 2017

- Number of Gang Related Prosecutions
- Number of Unique Juveniles Prosecuted

Source: Orange County District Attorney's Office

Number of Unique Juveniles with Gang-Related Prosecutions and Rate Per 100,000 Youth 10 to 17 Years Old with Gang-Related Prosecutions,
by Age, 2008 to 2017

- 15 to 17 years old
- 10 to 14 years old
- Rate per 100,000 10-17 years old

Note: Rate is calculated using two data sources. The Orange County District Attorney's Office provided gang-related prosecution data. The U.S. Census provided data for the total 10-17 year-old population in 2017.
Source: Orange County District Attorney's Office
Source: U.S. Census American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates, Table B01001



Percent of Unique Juveniles with Gang-Related Prosecutions, by Race/Ethnicity, 10 to 17 Years Old 2008 and 2017

Hispanic

- Asian
- White
- Black

Other/Unknown

[^10]

Supplemental tables are available online at http://ochealthinfo.com/phs/about/family/occp/report

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 78 | Deaths, by Cause, 2007 to 2016 |
| Number and Percent of Children Uninsured, by Race/Ethnicity, 2010 to 2016 | Births Suffering nicity, 2007 to 20 |
| Enr | Three Year Average Rate per 1,000 Live Births Suffering Infant Mortality, by Race and Ethnicity, 2008-2016. |
| Indicator: EARLY PRENATAL CARE . . . . . . . . . . . . . 79 |  |
|  | $\underline{1}$ |
| California and the United States, by Year, 2007 to 2016... 79 | in Orange County and California, 2012-2017 |
| Received Early Prenatal Care, by Race/Ethnicity 2007 to 2016 |  |
|  | Indicator: IMMUNIZATIONS ....................... 95 |
| Total Number and Percent of Births, by City and Community, 2007 to 2016 | Percent of Adequately Immunized Children <br> Enrolling in School Between 2008 through 2017 <br> in Orange County and California ....................... . 95 <br> Secondary Indicator: DEVELOPMENTAL DISABLITIES . . 96 |
| Number and Percent of Infants, by Birth Weight and Race and Ethnicity, 2007 to 2016 |  |
| Low Birth Weight and Very Low Birth Weight by Maternal Age, 2016. |  |
| Secondary Indicator: INFANTS BORN WITH ABNORMAL CONDITIONS. | Total Number of Children Under 18 Years of Age Receiving Services for Developmental Disabilities, by Race/Ethnicity, 2008 to 2017 |
| Number and Rate Per 1,000 Live Births of Infants Born with Selected Abnormal Conditions, by Race/Ethnicity, 2007 to 2016 | Total Number of Children by Age Groups and Number and Percent of Children with a Diagnosis of Autism Served, by the Regional Center of Orange County (RCOC), July 2013 to July 2018. . . . . . . . . 97 |
| by Selected Abnorma |  |
|  | Indicator: PHYSICAL ACTIVITY AND NUTRITION ....... 98 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Percent of Preterm Births, by Mother's Age, } \\ & 2007 \text { to } 2016 \text {. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . } \end{aligned}$ | Percent of 5th, 7th and 9th Grade Students in Healthy Fitness Zone (HFZ) for Aerobic Capacity, 2011/12 to 2016/17 |
| Percent Preterm (17-36 Completed Weeks of Gestation), 2007 to 2016 . | Percent of Students in Healthy Fitness Zone for Aerobic Capacity, by Grade and Race/Ethnicity, 2011/12 to 2016/17 |
| Pe |  |
|  | Percent of 5th Grade Students Classified as Needs Improvement Based on Health Risk for Aerobic Capacity, by Race/Ethnicity, |
| Percent Preterm for Orange County, California and United States, 2007 to 2016. |  |
|  | 20 |
|  | Indicator: OBESITY |
| Indicator: TERM BIRTHS.......................... . 88 | Percent of 5th, 7th and 9th Grade Students in Healthy Fitness Zone (HFZ) for Body Composition 2011/12 to 2016/17 $\qquad$ 99 |
| Total Number and Percent of Term Infant Births by Race and Ethnicity, 2016 |  |
| Total Number and Percent of Total Term Infant Births by Mother's Age, 2016 | Percent of Students Meeting Healthy Fitness Zone (HFZ) Standards for Body Composition, by Grade and Race/Ethnicity, 2011/12 to 2016/17 . . . . 100 |
| Total Number and Percent of Term Infant Births <br> by Birth Type, 2016 ................................... . 89 | Percent of 5th Grade Students Classified as Needs Improvement Based on Health Risk for Body Composition, by Race/ and Ethnicity, 2011/12 to 2016/17 ....................................... 101 |
| Total Number and Percent of Term Infant Birth by Delivery Type, 2016. |  |
| Secondary Indicator: SUBSTANCE-EXPOSED INFANTS . . | Indicator: TEEN BIRTHS......................... 102 |
| Protective Custody (or petition for dependency filed) as a Result of Testing Positive for Substance Exposure at Birth, 2007/08 to 2016/17 | Birth Rate per 1,000 Females Aged 15-19 Years in Orange County, California and United States, 2007 to 2016 . $\qquad$ |
|  | Percent of Teen Births (19 and Under) of Total <br> Births in Orange County, 2007 to 2016 . . . . . . . . . . . . . 102 |

Number and Birth Rates, by Age of Mother(19 Years and Under) per 1,000 Females, 2007 to 2016. 102Birth Rate per 1,000 Female Teen Population15-19 Years of Age, by Race and Ethnicity, 2007 to 2016. 102Percent of Population, Total Births and Birthsto Teens (19 and Under), by Race and Ethnicity,2007 to 2016103
Number of Teen Births and Teen Birth Rates* per 1,000 females $15-19$ years of age, by Age and Race/Ethnicity, 2007 to 2016 ..... 104
Number of Live Births, by Mothers Age 15 to 19 and Birth Rate per 1,000 Females, by City of Residence, 2012 to 2016. ..... 105
Secondary Indicator: SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED DISEASES ..... 106
Number and STD Case Rates Per 100,000 Youth 10-17 Years Old, by Type of Disease, 2008-2017. . . . . . . 106Number of STD's Among Youth 10-17 Years of
Age, by Gender and Type of Disease, 2008-2017 ..... 107
Number and STD Case Rates* per 100,000 Youth, By Age Group and Type of Disease, 2008-2017. ..... 108
Indicator: BEHAVIORAL HEALTH ..... 109
Number of Children and Young Adults throughAge 25 Served by Children and Youth BehavioralHealth, 2007/08 to 2016/17.109
Number of Clients Served by Children and Youth Behavioral Health, by Race/Ethnicity, 2008/09 to 2016/17 ..... 109
Number of Services, by Type of Outpatient Program, 2007/08 to 2016/17 ..... 109
Number of Bed Days, by Type of Inpatient Placements, 2007/08 to 2016/17 ..... 109
Secondary Indicator: SUBSTANCE ABUSE SERVICES. ..... 110
Number of Children and Young Adults through Age 25 Served by Children and Youth Behavioral Health, 2007/08 to 2016/17 ..... 110
Substance Abuse Services: Number and Percent, by Discharge Status, 2007/08 to 2016/17 ..... 111
Number and Percent of Adolescents Receiving Substance Abuse Services, by Drug of Choice and Age, 2007/08 to 2016/17. ..... 112
Number and Percent of Adolescents Receiving
Treatment Services, by Race/Ethnicity and Gender, 2007/08 to 2016/17 ..... 113
Number and Percent of Referrals to Substance
Abuse Treatment, by Source, 2007/08 to 2016/17 ..... 114
Secondary Indicator: CHILDHOOD LEAD POISONING ..... 115
Number of Individual Children Ages 0-20 Years with Elevated Blood Lead Levels ( $4.5 \mathrm{mcg} / \mathrm{dL}$ or higher), 2007-2016 ..... 115
ECONOMIC WELL-BEING INDICATORS ..... 116
Indicator: CHILD POVERTY ..... 117Percent of Children Under 18 Years Old, Livingin Poverty, and Families Living in Poverty,Orange County and California, 2007 to 2016117
Number and Percent of Students Eligibleto Receive Free and Reduced Price Lunch,By District, 2017/18118
Secondary Indicator: AVERAGE DOLLAR EXPENDITURE PER PUPIL ..... 138
Annual Expenditure Per Pupil (K-12), by District, 2007/08 to 2016/17 ..... 138
Average Expenditure Per Pupil, by District Level for Orange County and California, 2007/8 to 2016/17 . . ..... 139
Indicator: KINGERGARTEN READINESS. ..... 140
Number and Percent of Children Developmentally Vulnerable on One or More Areas, by Community, 2018. 141Percent of Children Developmentally Vulnerableor At Risk on One or More Areas and On Trackon all Areas, by Community, 2018141
Percent of Children Developmentally Vulnerable or At Risk on One or More Areas and On Track
on all Areas, by Student Characteristic, 2018. ..... 141
Indicator: ACADEMIC PERFORMANCE, THIRD GRADE ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS AND MATHEMATICS ..... 144
Number and Percent of 10th Grade Students Who Passed English Language Arts and Math, by School District, March 2015. ..... 144
Indicator: HIGH SCHOOL DROPOUT RATES ..... 145
Number and Percent of Grade 9-12 Cohort
Dropouts, by District, 2009/10 to 2016/17 ..... 145
Number and Percent of Grade 9-12 Cohort Dropouts, by Race/Ethnicity, 2009/10 to 2016/17 ..... 146
Secondary Indicator: HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATION . ..... 147
Number and Percent of Grade 9-12 Cohort Graduates, by District, 2010/11 to 2016/17 ..... 147
Percent of Graduates, by Race/Ethnicity, 2010/11 to 2016/17 ..... 148
Secondary Indicator: SAT REASONING TEST ..... 148
Average Combined SAT Reasoning Test Scores* for Orange County, California and the United States, 2007/08 to 2015/16 ..... 148
Percent of High school Students Meeting Benchmarks for ELA and Math for Orange County, California and the United States, 2016/17. . . . . 148Comparison of Lowest and Highest FRL withPercent of Students Meeting Benchmarks byDistrict 2016/17149
Percent of High School Students Meeting Benchmarks for ELA and Math, by District, for Orange County and California, 2016/17 ..... 149
Indicator: COLLEGE READINESS ..... 150
Number of High School Graduates with UC/CSU Required Courses, by School District, 2007/08 to 2016/17 ..... 150
Number and Percent of High School Graduates with UC/CSU Required Courses, by Race/ Ethnicity, 2007/08 to 2016/17 ..... 151
Secondary Indicator: SPECIAL EDUCATION ..... 152
Number of K-12 Students Receiving Special
Education Services, by Type of Disability, for Orange County and California, 2008 to 2017. ..... 152
Number of Students Receiving Special Education Services, by Age and Type of Disability, 2008 to 2017 ..... 153
SAFE HOMES AND COMMUNITIES INDICATORS ..... 155
Secondary Indicator: CHILD MORTALITY ..... 156
Overall Death Rate Per 100,000 Childrenand Youth 1 to 19 Years of Age, 2007-2016156
Number of Deaths and Rate Per 100,000
Population for Persons 0 to 19 Years of Age from
Unintentional Injury Homicide and Suicide, 2007-2016. ..... 156
Death Rate per 100,000 Population for PersonsAge 0-19 Years from Unintentional Injury,Homicide and Suicide, by Age Group and Gender,2007-2016157
Death Rate Per 100,000 Persons 0-19 Years of
Age, by Race/Ethnicity and Cause, 2007-2016 ..... 158
Secondary Indicator: UNINTENTIONAL INJURY DEATHS ..... 159
Number and Rate per 100,000 Persons of
Unintentional Injury Deaths, by Age Group, 2007-2016. ..... 159
Number and Rate per 100,000 Persons 0 to 19Years of Age for Unintentional Injury Deaths,by Gender, 2007-2016159
Number and Rate per 100,000 Persons 0 to 19 Years of Age for Unintentional Injury Deaths, by Cause, 2007-2016 ..... 160
Number and Rate per 100,000 Persons 0 to 19 Years of Age for Unintentional Injury Deaths, by Race/Ethnicity, 2007-2016 ..... 160
Secondary Indicator: HOMICIDE
DEATHS/LEGAL INTERVENTIONS ..... 161
Number and Rate per 100,000 Persons of
Homicide Deaths, by Age Group, 2007-2016 ..... 161
Number and Rate per 100,000 Persons 0 to 19
Years of Age for Homicide Deaths, by Gender,2007-2016161
Number and Rate per 100,000 Persons 0 to 19 Years of Age for Homicide Deaths, by Race/Ethnicity, 2007-2016 ..... 162
Percent of Homicides of Total Deaths from Unintentional Injury, Homicide and Suicide for Persons 0 to 19 Years of Age, 2007-2016. ..... 162
Homicides Death Rate Per 100,000 Persons 0 to 19 Years of Age in Orange County and California, 2007-2016 ..... 162
Secondary Indicator: SUICIDE DEATHS ..... 163
Number and Rate per 100,000 Persons of Suicide
Deaths, by Age Group, 2007-2016 ..... 163
Number and Rate per 100,000 Persons 0 to 19Years of Age for Suicide Deaths, by Gender,2007-2016.163
Number and Rate per 100,000 Persons 0 to 19Years of Age for Suicide Deaths, by Race andEthnicity, 2007-2016164
Total Number and Rate per 100,000 Populationof Leading Causes of Death, by Age Group,2007-2016164
Total Number and Rate per 100,000 Populationof Leading Causes of Death, by Age Group,2007-2016 (continued).165
Secondary Indicator: CHILD AND YOUTH DEATHS ..... 170
Manner of Death, Children Less than 18 Yearsof Age, 2017170
Secondary Indicator: MOTOR VEHICLE ACCIDENTS ..... 171
Number of Victims 0 to 19 Years of Age Killedor Injured as a Result of Motor VehicleAccidents*, by Age Group, 2007-2016171
Secondary Indicator: CHILDREN AND GUNS ..... 172
Number of Gun-Related Incidents with Children 0 to 19 Years of Age, by Type of Incident, 2007-2016 ..... 172
Indicator: SUBSTANTIATED CHILD ABUSE ALLEGATIONS ..... 173
Counts of Children with One or More Reports, by Age and Disposition, 2017 ..... 173Substantiated Child Abuse Allegations, byPercent for Children Under 18 Years, by Typeof Abuse, 2008-2017173
Total Number of Children with One or More Child Abuse Allegations and Substantiated Allegations, 2008-2017 ..... 174
Secondary Indicator: CHILD ABUSE - DEPENDENCY PETITIONS ..... 176
Number and Percent of Dependency Petitions
Filed, 2007/08 to 2016/17 ..... 176
Percent of "Recurrence of Maltreatment"in 12- month Time Period for children with aSubstantiated Child Abuse Allegation OrangeCounty and California, 2006/07 to 2015/16176
Secondary Indicator: DEPENDENTS OF THE COURT. ..... 177
Monthly Number of Dependents of the Court by End of Month Cases, 2007/08 to 2016/17 ..... 177
Percent of Children by Race/Ethnicity in Out-of-Home Care, April 2009 to April 2018 ..... 178
Wraparound Referrals by Agency and Year, 2007/08 to 2016/17 ..... 178
Average Monthly Number of Children in Out-of-Home Care, 2007/08 to 2016/17 ..... 178
Secondary Indicator: FOSTER CARE ..... 179
Number and Percent of Placement Type, April 2009-April 2018 ..... 179
Children and Family Services - Out-Of-Home Placements by Age and City of Placement, April 2018 ..... 180
Number of Placement Moves: Number of Placement Moves Per Day for Children in Foster Care in a 12 Month Period, 2007/08 to 2016/17 ..... 182
Indicator: CHILD WELFARE ..... 182
Percent of Children Reaching Reunificationand Guardianship within 12 Months and ReentryFollowing Reunification and Guardianship,Orange County and California, 2006/07 to 2015/16 . . . . 182
Secondary Indicator: ADOPTIONS ..... 183
Percent with Finalized Adoptions within 12 and 24
Months, Orange County and California, 2005/06to 2014/15.183
Secondary Indicator: EMANCIPATION SERVICES ..... 184
Youth Who Received Independent Living Program Services, 2000/01 to 2007/08 ..... 184
Youth Who Received Independent Living Services,
2009/10 to 2014/15 ..... 185
Indicator: JUVENILE ARRESTS ..... 186
Orange County Juvenile Arrests 10 to 17 Years Old, 2007-2016 ..... 186
Juvenile Arrests by City Youth 10 to 17 Years Old, 2007 to 2016 ..... 187
Number of Juvenile Arrests and Rates Per
100,000 Youth Ages 10 to 17, Orange County and California, 2007 to 2016 ..... 188
Secondary Indicator: REFERRALS TO PROBATION ..... 189
Total Probation Referrals with Final Case Disposition, 2007 to 2016 ..... 189
Probation Referrals, by City of Residence*, 2007 to 2016 ..... 191
Total Felony Referrals Broken Down by Offense at Time of Arrest, 2007 to 2016 ..... 192
Total Number and Percent of Probation Referrals,
by Final Case Disposition, 2007 to 2016 ..... 194
Total Number and Percent of Probation Referrals, by Race and Ethnicity, 2007 to 2016 ..... 195Total Number and Rate per 100,000 of ProbationReferrals Incarcerated in County Institutionsand the Division of Juvenile Justice CaliforniaDepartment of Corrections \& Rehabilitation,2007 to 2016195
Indicator: JUVENILE SUSTAINED PETITIONS ..... 196
Juvenile Sustained Petitions by City Referred Youth 10-17 Years Old, 2016 ..... 196
Juvenile Sustained Petitions Youth 10 to 17 Years Old, by Sex, 2016 ..... 197
Juvenile Sustained Petitions Youth 10 to 17 Years Old, by Age, 2016 ..... 197
Juvenile Sustained Petitions Youth 10 to 17
Years Old, by Race and Ethnicity, 2016 ..... 197
Indicator: GANG ACTIVITY AMONG YOUTH ..... 198
Gang Related Prosecutions by Crime Type, 2008 to 2017 ..... 198Number of Gang Related Prosecutions,Total and by Unique Individuals, and Percentby Repeat Offenders, 2008 to 2017198
Number and Percent of Gang Related
Prosecutions, by Age, 2008 to 2017 ..... 199
Number and Percent of Gang Related
Prosecutions, by Race and Ethnicity, 2008 to 2017 ..... 199

## GOOD HEALTH INDICATORS



## Supplemental Tables: Good Health

## Indicator: ACCESS TO HEALTH CARE

Number and Percent of Children Uninsured, by Race/Ethnicity, 2010 to 2016

|  | 2010 |  | 2011 |  | 2012 |  | 2013 |  | 2014 |  | 2015 |  | 2016 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% |
| Hispanic | 51,600 | 15.0 | 40,124 | 11.5 | 35,600 | 10.2 | 14,677 | 4.3 | 35,571 | 10.3 | 23,148 | 6.8 | 10,602 | 3.2 |
| Asian | 7,831 | 6.7 | 7,300 | 6.3 | 8,005 | 6.8 | 3,522 | 3.0 | 8,098 | 7.1 | 4,122 | 3.7 | 2,747 | 2.2 |
| White | 10,951 | 4.7 | 11,437 | 5.0 | 5,519 | 2.5 | 5,512 | 2.6 | 10,240 | 4.7 | 6,483 | 3.0 | 3,962 | 1.9 |
| Other | 1,114 | 2.6 | 1,584 | 1.8 | 1,760 | 4.0 | 736 | 1.5 | 1,429 | 3.0 | 2,341 | 4.5 | 815 | 1.8 |
| Total | 71,496 |  | 60,445 |  | 50,884 |  | 24,447 |  | 55,338 |  | 36,094 |  | 18,126 |  |

Source: ACS (1 YR estimates, 2012-2016)
Other includes: Black/African American, AIAN, 2+ races, and Other races

Enrollment by Program, January 2008 to January 2018

|  | Medi-Cal Under 18 | Healthy Families | California Kids | Kaiser Permanente | Healthy Kids | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2008 | 179,746 | 78,407 | 4,094 | 6,893 | 881 | 270,021 |
| 2009 | 188,175 | 84,285 | 3,628 | 7,659 | 987 | 284,734 |
| 2010 | 205,834 | 82,831 | 2,752 | 8,252* | 1,046 | 300,715 |
| 2011 | 216,528 | 81,752 | 1,590 | 6,716* | 116 | 306,702 |
| 2012 | 219,418 | 81,928 | 798 | 6,405* | 0 | 308,549 |
| 2013 | 255,695 | 44,515 | 650 | 7,523 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | ** | 308,383 |
| 2014 | 307,879 | 142 | 555 | 6,752 ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | ** | 315,328 |
| 2015 | 340,419 | ** | ** | ** | ** | 340,419 |
| 2016 | 342,361 | ** | ** | 6,078 ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | ** | 348,439 |
| 2017 | 333,252 ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | ** | ** | 3,962 ${ }^{\text {e }}$ | ** | 337,214 |
| 2018 | 320,861 ${ }^{\text {f }}$ | ** | ** | 1,270 ${ }^{\text {9 }}$ | ** | 322,131 |

*Number shown is for previous month (data not available for January).
**Data not available.
a. Data from March 2013
b. Data from September 2014
c. Data from May 2016
d. Data from January 2017
 our remaining CHP members appear to be eligible for Medi-Cal under SB75 (i.e., full scope Medi-Cal for low income children under age 19 regardless of immigration status).
f. Data from January 2018.
g. Data from January 2018.

Source: Orange County Health Care Agency
Source: Kaiser Permanente

## Supplemental Tables: Good Health

Indicator: EARLY PRENATAL CARE

Total Number and Percent of Women who Received Early Prenatal Care in Orange County, California and the United States, by Year, 2007 to 2016

| PRENATAL CARE | 2007 |  | 2008 |  | 2009 |  | 2010 |  | 2011 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% |
| Orange County | 38,727 | 88.0 | 37,267 | 87.8 | 35,650 | 88.2 | 34,018 | 89.0 | 33,780 | 88.7 |
| California* | 459,188 | 81.1 | 445,108 | 80.7 | 428,449 | 81.3 | 416,759 | 81.7 | 410,213 | 81.7 |
| United States** | 1,539,201 | 70.8 | 1,824,340 | 71.0*** | 1,862,867 | 72.1 | 2,123,146 | 73.1 | 2,317,653 | 73.7 |
| PRENATAL CARE | 2012 |  | 2013 |  | 2014 |  | 2015 |  | 2016 |  |
|  | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% |
| Orange County | 33,814 | 88.6 | 32,885 | 88.3 | 33,245 | 86.1 | 32,038 | 85.2 | 32,188 | 84.4 |
| California* | 412,679 | 81.9 | 406,035 | 82.1 | 418,279 | 83.2 | 409,489 | 84.6 | N/A | N/A |
| United States** | 2,444,021 | 74.1 | 2,520,779 | 74.2 | 2,824,607 | 76.7 | 2,854,065 | 77.0 | 3,042,271 | 77.1 |

N/A: Not Available
*CA data were obtained from California Department of Health, Vital Statistics Query System.
** Source for U.S. data: Centers for Disease Control, National Center for Health Statistics. 2012 data are based on 38 reporting areas (States and Territories) that used the revised birth certificate.
***Data are based on 27 reporting areas (States and Territories) that used the revised birth certificate.
Source: Orange County Health Care Agency

Total Number and Percent of Women who Received Early Prenatal Care, by Race/Ethnicity, 2007 to 2016

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| TRIMESTER | Total | $\%$ | White | $\%$ | Black | $\%$ | Hispanic | $\%$ | Asian | $\%$ | Other* |

## Supplemental Tables: Good Health

Total Number and Percent of Women who Received Early Prenatal Care, by Race/Ethnicity, 2006 to 2016 (Continued)

| TRIMESTER | Total | \% | White | \% | Black | \% | Hispanic | \% | Asian | \% | Other* | \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2011 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First | 33,780 | 88.7 | 10,623 | 92.5 | 374 | 82.7 | 15,815 | 86.2 | 5,924 | 90.7 | 664 | 84.7 |
| Second | 3,253 | 8.5 | 626 | 5.4 | 57 | 12.6 | 1,950 | 10.6 | 470 | 7.2 | 88 | 11.2 |
| Third | 600 | 1.6 | 123 | 1.1 | 13 | 2.9 | 344 | 1.9 | 81 | 1.2 | 18 | 2.3 |
| No Care | 90 | 0.2 | 25 | 0.2 | 0 | 0.0 | 54 | 0.3 | 5 | 0.1 | 4 | 0.5 |
| Unknown Care | 377 | 1.0 | 90 | 0.8 | 8 | 1.8 | 194 | 1.1 | 54 | 0.8 | 10 | 1.3 |
| TOTAL | 38,100 | 100.0 | 11,487 | 100.0 | 452 | 100.0 | 18,357 | 100.0 | 6,534 | 100.0 | 784 | 100.0 |
| 2012 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First | 33,814 | 88.6 | 10,369 | 92.7 | 369 | 82.9 | 15,271 | 86.1 | 6,647 | 89.5 | 646 | 84.6 |
| Second | 3,152 | 8.3 | 559 | 5.0 | 51 | 11.5 | 1,899 | 10.7 | 506 | 6.8 | 80 | 10.5 |
| Third | 574 | 1.5 | 113 | 1.0 | 13 | 2.9 | 317 | 1.8 | 94 | 1.3 | 17 | 2.2 |
| No Care | 93 | 0.2 | 36 | 0.3 | 3 | 0.7 | 43 | 0.2 | 8 | 0.1 | 2 | 0.3 |
| Unknown Care | 553 | 1.4 | 109 | 1.0 | 9 | 2.0 | 208 | 1.2 | 173 | 2.3 | 19 | 2.2 |
| TOTAL | 38,186 | 100.0 | 11,186 | 100.0 | 445 | 100.0 | 17,738 | 100.0 | 7,428 | 100.0 | 764 | 100.0 |
| 2013 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First | 32,885 | 88.3 | 10,662 | 92.2 | 370 | 83.3 | 14,639 | 85.6 | 6,538 | 88.9 | 660 | 85.6 |
| Second | 3,063 | 8.2 | 607 | 5.2 | 54 | 12.2 | 1,780 | 10.4 | 537 | 7.3 | 82 | 10.6 |
| Third | 696 | 1.9 | 139 | 1.2 | 12 | 2.7 | 367 | 2.1 | 157 | 2.1 | 20 | 2.6 |
| No Care | 86 | 0.2 | 34 | 0.3 | 1 | 0.2 | 46 | 0.3 | 3 | 0.0 | 2 | 0.3 |
| Unknown Care | 526 | 1.4 | 121 | 1.0 | 7 | 1.6 | 264 | 1.5 | 122 | 1.7 | 7 | 0.9 |
| TOTAL | 37,256 | 100.0 | 11,563 | 100.0 | 444 | 100.0 | 17,096 | 100.0 | 7,357 | 100.0 | 771 | 100.0 |
| 2014 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First | 33,245 | 86.1 | 10,840 | 91.6 | 395 | 82.6 | 14,002 | 85 | 7,411 | 82 | 597 | 74.9 |
| Second | 3,356 | 8.7 | 670 | 5.7 | 58 | 12.1 | 1,711 | 10.4 | 792 | 8.8 | 125 | 15.7 |
| Third | 1,126 | 2.9 | 128 | 1.1 | 15 | 3.1 | 332 | 2 | 613 | 6.8 | 38 | 4.8 |
| No Care | 103 | 0.3 | 38 | 0.3 | 2 | 0.4 | 57 | 0.3 | 5 | 0.1 | 2 | 0.3 |
| Unknown Care | 780 | 2 | 161 | 1.4 | 8 | 1.7 | 364 | 2.2 | 212 | 2.3 | 35 | 4.4 |
| TOTAL | 38,610 | 100 | 11,836 | 100 | 478 | 100 | 16,466 | 100 | 9,033 | 100 | 797 | 100 |
| 2015 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First | 32,038 | 85.2 | 10,557 | 91.1 | 385 | 81.4 | 13,681 | 85.0 | 6,817 | 78.5 | 598 | 76.3 |
| Second | 3,273 | 8.7 | 657 | 5.7 | 60 | 12.7 | 1,715 | 10.7 | 728 | 8.4 | 113 | 14.4 |
| Third | 1,261 | 3.4 | 131 | 1.1 | 11 | 2.3 | 313 | 1.9 | 775 | 8.9 | 31 | 4.0 |
| No Care | 106 | 0.3 | 43 | 0.4 | 2 | 0.4 | 56 | 0.3 | 5 | 0.1 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Unknown Care | 943 | 2.5 | 204 | 1.8 | 15 | 3.2 | 321 | 2.0 | 361 | 4.2 | 42 | 5.4 |
| TOTAL | 37,621 | 100.0 | 11,592 | 100.0 | 473 | 100.0 | 16,086 | 100.0 | 8,686 | 100.0 | 784 | 100.0 |
| 2016 ( 20 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First | 32,188 | 84.4 | 10,971 | 90 | 383 | 80 | 13,186 | 84.7 | 7,502 | 77.4 | 146 | 74.5 |
| Second | 3,348 | 8.8 | 733 | 6 | 68 | 14.2 | 1,627 | 10.5 | 883 | 9.1 | 37 | 18.9 |
| Third | 1,528 | 4 | 161 | 1.3 | 8 | 1.7 | 305 | 2 | 1,044 | 10.8 | 10 | 5.1 |
| No Care | 120 | 0.3 | 48 | 0.4 | 5 | 1 | 59 | 0.4 | 8 | 0.1 | 0 | 0 |
| Unknown Care | 937 | 2.5 | 281 | 2.3 | 15 | 3.1 | 382 | 2.5 | 256 | 2.6 | 3 | 1.5 |
| TOTAL | 38,121 | 100 | 12,194 | 100 | 479 | 100 | 15,559 | 100 | 9,693 | 100 | 196 | 100 |

[^11]
## Supplemental Tables: Good Health

## Indicator: BIRTHS AND LOW BIRTH WEIGHT

Total Number and Percent of Births, by City and Community, 2007 to 2016

| City | 2007 |  | 008 |  | 2009 |  | 2010 |  | 2011 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | \% | Total | \% | Total | \% | Total | \% | Total | \% |
| Aliso Viejo | 739 | 1.7 | 771 | 1.8 | 765 | 1.9 | 715 | 1.9 | 731 | 1.9 |
| Anaheim | 6,294 | 14.3 | 6,230 | 14.7 | 5,912 | 14.6 | 5,493 | 14.4 | 5,478 | 14.4 |
| Brea | 483 | 1.1 | 441 | 1.0 | 388 | 1.0 | 451 | 1.2 | 436 | 1.1 |
| Buena Park | 1,220 | 2.8 | 1,145 | 2.7 | 1,041 | 2.6 | 1,048 | 2.7 | 1,046 | 2.7 |
| Costa Mesa | 1,695 | 3.8 | 1,644 | 3.9 | 1,614 | 4.0 | 1,557 | 4.1 | 1,563 | 4.1 |
| Coto De Caza | 59 | 0.1 | 67 | 0.2 | 44 | 0.1 | 42 | 0.1 | 42 | 0.1 |
| Cypress | 445 | 1.0 | 449 | 1.1 | 404 | 1.0 | 429 | 1.1 | 416 | 1.1 |
| Dana Point/Capistrano Beach | 320 | 0.7 | 324 | 0.8 | 367 | 0.9 | 321 | 0.8 | 328 | 0.9 |
| Foothill Ranch/El Toro | 156 | 0.4 | 159 | 0.4 | 140 | 0.3 | 136 | 0.4 | 122 | 0.3 |
| Fountain Valley | 533 | 1.2 | 485 | 1.1 | 526 | 1.3 | 431 | 1.1 | 466 | 1.2 |
| Fullerton | 1,884 | 4.3 | 1,823 | 4.3 | 1,678 | 4.2 | 1,517 | 4.0 | 1,591 | 4.2 |
| Garden Grove | 2,891 | 6.6 | 2,623 | 6.2 | 2,461 | 6.1 | 2,340 | 6.1 | 2,189 | 5.7 |
| Huntington Beach | 2,040 | 4.6 | 1,990 | 4.7 | 1,962 | 4.9 | 1,954 | 5.1 | 1,965 | 5.2 |
| Irvine | 2,301 | 5.2 | 2,486 | 5.9 | 2,389 | 5.9 | 2,490 | 6.5 | 2,577 | 6.8 |
| La Habra | 1,001 | 2.3 | 962 | 2.3 | 927 | 2.3 | 867 | 2.3 | 839 | 2.2 |
| La Palma | 164 | 0.4 | 137 | 0.3 | 126 | 0.3 | 131 | 0.3 | 108 | 0.3 |
| Ladera Ranch | 572 | 1.3 | 569 | 1.3 | 480 | 1.2 | 473 | 1.2 | 411 | 1.1 |
| Laguna Beach | 155 | 0.4 | 162 | 0.4 | 169 | 0.4 | 164 | 0.4 | 137 | 0.4 |
| Laguna Hills | 366 | 0.8 | 386 | 0.9 | 329 | 0.8 | 298 | 0.8 | 323 | 0.8 |
| Laguna Niguel | 641 | 1.5 | 612 | 1.4 | 641 | 1.6 | 589 | 1.5 | 606 | 1.6 |
| Laguna Woods | 4 | 0.0 | 4 | 0.0 | 4 | 0.0 | 5 | 0.0 | 6 | 0.0 |
| Lake Forest | 791 | 1.8 | 798 | 1.9 | 747 | 1.8 | 674 | 1.8 | 722 | 1.9 |
| Los Alamitos | 172 | 0.4 | 137 | 0.3 | 165 | 0.4 | 152 | 0.4 | 160 | 0.4 |
| Midway City | 119 | 0.3 | 127 | 0.3 | 133 | 0.3 | 98 | 0.3 | 102 | 0.3 |
| Mission Viejo | 988 | 2.2 | 902 | 2.1 | 877 | 2.2 | 859 | 2.2 | 848 | 2.2 |
| Newport Beach | 499 | 1.1 | 450 | 1.1 | 424 | 1.0 | 469 | 1.2 | 449 | 1.2 |
| Newport Coast | 117 | 0.3 | 93 | 0.2 | 114 | 0.3 | 82 | 0.2 | 110 | 0.3 |
| Orange | 2,124 | 4.8 | 2,055 | 4.8 | 1,960 | 4.8 | 1,895 | 5.0 | 1,925 | 5.1 |
| Placentia | 731 | 1.7 | 699 | 1.6 | 673 | 1.7 | 635 | 1.7 | 614 | 1.6 |
| Portola Hills | 24 | 0.1 | 24 | 0.1 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 10 | 0.0 |
| Rancho Santa Margarita | 656 | 1.5 | 595 | 1.4 | 600 | 1.5 | 573 | 1.5 | 522 | 1.4 |
| San Clemente | 933 | 2.1 | 930 | 2.2 | 1,003 | 2.5 | 993 | 2.6 | 886 | 2.3 |
| San Juan Capistrano | 552 | 1.3 | 497 | 1.2 | 447 | 1.1 | 454 | 1.2 | 389 | 1.0 |
| Santa Ana | 7,711 | 17.5 | 7,424 | 17.5 | 6,787 | 16.8 | 6,235 | 16.3 | 6,041 | 15.9 |
| Seal Beach | 106 | 0.2 | 155 | 0.4 | 134 | 0.3 | 124 | 0.3 | 153 | 0.4 |
| Stanton | 568 | 1.3 | 562 | 1.3 | 486 | 1.2 | 480 | 1.3 | 448 | 1.2 |
| Trabuco Canyon | 159 | 0.4 | 172 | 0.4 | 173 | 0.4 | 184 | 0.5 | 132 | 0.3 |
| Tustin | 1,364 | 3.1 | 1,212 | 2.9 | 1,295 | 3.2 | 1,198 | 3.1 | 1,278 | 3.4 |
| Villa Park | 22 | 0.0 | 27 | 0.1 | 26 | 0.1 | 28 | 0.1 | 44 | 0.1 |
| Westminster | 1,354 | 3.1 | 1,146 | 2.7 | 1,131 | 2.8 | 959 | 2.5 | 975 | 2.6 |
| Yorba Linda | 636 | 1.4 | 597 | 1.4 | 644 | 1.6 | 559 | 1.5 | 608 | 1.6 |
| Balance of County | 437 | 1.0 | 385 | 0.9 | 245 | 0.6 | 135 | 0.4 | 304 | 0.8 |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Supplemental Tables: Good Health

Total Number and Percent of Births by City and Community, 2007 to 2016 (Continued)

| City | 2012 |  | 2013 |  | 2014 |  | 2015 |  | 2016 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | \% | Total | \% | Total | \% | Total | \% | Total | \% |
| Aliso Viejo | 719 | 1.9 | 660 | 1.8 | 673 | 1.7 | 662 | 1.8 | 660 | 1.7 |
| Anaheim | 5,392 | 14.1 | 5,201 | 14.0 | 5,176 | 13.4 | 5,000 | 13.3 | 4,879 | 12.8 |
| Brea | 436 | 1.1 | 442 | 1.2 | 508 | 1.3 | 512 | 1.4 | 523 | 1.4 |
| Buena Park | 1,053 | 2.8 | 1,011 | 2.7 | 1,049 | 2.7 | 965 | 2.6 | 911 | 2.4 |
| Costa Mesa | 1,499 | 3.9 | 1,549 | 4.2 | 1,656 | 4.3 | 1,541 | 4.1 | 1,498 | 3.9 |
| Coto De Caza | 45 | 0.1 | 53 | 0.1 | 43 | 0.1 | 51 | 0.1 | 42 | 0.1 |
| Cypress | 400 | 1.0 | 393 | 1.1 | 386 | 1.0 | 404 | 1.1 | 382 | 1.0 |
| Dana Point/Capistrano Beach | 292 | 0.8 | 322 | 0.9 | 327 | 0.8 | 330 | 0.9 | 290 | 0.8 |
| Foothill Ranch/EI Toro | 120 | 0.3 | 130 | 0.3 | 116 | 0.3 | 145 | 0.4 | 156 | 0.4 |
| Fountain Valley | 460 | 1.2 | 475 | 1.3 | 504 | 1.3 | 467 | 1.2 | 507 | 1.3 |
| Fullerton | 1,576 | 4.1 | 1,526 | 4.1 | 1,770 | 4.6 | 1,613 | 4.3 | 1,591 | 4.2 |
| Garden Grove | 2,380 | 6.2 | 2,241 | 6.0 | 2,113 | 5.5 | 2,096 | 5.6 | 1,928 | 5.1 |
| Huntington Beach | 1,869 | 4.9 | 1,893 | 5.1 | 2,003 | 5.2 | 1,858 | 4.9 | 1,841 | 4.8 |
| Irvine | 2,715 | 7.1 | 3,007 | 8.1 | 4,008 | 10.4 | 3,978 | 10.6 | 4,983 | 13.1 |
| La Habra | 860 | 2.3 | 880 | 2.4 | 860 | 2.2 | 807 | 2.1 | 837 | 2.2 |
| La Palma | 116 | 0.3 | 128 | 0.3 | 138 | 0.4 | 125 | 0.3 | 121 | 0.3 |
| Ladera Ranch | 418 | 1.1 | 370 | 1.0 | 356 | 0.9 | 328 | 0.9 | 332 | 0.9 |
| Laguna Beach | 179 | 0.5 | 157 | 0.4 | 157 | 0.4 | 176 | 0.5 | 140 | 0.4 |
| Laguna Hills | 306 | 0.8 | 325 | 0.9 | 297 | 0.8 | 317 | 0.8 | 314 | 0.8 |
| Laguna Niguel | 547 | 1.4 | 571 | 1.5 | 539 | 1.4 | 558 | 1.5 | 556 | 1.5 |
| Laguna Woods | 5 | 0.0 | 4 | 0.0 | 6 | 0.0 | 2 | 0.0 | 3 | 0.0 |
| Lake Forest | 766 | 2.0 | 667 | 1.8 | 685 | 1.8 | 738 | 2.0 | 821 | 2.2 |
| Los Alamitos | 169 | 0.4 | 187 | 0.5 | 165 | 0.4 | 165 | 0.4 | 181 | 0.5 |
| Midway City | 108 | 0.3 | 97 | 0.3 | 96 | 0.2 | 94 | 0.2 | 91 | 0.2 |
| Mission Viejo | 863 | 2.3 | 835 | 2.2 | 882 | 2.3 | 840 | 2.2 | 894 | 2.3 |
| Newport Beach | 471 | 1.2 | 479 | 1.3 | 620 | 1.6 | 531 | 1.4 | 606 | 1.6 |
| Newport Coast | 99 | 0.3 | 85 | 0.2 | 87 | 0.2 | 88 | 0.2 | 94 | 0.2 |
| Orange | 1,867 | 4.9 | 1,791 | 4.8 | 1,874 | 4.9 | 1,849 | 4.9 | 1,764 | 4.6 |
| Placentia | 663 | 1.7 | 581 | 1.6 | 652 | 1.7 | 533 | 1.4 | 574 | 1.5 |
| Portola Hills | 0 | 0.0 | 13 | 0.0 | 14 | 0.0 | 5 | 0.0 | 3 | 0.0 |
| Rancho Santa Margarita | 529 | 1.4 | 518 | 1.4 | 552 | 1.4 | 530 | 1.4 | 523 | 1.4 |
| San Clemente | 930 | 2.4 | 883 | 2.4 | 842 | 2.2 | 766 | 2.0 | 802 | 2.1 |
| San Juan Capistrano | 399 | 1.0 | 395 | 1.1 | 393 | 1.0 | 385 | 1.0 | 403 | 1.1 |
| Santa Ana | 5,958 | 15.6 | 5,607 | 15.0 | 5,294 | 13.7 | 5,181 | 13.8 | 4,987 | 13.1 |
| Seal Beach | 138 | 0.4 | 146 | 0.4 | 151 | 0.4 | 158 | 0.4 | 153 | 0.4 |
| Stanton | 450 | 1.2 | 439 | 1.2 | 388 | 1.0 | 398 | 1.1 | 369 | 1.0 |
| Trabuco Canyon | 185 | 0.5 | 161 | 0.4 | 154 | 0.4 | 168 | 0.4 | 170 | 0.4 |
| Tustin | 1,264 | 3.3 | 1,141 | 3.1 | 1,145 | 3.0 | 1,143 | 3.0 | 1,229 | 3.2 |
| Villa Park | 30 | 0.1 | 31 | 0.1 | 34 | 0.1 | 38 | 0.1 | 31 | 0.1 |
| Westminster | 1,002 | 2.6 | 959 | 2.6 | 1,011 | 2.6 | 967 | 2.6 | 998 | 2.6 |
| Yorba Linda | 611 | 1.6 | 597 | 1.6 | 685 | 1.8 | 662 | 1.8 | 718 | 1.9 |
| Balance of County | 297 | 0.8 | 306 | 0.8 | 201 | 0.5 | 447 | 1.2 | 216 | 0.6 |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

[^12]
## Supplemental Tables: Good Health

Number and Percent of Infants, by Birth Weight and Race and Ethnicity, 2007 to 2016

| TRIMESTER | Total | \% | White | Black | Hispanic | Asian | Other^ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 1,500 Grams | 494 | 1.1 | 157 | 12 | 253 | 61 | 11 |
| 1,500-2,499 Grams | 2,385 | 5.4 | 648 | 40 | 1,208 | 443 | 46 |
| 2,500 Grams \& over | 41,147 | 93.5 | 11,813 | 404 | 21,384 | 6,790 | 756 |
| TOTAL | 44,026 | 100.0 | 12,618 | 456 | 22,845 | 7,294 | 813 |
| \% Low Birth Weight* | 6.5\% |  | 6.4\% | 11.4\% | 6.4\% | 6.9\% | 7.0\% |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 1,500 Grams | 417 | 1.0 | 107 | 11 | 231 | 58 | 10 |
| 1,500-2,499 Grams | 2,288 | 5.4 | 652 | 39 | 1,115 | 454 | 28 |
| 2,500 Grams \& over | 39,751 | 93.6 | 11,472 | 409 | 20,657 | 6,475 | 738 |
| TOTAL | 42,456 | 100.0 | 12,231 | 459 | 22,003 | 6,987 | 776 |
| \% Low Birth Weight* | 6.4\% |  | 6.2\% | 10.9\% | 6.1\% | 7.4\% | 4.9\% |
| 2009 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 1,500 Grams | 406 | 1.0 | 126 | 8 | 194 | 66 | 12 |
| 1,500-2,499 Grams | 2,264 | 5.6 | 683 | 32 | 1,021 | 487 | 41 |
| 2,500 Grams \& over | 37,761 | 93.4 | 11,298 | 403 | 19,108 | 6,235 | 717 |
| TOTAL | 40,431 | 100.0 | 12,107 | 443 | 20,323 | 6,788 | 770 |
| \% Low Birth Weight* | 6.6\% |  | 6.7\% | 9.0\% | 6.0\% | 8.1\% | 6.9\% |
| 2010 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 1,500 Grams | 362 | 0.9 | 126 | 12 | 160 | 53 | 11 |
| 1,500-2,499 Grams | 2,100 | 5.5 | 645 | 43 | 943 | 436 | 33 |
| 2,500 Grams \& over | 35,775 | 93.6 | 11,103 | 361 | 17,827 | 5,780 | 704 |
| TOTAL | 38,237 | 100.0 | 11,874 | 416 | 18,930 | 6,269 | 748 |
| \% Low Birth Weight* | 6.4\% |  | 6.3\% | 13.2\% | 5.8\% | 7.8\% | 5.9\% |
| 2011 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 1,500 Grams | 406 | 1.1 | 114 | 8 | 196 | 64 | 10 |
| 1,500-2,499 Grams | 2,144 | 5.6 | 637 | 39 | 957 | 444 | 41 |
| 2,500 Grams \& over | 35,550 | 93.3 | 10,736 | 405 | 17,204 | 6,026 | 733 |
| TOTAL | 38,100 | 100.0 | 11,487 | 452 | 18,357 | 6,534 | 784 |
| \% Low Birth Weight* | 6.7\% |  | 6.5\% | 10.4\% | 6.3\% | 7.8\% | 6.5\% |
| 2012 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 1,500 Grams | 383 | 1.0 | 82 | 14 | 188 | 86 | 5 |
| 1,500-2,499 Grams | 2,018 | 5.3 | 549 | 38 | 823 | 522 | 39 |
| 2,500 Grams \& over | 35,785 | 93.7 | 10,555 | 393 | 16,727 | 6,820 | 720 |
| TOTAL | 38,186 | 100.0 | 11,186 | 445 | 17,738 | 7,428 | 764 |
| \% Low Birth Weight* | 6.3\% |  | 5.6\% | 11.7\% | 5.7\% | 8.2\% | 5.8\% |
| 2013 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 1,500 Grams | 385 | 1.0 | 94 | 5 | 202 | 75 | 9 |
| 1,500-2,499 Grams | 1,945 | 5.2 | 589 | 37 | 823 | 456 | 39 |
| 2,500 Grams \& over | 34,926 | 93.7 | 10,880 | 402 | 16,071 | 6,826 | 723 |
| TOTAL | 37,256 | 100.0 | 11,563 | 444 | 17,096 | 7,357 | 771 |
| \% Low Birth Weight* | 6.3\% |  | 5.9\% | 9.5\% | 6.0\% | 7.2\% | 6.2\% |
| 2014 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 1,500 Grams | 345 | 0.9 | 85 | 11 | 163 | 79 | 7 |
| 1,500-2,499 Grams | 2,088 | 5.4 | 629 | 41 | 843 | 528 | 47 |
| 2,500 Grams \& over | 36,177 | 93.7 | 11,122 | 426 | 15,460 | 8,426 | 743 |
| TOTAL | 38,610 | 100.0 | 11,836 | 478 | 16,466 | 9,033 | 797 |
| \% Low Birth Weight* | 6.3\% |  | 6.0\% | 10.9\% | 6.1\% | 6.7\% | 6.8\% |
| 2015 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 1,500 Grams | 358 | 1.0 | 96 | 6 | 172 | 72 | 12 |
| 1,500-2,499 Grams | 2,002 | 5.3 | 536 | 43 | 812 | 563 | 48 |
| 2,500 Grams \& over | 35,261 | 93.7 | 10,960 | 424 | 15,102 | 8,051 | 724 |
| TOTAL | 37,621 | 100.0 | 11,592 | 473 | 16,086 | 8,686 | 784 |
| \% Low Birth Weight* | 6.3\% |  | 5.5\% | 10.4\% | 6.1\% | 7.3\% | 7.7\% |
| 2016 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 1,500 Grams | 392 | 1.0 | 93 | 17 | 174 | 95 | 2 |
| 1,500-2,499 Grams | 2,005 | 5.3 | 509 | 36 | 832 | 563 | 10 |
| 2,500 Grams \& over | 35,724 | 93.7 | 10,679 | 426 | 14,553 | 9,035 | 184 |
| TOTAL | 38,121 | 100.0 | 11,281 | 479 | 15,559 | 9,693 | 196 |
| \% Low Birth Weight* | 6.3\% |  | 5.3\% | 11.0\% | 6.4\% | 6.8\% | 6.1\% |

[^13]
## Supplemental Tables: Good Health

## Low Birth Weight and Very Low Birth Weight by Maternal Age, 2016

Low Birth Weight

|  | MATERNAL AGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $<15$ <br> Years | Row \% | 15-19 <br> Years | Row \% | $20-24$ <br> Years | Row \% | $\begin{aligned} & 25-29 \\ & \text { Years } \end{aligned}$ | Row \% | $\begin{aligned} & 30-34 \\ & \text { Years } \end{aligned}$ | Row \% | $\begin{aligned} & 35-39 \\ & \text { Years } \end{aligned}$ | Row \% | $40+$ <br> Years | Row \% | Total |
| 2016 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $<2,500$ <br> grams | 1 | 0.04 | 85 | 3.5 | 276 | 11.5 | 486 | 20.3 | 778 | 32.5 | 566 | 23.6 | 205 | 8.6 | 2,397 |
| $2,500+$ <br> grams | 8 | 0.02 | 1,126 | 3.2 | 4,407 | 12.3 | 8,859 | 24.8 | 12,105 | 33.9 | 7,353 | 20.6 | 1,866 | 5.2 | 35,724 |
| Total | 9 |  | 1,211 |  | 4,683 |  | 9,345 |  | 12,883 |  | 7,919 |  | 2,071 |  | 38,121 |
| 2015 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $<2,500$ <br> grams | 1 | 0.04 | 84 | 3.6 | 305 | 12.9 | 512 | 21.7 | 755 | 32.0 | 511 | 21.6 | 192 | 8.1 | 2,360 |
| $2,500+$ <br> grams | 16 | 0.05 | 1,275 | 3.6 | 4,764 | 13.5 | 8,634 | 24.5 | 11,978 | 34.0 | 6,807 | 19.3 | 1,787 | 5.1 | 35,261 |
| Total | 17 |  | 1,359 |  | 5,069 |  | 9,146 |  | 12733 |  | 7,318 |  | 1979 |  | 37,621 |
| Very Low Birth Weight |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MATERNAL AGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $<15$ <br> Years | Row \% | 15-19 <br> Years | Row \% | 20-24 <br> Years | Row \% | 25-29 <br> Years | Row \% | 30-34 <br> Years | Row \% | $\begin{aligned} & 35-39 \\ & \text { Years } \end{aligned}$ | Row \% | 40+ Years | Row \% | Total |
| 2016 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $<1,500$ <br> grams | 0 | 0.00 | 12 | 3.1 | 48 | 12.2 | 80 | 20.4 | 119 | 30.4 | 101 | 25.8 | 32 | 8.2 | 392 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1,500- \\ & 2,499 \\ & \text { grams } \end{aligned}$ | 1 | 0.05 | 73 | 3.6 | 228 | 11.4 | 406 | 20.2 | 659 | 32.9 | 465 | 23.2 | 173 | 8.6 | 2,005 |
| $2,500+$ grams | 8 | 0.02 | 1,126 | 3.2 | 4,407 | 12.3 | 8,859 | 24.8 | 12,105 | 33.9 | 7,353 | 20.6 | 1,866 | 5.2 | 35,724 |
| Total | 9 |  | 1,211 |  | 4,683 |  | 9,345 |  | 12,883 |  | 7,919 |  | 2,071 |  | 38,121 |
| 2015 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $<1,500$ <br> grams | 0 | 0.00 | 15 | 4.2 | 33 | 9.2 | 81 | 22.6 | 121 | 33.8 | 73 | 20.4 | 35 | 9.8 | 358 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1,500- \\ & 2,499 \\ & \text { grams } \end{aligned}$ | 1 | 0.05 | 69 | 3.4 | 272 | 13.6 | 431 | 21.5 | 634 | 31.7 | 438 | 21.9 | 157 | 7.8 | 2,002 |
| $2,500+$ <br> grams | 16 | 0.05 | 1,275 | 3.6 | 4,764 | 13.5 | 8,634 | 24.5 | 11,978 | 34.0 | 6,807 | 19.3 | 1,787 | 5.1 | 35,261 |
| Total | 17 |  | 1,359 |  | 5,069 |  | 9,146 |  | 12,733 |  | 7,318 |  | 1,979 |  | 37,621 |

[^14]
## Supplemental Tables: Good Health

## Secondary Indicator: INFANTS BORN WITH ABNORMAL CONDITIONS

## Definition

Number and rate of infants born with abnormal conditions that are identified at birth and recorded on the birth certificate and the type of abnormalities with which they are born.

Number and Rate Per 1,000 Live Births of Infants Born with Selected Abnormal Conditions, by Race/Ethnicity, 2007 to 2016

| Race/Ethnicity | 2007 |  | 2008 |  | 2009 |  | 2010 |  | 2011 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate |
| Asian | 2 | 0.3* | 5 | 0.7 | 10 | 1.5 | 3 | 0.5 | 6 | 0.9 |
| Black | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 2.2* | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 4.4* |
| Hispanic | 17 | 0.7 | 38 | 1.7 | 29 | 1.4 | 20 | 1.1 | 26 | 1.4 |
| Non-Hispanic White | 8 | 0.6 | 9 | 0.7 | 11 | 0.9 | 7 | 0.6 | 9 | 0.8 |
| Other/Unknown | 1 | 1.2* | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.8 | 2 | 1.6* |
| TOTAL | 28 | 0.6 | 53 | 1.2 | 50 | 1.2 | 31 | 0.8 | 45 | 1.2 |
| Race/Ethnicity | 2012 |  | 2013 |  | 2014 |  | 2015 |  | 2016 |  |
|  | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate |
| Asian | 4 | 0.5* | 4 | 0.5* | 9 | 1.0 | 9 | 1.0 | 9 | 0.9 |
| Black | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 2.1 * | 0 | 0.0 |
| Hispanic | 28 | 1.6 | 20 | 1.2 | 35 | 2.1 | 26 | 1.6 | 20 | 1.3 |
| Non-Hispanic White | 13 | 1.2 | 11 | 1.0 | 19 | 1.6 | 7 | 0.6 | 13 | 1.1 |
| Other/Unknown | 1 | $1.3^{*}$ | 2 | 2.5* | 1 | 1.3 * | 1 | 1.3 * | 0 | 0.0 |
| TOTAL | 46 | 1.2 | 37 | 1.0 | 64 | 1.7 | 44 | 1.2 | 42 | 1.1 |


 each category

* Rates based on less than five births are unstable, and, therefore, should be interpreted with caution. Source: Orange County Health Care Agency

Number of Infants Born, by Selected Abnormal Conditions, 2007-2016

| Abnormal Conditions in Newborn | 2007 | $\mathbf{2 0 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 0}$ | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Anencephaly | 2 | 7 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Meningomylocele/Spina Bifida | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Omphalocele/Gastroschisis | 5 | 6 | 5 | 2 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 11 | 7 | 2 |
| Cleft Lip/Palate | 13 | 24 | 22 | 13 | 17 | 19 | 17 | 30 | 17 | 21 |
| Down's Syndrome | $5^{*}$ | $13^{*}$ | $16^{*}$ | $12^{*}$ | $16^{*}$ | $15^{*}$ | $7^{*}$ | $20^{*}$ | 7 | $5^{*}$ |
| Hypospadias | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| Total | $\mathbf{2 8}$ | $\mathbf{5 3}$ | $\mathbf{5 0}$ | $\mathbf{3 1}$ | $\mathbf{4 5}$ | $\mathbf{4 6}$ | $\mathbf{3 7}$ | $\mathbf{6 4}$ | $\mathbf{4 4}$ | $\mathbf{3 2}$ |


 each category
 presented from 2006 forward.
Source: Orange County Health Care Agency

## Supplemental Tables: Good Health

## Indicator: PRETERM BIRTHS

Percent of Preterm Births, by Mother's Age, 2007 to 2016

| Age of Mother | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| < $\mathbf{1 5}$ Years | 21.6 | 21.3 | 12.1 | 19.4 | 25.8 | 16.7 | 27.8 | 18.2 | 5.9 | 11.1 |
| $\mathbf{1 5 - 1 9}$ Years | 10.3 | 10.5 | 9.8 | 9.8 | 9.9 | 9.2 | 8.6 | 7.3 | 7.5 | 8.0 |
| 20-24 Years | 8.8 | 8.1 | 8.2 | 8.2 | 7.7 | 7.9 | 6.9 | 6.4 | 7.2 | 7.1 |
| 25-29 Years | 8.6 | 8.7 | 8.2 | 7.5 | 7.7 | 7.1 | 6.8 | 6.3 | 6.5 | 6.8 |
| 30-34 Years | 9.7 | 9.1 | 9.2 | 8.9 | 8.4 | 7.8 | 7.4 | 7.1 | 7.5 | 7.6 |
| 35-39 Years | 11.2 | 11.1 | 11.2 | 10.8 | 11.2 | 10.3 | 8.7 | 8.9 | 8.1 | 9.3 |
| 40+ Years | 14.3 | 13.9 | 15.0 | 14.7 | 14.5 | 12.6 | 13.0 | 11.8 | 12.1 | 12.3 |

Percent calculated from number of births with known obstetric estimate gestational age less than 37 weeks for 2014. Rates prior to 2014 were calculated from last menstrual period dates Source: Orange County Health Care Agency

Percent Preterm (17-36 Completed Weeks of Gestation), 2007 to 2016

|  | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| All Births Calculated by LMP | 9.8 | 9.5 | 9.4 | 9.1 | 9.0 | 8.4 | 7.8 | 7.2 | 7.4 | 7.8 |
| All Births Estimated by OE | 8.8 | 8.4 | 8.6 | 8.1 | 8.3 | 7.9 | 7.7 | 7.4 | 7.5 | 8.0 |
| Singleton Births Calculated by LMP | 8.2 | 7.9 | 7.6 | 7.5 | 7.2 | 6.8 | 6.3 | 5.7 | 6.0 | 6.2 |
| Singleton Births Estimated by OE | 7.1 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 6.4 | 6.4 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 5.8 | 6.1 | 6.5 |

 mother's last menstrual period (LMP) and the child's date of birth. In 2007, the obstetric estimate (OE) was added to the California birth certificate to address missing or erroneous LMP data and precludes neonatal assessments. Both rates are shown for 2007-2016. It is anticipated that routine reporting of OE on the birth certificate will improve the accuracy of gestational age estimates. Source: Orange County Health Care Agency

Percent Preterm, by Maternal Race/Ethnicity, 2007 to 2016

| Race/Ethnicity | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| White | 9.7 | 9.0 | 9.6 | 9.4 | 8.9 | 7.7 | 7.5 | 6.0 | 7.3 | 7.9 |
| Black | 16.3 | 13.5 | 11.7 | 14.7 | 13.4 | 11.8 | 10.1 | 10.9 | 10.8 | 12.8 |
| Hispanic | 9.7 | 9.7 | 9.2 | 9.0 | 8.9 | 8.6 | 8.1 | 6.1 | 8.0 | 8.8 |
| Asian | 9.4 | 9.0 | 9.4 | 8.5 | 8.9 | 8.3 | 7.1 | 6.7 | 7.0 | 7.3 |

[^15]
## Supplemental Tables: Good Health

Percent Preterm for Orange County, California and United States, 2007 to 2016

|  | Total Preterm Births |  |  | Late Preterm Births |  |  | Moderately Late Preterm Births |  |  | Very Preterm Births |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | OC | CA | US | OC | CA | US | OC | CA | US | OC | CA | US |
| 2007 | 9.8\% | 10.9\% | 10.4\% | 7.4\% | N/A | 7.5\% | 1.0\% | N/A | 1.2\% | 1.4\% | 1.6\% | 2.0\% |
| 2008 | 9.5\% | 10.5\% | 10.4\% | 7.2\% | N/A | 7.5\% | 1.2\% | N/A | 1.2\% | 1.2\% | 1.5\% | 2.0\% |
| 2009 | 9.4\% | 10.3\% | 10.1\% | 7.0\% | N/A | 7.2\% | 1.2\% | N/A | 1.2\% | 1.2\% | 1.5\% | 2.0\% |
| 2010 | 9.1\% | 9.9\% | 10.0\% | 6.8\% | N/A | 7.2\% | 1.1\% | N/A | 1.2\% | 1.2\% | 1.5\% | 2.0\% |
| 2011 | 9.0\% | 9.8\% | 9.8\% | 6.6\% | 7.1\% | 7.0\% | 1.1\% | N/A | 1.2\% | 1.3\% | N/A | 1.9\% |
| 2012 | 8.4\% | 9.6\% | 9.8\% | 6.1\% | 6.9\% | 7.0\% | 1.1\% | N/A | 1.2\% | 1.2\% | N/A | 1.9\% |
| 2013 | 7.8\% | 8.8\% | 9.6\% | 5.7\% | 6.4\% | 6.8\% | 0.9\% | N/A | 1.2\% | 1.2\% | N/A | 1.9\% |
| 2014 | 7.4\% | 8.3\% | 9.6\% | 5.4\% | 6.0\% | 6.8\% | 0.9\% | N/A | 1.2\% | 1.0\% | 1.3\% | 1.6\% |
| 2015 | 7.6\% | 8.5\% | 9.6\% | 6.1\% | 6.2\% | 6.9\% | 1.0\% | N/A | 1.2\% | 1.1\% | 1.3\% | 1.6\% |
| 2016 | 8.0\% | 8.6\% | 9.8\% | 5.8\% | N/A | N/A | 1.0\% | N/A | N/A | 1.1\% | N/A | N/A |

## N/A: Data not available

Total Preterm Births for California have been updated to match the 2015 March of Dimes Report Card.
 Source: Orange County Health Care Agency; March of Dimes Report Card

Percent Late and Very Late Preterm for All Births and Singleton Births, Orange County, 2007 to 2016

|  |  | Late Pre ompleted | m Births eeks of Gesta |  |  | Very Pret Completed | m Births eeks of Gest |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Sing |  |  |  | Sing |  |
|  | Calc. by LMP | Est. by OE | Calc. by LMP | Est. by | Calc. by LMP | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Est. by } \\ & \text { OE } \end{aligned}$ | Calc. by LMP | Est. by |
| 2007 | 7.4\% | 6.5\% | 6.4\% | 5.5\% | 1.4\% | 1.3\% | 1.0\% | 0.9\% |
| 2008 | 7.2\% | 6.3\% | 6.2\% | 5.3\% | 1.2\% | 1.1\% | 0.9\% | 0.8\% |
| 2009 | 7.0\% | 6.4\% | 5.8\% | 5.2\% | 1.2\% | 1.2\% | 0.9\% | 0.8\% |
| 2010 | 6.8\% | 6.1\% | 5.7\% | 4.9\% | 1.2\% | 1.1\% | 1.0\% | 0.9\% |
| 2011 | 6.6\% | 6.1\% | 5.5\% | 4.9\% | 1.3\% | 1.2\% | 1.0\% | 0.9\% |
| 2012 | 6.1\% | 5.8\% | 5.1\% | 4.8\% | 1.2\% | 1.1\% | 0.9\% | 0.8\% |
| 2013 | 5.7\% | 5.6\% | 4.7\% | 4.7\% | 1.2\% | 1.2\% | 0.9\% | 0.9\% |
| 2014 | 5.4\% | 5.4\% | 4.4\% | 4.4\% | 1.0\% | 1.1\% | 0.7\% | 0.8\% |
| 2015 | 5.6\% | 5.6\% | 4.6\% | 4.7\% | 1.0\% | 1.0\% | 0.8\% | 0.8\% |
| 2016 | 6.3\% | 5.8\% | 5.2\% | 5.4\% | 1.4\% | 1.1\% | 1.0\% | 1.0\% |

[^16]
## Supplemental Tables: Good Health

Indicator: TERM BIRTHS

Total Number and Percent of Term Infant Births by Race and Ethnicity, 2016

| INFANT | Total | $\%$ | White | $\%$ | Black | $\%$ | Hispanic | $\%$ | Asian | $\%$ | Other* $^{*}$ | $\%$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| TYPE | 9,560 | 27.3 | 2,627 | 23.3 | 114 | 27.4 | 4,146 | 29.2 | 2,621 | 29.2 | 52 | 29.1 |
| Early Term | 9,253 | 66.4 | 7,520 | 66.7 | 258 | 62.0 | 9,371 | 66.1 | 5,995 | 66.8 | 109 | 60.9 |
| Full Term | 23,25 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Late Term | 2,134 | 6.1 | 1,083 | 9.6 | 41 | 9.9 | 647 | 4.6 | 346 | 3.9 | 17 | 9.5 |
| Post Term | 84 | 0.2 | 51 | 0.5 | 3 | 0.7 | 18 | 0.1 | 11 | 0.1 | 1 | 0.6 |
| TOTAL | 35,031 |  | 11,281 |  | 416 |  | 14,182 |  | 8,973 |  | 179 |  |

 of unknown race are not included in this table.
Source: County of Orange Health Care Agency

Total Number and Percent of Total Term Infant Births by Mother's Age, 2016

| MOTHER'S AGE | Total | \% Total | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Early } \\ & \text { Term } \end{aligned}$ | \% | Full Term | \% | Late Term | \% | Post Term | \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| <15 Years | 8 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.0 | 7 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 |
| 15-19 | 1,112 | 3.2 | 323 | 3.4 | 727 | 3.1 | 60 | 2.8 | 2 | 2.4 |
| Years |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20-24 | 4,347 | 12.4 | 1,194 | 12.5 | 2,889 | 12.4 | 260 | 12.2 | 4 | 4.8 |
| Years |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25-29 | 8,694 | 24.8 | 2,274 | 23.8 | 5,840 | 25.1 | 555 | 26.0 | 25 | 29.8 |
| Years |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30-34 | 11,890 | 33.9 | 3,166 | 33.1 | 7,878 | 33.9 | 812 | 38.1 | 34 | 40.5 |
| Years |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 35-39 | 7,170 | 20.5 | 2,015 | 21.1 | 4,766 | 20.5 | 375 | 17.6 | 14 | 16.7 |
| Years |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 40+ Years | 1,810 | 5.2 | 587 | 6.1 | 1,146 | 4.9 | 72 | 3.4 | 5 | 6.0 |
| TOTAL | 35,031 |  | 9,560 |  | 23,253 |  | 2,134 |  | 84 |  |

[^17]
## Supplemental Tables: Good Health

Total Number and Percent of Term Infant Births by Birth Type, 2016

| INFANT TYPE | Total | $\%$ | Singleton | $\%$ | Multiple | $\%$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Early Term | 9,560 | 27.3 | 9,008 | 26.2 | 552 | 92.6 |
| Full Term | 23,253 | 66.4 | 23,213 | 67.4 | 40 | 6.7 |
| Late Term | 2,134 | 6.1 | 2,130 | 6.2 | 4 | 0.7 |
| Post Term | 84 | 0.2 | 84 | 0.2 | 0 | 0.0 |
| TOTAL | 35,031 |  | 34,435 |  | 596 |  |

Source: County of Orange Health Care Agency

Total Number and Percent of Term Infant Births by Delivery Type, 2016

| INFANT TYPE | Total | $\%$ | Cesarean | $\%$ | Vaginal | $\%$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Early Term | 9,560 | 27.3 | 2,988 | 26.7 | 6,572 | 27.6 |
| Full Term | 23,253 | 66.4 | 7,583 | 67.7 | 15,670 | 65.7 |
| Late Term | 2,134 | 6.1 | 593 | 5.3 | 15,41 | 6.5 |
| Post Term | 84 | 0.2 | 33 | 0.3 | 51 | 0.2 |
| TOTAL | 35,031 |  | 11,197 |  | 23,834 |  |

Source: County of Orange Health Care Agency

## Supplemental Tables: Good Health

## Secondary Indicator: SUBSTANCE-EXPOSED INFANTS

## Definition

Substance-exposed infants refers to the number of infants with positive toxicology results for alcohol and/or illicit drugs at the time of birth that were provided Emergency Response services by the Orange County Social Services Agency (SSA), resulting in juvenile court intervention. Any indication of maternal substance abuse requires an assessment of the needs of the mother and child by a health practitioner or medical social worker prior to the child leaving the hospital. There is a mandatory assessment form that serves as a guide for medical staff to focus their assessment, and the decision to report a child to the Orange County SSA Child Abuse Registry is to be based on a reasonable suspicion that the parent may be unable to care for the child. This must be based on at least one factor other than the positive toxicology screen. See Maternal Substance Abuse Assessment Protocol on the Conditions of Children Report website at www.ochealthinfo.com/occp/report

Number of Orange County Infants Taken into Protective Custody (or petition for dependency filed) as a Result of Testing Positive for Substance Exposure at Birth, 2007/08 to 2016/17

|  | $2007 / 08$ | $2008 / 09$ | $2009 / 10$ | $2010 / 11$ | $2011 / 12$ | $2012 / 13$ | $2013 / 14$ | $2014 / 15$ | $2015 / 16$ | $2016 / 17$ |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Substance |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exposed <br> Infants | 107 | 81 | 89 | 128 | 82 | 98 | 110 | 121 | 178 | 190 |  |  |

[^18]
## Supplemental Tables: Good Health

## Indicator: INFANT MORTALITY RATE

## Definition

The infant mortality indicator refers to deaths of infants under one year of age. The rate of infant mortality is calculated per 1,000 live births per year.

Percent of Infant Deaths, by Cause, 2007 to 2016

| CAUSES OF INFANT DEATH | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Short Gestation/ Low Birth Weight | 8.6\% | $6.9{ }^{\wedge}$ | 3.0\% | 5.4\% | 6.3\% | 9.2\% | 8.9\% | 3.5\% | 7.0\% | 8.1\% |
| Congenital Anomalies <br> (Birth Defects) | 29.4\% | 31.7\% | 33.9\% | 27.9\% | 31.3\% | 38.5\% | 21.1\% | 33.9\% | 16.0\% | 28.1\% |
| Sudden Infant <br> Death Syndrome <br> (SIDS) | 1.6\% | 2\% | 0.0\% | 1.4\% | 0.0\% | 1.5\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% |
| Respiratory <br> Distress <br> Syndrome (RDS) | 2.1\% | 3.0\% | 1.8\% | 3.4\% | 0.6\% | 3.1\% | 2.4\% | 3.5\% | 1.0\% | 1.0\% |
| Maternal Causes* | 11.8\% | 16.8\% | 18.2\% | 12.9\% | 13.8\% | 13.8\% | 16.3\% | 20.9\% | 28.0\% | 18.1\% |
| Accidents and Adverse Effects | 0.5\% | 1.5\% | 2.4\% | 1.4\% | 1.9\% | 0.0\% | 2.4\% | 0.9\% | 5.0\% | 2.5\% |
| Other conditions of Perinatal Period | 24.6\% | 10.9\% | 17.6\% | 36.7\% | 30.6\% | 19.2\% | 33.3\% | 11.3\% | 23.0\% | 23.8\% |
| Pneumonia and Influenza | 1.1\% | 1.0\% | 0.6\% | 0.0\% | 0.6\% | 0.8\% | 0.0\% | 1.7\% | 1.0\% | 1.0\% |
| All Other Causes | 20.3\% | 26.2\% | 22.4\% | 10.9\% | 14.9\% | 13.8\% | 15.6\% | 24.3\% | 19.0\% | 17.4\% |

[^19] Note: Due to rounding percentages may not add up to 100. Source: Orange County Health Care Agency

## Supplemental Tables: Good Health

Number and Rate per 1,000 Live Births Suffering Infant Mortality, by Race and Ethnicity, 2007 to 2016

| Race/Ethnicity | 2007 |  | 2008 |  | 2009 |  | 2010 |  | 2011 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate |
| Asian | 21 | 2.9 | 18 | 2.3 | 20 | 2.9 | 13 | 2.0 | 16 | 2.5 |
| Black | 6 | 13.2 | 4 | 8.7** | 3 | 6.8** | 2 | 4.8** | 3 | 6.6** |
| Hispanic | 90 | 3.9 | 128 | 5.8 | 89 | 4.4 | 86 | 4.5 | 82 | 4.5 |
| Non-Hispanic White | 56 | 4.4 | 49 | 4.1 | 50 | 4.1 | 39 | 3.3 | 48 | 4.2 |
| Race/Ethnicity | 2012 |  | 2013 |  | 2014 |  | 2015 |  | 2016 |  |
|  | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate |
| Asian | 20 | 2.7 | 16 | 2.2 | 15 | 1.7 | 10 | 1.8 | 18 | 2.7 |
| Black | 3 | $6.7^{* *}$ | 2 | 4.5** | 4 | 8.4** | 5 | 10.6 | 9 | 15.9 |
| Hispanic | 68 | 3.8 | 72 | 4.2 | 64 | 3.9 | 55 | 5.0 | 88 | 5 |
| Non-Hispanic White | 34 | 3.0 | 26 | 2.2 | 29 | 2.5 | 24 | 1.8 | 36 | 3.4 |

**Due to relatively low numbers of Black infants and deaths, statistics for this group are unreliable.
Note: Rates based on less than five deaths are unstable, and therefore should be interpreted with caution. Source: Orange County Health Care Agency

Three Year Average Rate per 1,000 Live Births Suffering Infant Mortality, by Race and Ethnicity, 2008-2016

| Race/Ethnicity | 2008-2010 | $\mathbf{2 0 1 1 - 2 0 1 3}$ | $2014-2016$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Asian | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.0 |
| Black $^{*}$ | 6.8 | 5.9 | 4.8 |
| Hispanic | 4.9 | 4.2 | 4.6 |
| Non-Hispanic White | 3.8 | 3.1 | 2.5 |

*Due to relatively low numbers of Black infants and deaths, statistics for this group are unreliable. Source: Orange County Health Care Agency.

## Supplemental Tables: Good Health

## Indicator: BREASTFEEDING

## Definition

Local statistics on breastfeeding are obtained from two California Department of Public Health data sources. The InHospital Newborn Screening Program documents feeding practices at discharge for all Orange County births. The Maternal Infant Health Assessment (MIHA) is an annual statewide-representative survey of women with a recent live birth in California. In-Hospital Newborn Screening data are presented as the percentage of mothers breastfeeding (any or exclusive breastfeeding) in the hospital after birth. MIHA data are presented as the percentage of mothers who reported breastfeeding (any or exclusive breastfeeding) at one month after delivery and at three months after delivery. An infant is exclusively breastfed when fed only with human milk and no other supplements such as water, formula, non-human milk, food or juice. Any breastfeeding is defined as feeding with both human milk and infant formula.

Hospital Discharge Breastfeeding Percentages in Orange County and California, 2012-2017

|  | Any Breastfeeding |  |  |  |  | Exclusive Breastfeeding |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| Orange County | 93.2 | 94.0 | 94.8 | 95.1 | 95.0 | 94.8 | 62.1 | 62.7 | 64.6 | 67.1 | 66.1 |
| California | 92.3 | 93.0 | 93.5 | 93.9 | 94.0 | 94.0 | 62.6 | 64.8 | 66.6 | 68.6 | 69.4 |

Source: California Department of Public Health, Center for Family Health, Genetic Disease Screening Program, Newborn Screening Data, 2017

Orange County Number and Percent of Any and Exclusive Breastfeeding, by Race/Ethnicity, 2012 to 2017

| Year and Age | Black | Asian | Hispanic | White | Pacific Islander | Multiple | Missing/ Other | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2012 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Any Number | 293 | 5,529 | 15,232 | 8,900 | 47 | 1,336 | 754 | 32,091 |
| Any Percent | 91.8 | 93.8 | 92.4 | 94.3 | 83.9 | 94.9 | 93.2 | 93.2 |
| Exclusive Number | 196 | 3,038 | 9,373 | 7,197 | 23 | 1,041 | 493 | 21,361 |
| Exclusive Percent | 61.4 | 51.6 | 56.8 | 76.2 | 41.1 | 73.9 | 60.9 | 62.1 |
| 2013 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Any Number | 334 | 5,705 | 14,558 | 8,907 | 48 | 1,095 | 795 | 31,442 |
| Any Percent | 91.8 | 94.5 | 93.0 | 95.1 | 88.9 | 95.5 | 94.8 | 94.0 |
| Exclusive Number | 224 | 3,115 | 8,963 | 7,242 | 29 | 867 | 540 | 20,980 |
| Exclusive Percent | 61.5 | 51.6 | 57.3 | 77.3 | 53.7 | 75.6 | 64.4 | 62.7 |
| 2014 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Any Number | 284 | 7,066 | 14,324 | 9,253 | 44 | 1,206 | 383 | 33,121 |
| Any Percent | 92.2 | 95.0 | 94.2 | 95.6 | 89.8 | 95.7 | 96.0 | 94.8 |
| Exclusive Number | 203 | 3,629 | 9,290 | 7,556 | 23 | 946 | 255 | 22,265 |
| Exclusive Percent | 65.9 | 48.8 | 61.1 | 78.0 | 46.9 | 75.1 | 63.9 | 63.7 |
| 2015 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Any Number | 403 | 7,453 | 15,085 | 9,680 | 42 | 1,237 | * | 34,896 |
| Any Percent | 91.6 | 94.8 | 94.9 | 95.8 | 91.3 | 96.0 | * | 95.1 |
| Exclusive Number | 298 | 4,156 | 10,304 | 8,069 | 25 | 1,016 | * | 24,592 |
| Exclusive Percent | 67.7 | 52.9 | 64.8 | 79.9 | 54.3 | 78.9 | * | 67.1 |

## Supplemental Tables: Good Health

Orange County Number and Percent of Any and Exclusive Breastfeeding, by Race/Ethnicity, 2012 to 2017 (continued)

| Year and Age | Black | Asian | Hispanic | White | Pacific <br> Islander | Multiple | Missing/ <br> Other | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 6}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Any Number | 341 | 8,411 | 14,592 | 9,526 | 53 | 1,220 | 405 | $\mathbf{3 5 , 0 9 7}$ |
| Any Percent | 90.9 | 95.2 | 94.2 | 96.0 | 93.0 | 96.1 | 94.6 | $\mathbf{9 5 . 0}$ |
| Exclusive Number | 260 | 4,724 | 9,755 | 8,001 | 33 | 978 | 287 | $\mathbf{2 4 , 4 3 0}$ |
| Exclusive Percent | 69.3 | 53.5 | 63.0 | 80.6 | 67.1 | 77.1 | 67.1 | $\mathbf{6 6 . 1}$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 7}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Any Number | 309 | 8,381 | 12,882 | 8,808 | 41 | 1,150 | 410 | $\mathbf{3 2 , 6 1 1}$ |
| Any Percent | 92.2 | 93.7 | 94.4 | 96.5 | 85.4 | 95.7 | 95.1 | $\mathbf{9 4 . 8}$ |
| Exclusive Number | 220 | 4,659 | 8,562 | 7,484 | 30 | 924 | 292 | $\mathbf{2 2 , 6 3 3}$ |
| Exclusive Percent | 65.7 | 52.1 | 62.7 | 82.0 | 62.5 | 76.9 | 67.7 | $\mathbf{6 5 . 8}$ |

California Department of Public Health; Numbers and percents not shown for <10 events; exact percents not shown for hospitals with < 10 events; Data not shown for missing race/ethnicity.

Breastfeeding Percentages in Orange County Hospitals and California, 2012-2016

|  | Any Breastfeeding Percent |  |  |  |  | Exclusive Breastfeeding Percent |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hospitals | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016* | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016* |
| Anaheim Regional Medical Center | 88.7 | 92.8 | 93.5 | 94.1 | 92.4 | 28.2 | 41.3 | 43.2 | 48.4 | 44.4 |
| Coastal Communities Hospital | 91.2 | 90.2 | 94.0 | 88.9 | 83.9 | 55.3 | 56.0 | 61.9 | 50.6 | 37.0 |
| Fountain Valley Regional Medical Center | 89.1 | 90.3 | 91.9 | 93.4 | 93.6 | 25.7 | 18.5 | 19.4 | 28.3 | 34.7 |
| Garden Grove Hospital | 93.7 | 94.3 | 95.4 | 94.6 | 95.8 | 60.5 | 61.0 | 57.2 | 44.8 | 35.2 |
| Hoag Memorial-Presbyterian Hospital | 96.2 | 96.0 | 96.4 | 96.7 | 96.5 | 70.1 | 72.7 | 76.6 | 78.6 | 77.6 |
| Kaiser-Anaheim | 94.3 | 95.3 | 97.2 | 96.9 | 96.5 | 73.8 | 74.8 | 77.8 | 79.3 | 79.0 |
| Kaiser-Irvine | 97.1 | 97.5 | 96.7 | 98.0 | 98.0 | 80.1 | 82.6 | 79.0 | 84.0 | 84.5 |
| La Palma Intercommunity Hospital | 93.5 | 89.5 | 91.5 | 92.0 | 93.2 | 66.8 | 52.9 | 57.7 | 56.4 | 43.2 |
| Los Alamitos Medical Center | 94.1 | 94.8 | 93.6 | 92.1 | 94.6 | 75.2 | 73.4 | 69.3 | 64.2 | 63.7 |
| Mission Hospital Regional Medical Center | 94.8 | 96.0 | 96.7 | 96.4 | 96.6 | 80.3 | 80.8 | 80.6 | 80.7 | 77.2 |
| Orange Coast Memorial Hospital | 91.6 | 92.2 | 92.7 | 94.0 | 94.4 | 60.2 | 58.2 | 61.0 | 65.4 | 71.2 |
| Saddleback Memorial Medical Center | 92.1 | 93.2 | 94.0 | 95.4 | 95.0 | 60.1 | 60.2 | 58.6 | 60.7 | 64.3 |
| St. Joseph's Hospital | 94.8 | 95.4 | 96.1 | 95.9 | 96.1 | 81.0 | 83.1 | 83.7 | 85.6 | 84.5 |
| St. Jude Medical Center | 94.3 | 94.3 | 95.6 | 95.7 | 95.4 | 78.6 | 74.2 | 69.2 | 70.9 | 68.3 |
| UC Irvine Medical Center | 93.2 | 93.3 | 92.9 | 92.4 | 92.7 | 64.1 | 68.0 | 72.1 | 71.1 | 72.8 |
| Western Medical Center | 82.9 | 84.8 | 88.5 | 92.1 | 91.0 | 14.7 | 14.0 | 32.6 | 47.9 | 43.1 |
| Western Medical Center Anaheim | 96.5 | 95.0 | 95.8 | 95.2 | 92.6 | 62.8 | 51.2 | 49.3 | 45.1 | 31.4 |
| Orange County | 93.3 | 93.9 | 94.8 | 95.1 | 95.0 | 63.1 | 63.8 | 64.6 | 67.1 | 66.1 |
| California | 92.2 | 92.9 | 93.5 | 93.9 | 94.0 | 62.4 | 64.6 | 66.6 | 68.6 | 69.4 |

*Reprint due to data not available at time of printing
Source: California Department of Public Health, Center for Family Health, Genetic Disease Screening Program, Newborn Screening Data, 2016

## Supplemental Tables: Good Health

## Indicator: IMMUNIZATIONS

## Definition

This indicator reports the percentage of children who received all doses of specific vaccines recommended by their 2nd birthday and required at kindergarten entry. Data at the 2 nd birthday are based upon annual retrospective reviews of a sample of randomly selected schools' kindergarten immunization records and therefore represent vaccination trends three years prior.

Percent of Adequately Immunized Children Enrolling in School Between 2008 through 2017 in Orange County and California

| Assessment Year | Up-To-Date at Kindergarten Entry* |  | Up-To-Date at $2^{\text {nd }}$ Birthday** |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | CA (\%) | OC (\%) | CA (\%) | OC (\%) |
| 2008 | 91.7 | 90.0 | 77.9 | 81.1 |
| 2009 | 91.1 | 89.6 | 76.9 | 76.6 |
| 2010 | 90.7 | 89.0 | 77.4 | 74.8 |
| 2011 | 91.0 | 89.5 | N/A | 78.1 |
| 2012 | 90.3 | 89.3 | N/A | 75.7 |
| 2013 | 90.2 | 88.7 | N/A | 73.6 |
| 2014 | 90.4 | 90.1 | N/A | 78.9 |
| 2015 | 92.8 | 92.5 | N/A | 75.5 |
| 2016 | 95.6 | 95.5 | N/A | 78.5 |
| 2017 | 95.1 | 95.7 | N/A | 77.9 |

Up-to-date (UTD) for Kindergarten: Proof of immunizations is required to enter kindergarten. Children who are partially immunized are not considered UTD but may attend school as long as they are not overdue for doses needed to complete the vaccine series. Children with a written exemption based on personal beliefs or documented medical conditions are also not UTD but may attend school. 2016 Kindergarten Assessment Results, California Department of Health Services, Immunization Branch.
**Up-to-date at 2nd birthday: 3 doses of polio, 4 doses of DTP or DTaP (diphtheria, pertussis and tetanus) and 1 MMR (measles, mumps and rubella). Additional doses of each vaccine are required before school entry. 2003-2012 Kindergarten Retrospective Survey Results, California Department of Health Services, Immunization Branch. 20032010 OC data includes other Southern California counties (Imperial, Orange, Riverside, San Bernardino, and San Diego). 2011-2012 data include a small, random sample of schools for Orange County only.
Source: Kindergarten Retrospective Survey Results California Department of Health Services, Immunization Branch; Prepared by Orange County Health Care Agency

## Supplemental Tables: Good Health

## Secondary Indicator: DEVELOPMENTAL DISABLITIES

## Definition

This indicator tracks the total number of children under 18 years of age who utilized services at the Regional Center of Orange County (RCOC). This includes children over three years of age who have a diagnosed developmental disability, and children under three years of age who are eligible for Early Intervention Services under Part C of the Individual with Disabilities Education Improvement Act (IDEIA) through California's Early Start Program. The Early Start Program provides healthcare, intervention specialists, therapists, and parent resources for infants, toddlers and their families.

Children Receiving Services for Development Disabilities, 2008 to 2017

|  | 2008 |  | 2009 |  | 2010 |  | 2011 |  | 2012 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% |
| Total Served | 9,281 | 100 | 9,443 | 100 | 9,412 | 100 | 8,915 | 100 | 8,821 | 100 |
| Total Served with Diagnosis | 5,956 | 64.2 | 6,495 | 68.8 | 6,362 | 67.6 | 6,119 | 68.6 | 6,268 | 71.1 |
| Total Number Under 4 Years of Age | 4,270 | 46 | 4,297 | 45.5 | 4,056 | 43.1 | 3,463 | 68.8 | 3,247 | 36.8 |
| Total Number who live at home | 8,977 | 96.7 | 9,192 | 97.3 | 8,530 | 90.6 | 8,451 | 94.7 | 8,394 | 95.2 |
| Total Number who live in Community Care Facility | 102 | 1.1 | 71 | 0.8 | 102 | 1.1 | 76 | 0.9 | 78 | 0.9 |
| Total number who live in Foster Care (SSA) | 125 | 1.3 | 106 | 1.1 | 114 | 1.2 | 115 | 1.3 | 99 | 1.1 |
|  | 2013 |  | 2014 |  | 2015 |  | 2016 |  | 2017 |  |
|  | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% |
| Total Served | 8,661 | 100 | 8,953 |  | 9,343 | 100 | 9,688 | 100 | 10,156 | 100 |
| Total Served with Diagnosis | 6,342 | 73.2 | 6,448 | 72.0 | 6,644 | 71.1 | 6,761 | 69.8 | 6,905 | 68.0 |
| Total Number Under 4 Years of Age | 2,953 | 34.1 | 3,111 | 34.7 | 3,274 | 35.0 | 3,505 | 36.2 | 3,773 | 37.1 |
| Total Number who live at home | 8,240 | 95.1 | 8,750 | 97.7 | 9,112 | 97.5 | 9,461 | 97.7 | 9,911 | 97.6 |
| Total Number who live in Community Care Facility | 68 | 0.8 | 61 | 0.7 | 59 | 0.6 | 48 | 0.5 | 58 | 0.6 |
| Total Number who live in Foster Care (SSA) | 84 | 1 | 98 | 1.1 | 126 | 1.3 | 139 | 1.4 | 154 | 1.5 |

[^20]Source: Regional Center of Orange County

## Supplemental Tables: Good Health

Total Number of Children Under 18 Years of Age Receiving Services for Developmental Disabilities, by Race/Ethnicity, 2008 to 2017

| Ethnicity | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| White | 2,918 | 2,863 | 2,789 | 2,448 | 2,342 | 2,222 | 2,364 | 2,486 | 2,539 | 2,592 |
| Black | 119 | 129 | 127 | 116 | 119 | 124 | 147 | 167 | 199 | 212 |
| Hispanic | 3,318 | 3,507 | 3,495 | 3,366 | 3,328 | 3,333 | 3,490 | 3,715 | 3,944 | 4,114 |
| Asian | 1,295 | 1,399 | 1,437 | 1,425 | 1,477 | 1,485 | 1,655 | 1,780 | 1,861 | 2,050 |
| Other | 1,358 | 1,345 | 1,365 | 1,360 | 1,035 | 984 | 838 | 1,200 | 1,151 | 1,192 |
| Unknown | 273 | 200 | 199 | 200 | 295 | 489 | 463 | 417 | 408 | 428 |
| Total | $\mathbf{9 , 2 8 1}$ | $\mathbf{9 , 4 4 3}$ | $\mathbf{9 , 4 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{8 , 9 1 5}$ | $\mathbf{8 , 8 2 1}$ | $\mathbf{8 , 7 9 4}$ | $\mathbf{8 , 9 5 7}$ | $\mathbf{9 , 7 6 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 , 1 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 , 5 8 7}$ |

Note: Those with Middle Eastern ethnicity are included in the 'other' category.
Source: Regional Center for Orange County

Total Number of Children by Age Groups and Number and Percent of Children with a Diagnosis of Autism Served, by the Regional Center of Orange County (RCOC), July 2013 to July 2018


RCOC data as of 8/01/2018.
Note: Point in time data for July 31 in 2013, 2014, 2015, and 2016.
Source: Regional Center of Orange County

## Supplemental Tables: Good Health

## Indicator: PHYSICAL ACTIVITY AND NUTRITION

Percent of 5th, 7th and 9th Grade Students in Healthy Fitness Zone (HFZ) for Aerobic Capacity, 2011/12 to 2016/17

|  | $2011 / 2012$ | $2012 / 13$ | $2013 / 14^{*}$ | $2014 / 15$ | $2015 / 16$ | $2016 / 17$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 5th Graders | 62.4 | 63 | 70.2 | 70.7 | 69.1 | 68.3 |
| 7th Graders | 63.6 | 64.4 | 74.7 | 73.6 | 73.8 | 74.0 |
| 9th Graders | 62.4 | 63 | 72 | 71.8 | 70.4 | 70.6 |

*Data prior to 2013/14 is not comparable due to differences in reporting methodology.
Source: California Department of Education, DataQuest

Percent of Students in Healthy Fitness Zone for Aerobic Capacity, by Grade and Race/Ethnicity, 2011/12 to 2016/17

| Grade and Year | Black | American Indian | Asian | Filipino | Pacific Islander | Hispanic | White | Average |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2011/12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5th Graders | 64.8 | 65.9 | 75.0 | 69.8 | 51.4 | 59.1 | 80.1 | 66.6 |
| 7th Graders | 72.4 | 75.9 | 84.3 | 77.3 | 62.2 | 63.5 | 82.3 | 74.0 |
| 9th Graders | 67.5 | 70.5 | 81.6 | 72.1 | 58.4 | 61.4 | 78.2 | 70.0 |
| 2012/13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5th Graders | 67.6 | 61.5 | 75.8 | 70.5 | 59.5 | 59.7 | 80.9 | 67.9 |
| 7th Graders | 72.7 | 69.0 | 85.2 | 76.5 | 56.0 | 62.4 | 82.0 | 72.0 |
| 9th Graders | 68.1 | 65.5 | 83.4 | 76.4 | 55.2 | 61.1 | 78.3 | 69.7 |
| 2013/14* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5th Graders | 66.4 | 70.0 | 76.1 | 69.7 | 61.0 | 61.5 | 81.2 | 69.4 |
| 7th Graders | 70.5 | 71.9 | 86.3 | 81.2 | 65.4 | 65.4 | 82.9 | 74.8 |
| 9th Graders | 70.7 | 75.9 | 83.5 | 77.7 | 64.9 | 63.1 | 78.6 | 73.5 |
| 2014/15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5th Graders | 67.7 | 57.3 | 77.5 | 73.4 | 60.5 | 62.2 | 81.1 | 68.5 |
| 7th Graders | 69.2 | 71.2 | 84.2 | 77.7 | 65.1 | 64.8 | 81.9 | 73.4 |
| 9th Graders | 69.5 | 66.1 | 82.9 | 76.3 | 62.5 | 62.7 | 79.4 | 71.3 |
| 2015/16 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5th Graders | 65.4 | 54.4 | 76.2 | 68.4 | 56.8 | 60.4 | 79.9 | 66.0 |
| 7th Graders | 71.7 | 82.4 | 85.8 | 81.9 | 68.0 | 64.4 | 81.1 | 76.5 |
| 9th Graders | 67.3 | 67.0 | 81.5 | 77.0 | 52.6 | 62.1 | 77.2 | 69.2 |
| 2016/17 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5th Graders | 61.1 | 53.8 | 72.9 | 66.2 | 45.4 | 60.0 | 78.9 | 62.6 |
| 7th Graders | 70.2 | 69.4 | 84.3 | 78.6 | 57.7 | 65.4 | 81.6 | 72.5 |
| 9th Graders | 62.9 | 67.0 | 81.9 | 76.1 | 58.1 | 60.8 | 79.5 | 69.5 |

[^21]
## Supplemental Tables: Good Health

Percent of 5th Grade Students Classified as Needs Improvement Based on Health Risk for Aerobic Capacity, by Race/Ethnicity, 2011/12 to 2016/17

|  | Percent | Needs Improvement | Health Risk | for Aerobic Capacity |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Race/Ethnicity | $2011 / 12$ | $2012 / 13$ | $2013 / 14^{*}$ | $2014 / 15$ | $2015 / 16$ | $2016 / 17$ |
| Hispanic | 10.7 | 11.2 | 9.1 | 7.7 | 9.5 | 9.5 |
| Pacific Islander | 15.5 | 11.7 | 7.2 | 13.6 | 10.1 | 16.9 |
| Black | 5.6 | 5.3 | 5.6 | 6.6 | 6.6 | 8.1 |
| American Indian | 2.3 | 6.4 | 5.6 | 8.7 | 9.8 | 8.7 |
| Filipino | 5.5 | 5.3 | 5.0 | 4.9 | 5.1 | 5.9 |
| White | 2.8 | 3.3 | 2.7 | 2.9 | 3.2 | 3.0 |
| Two or More Races | 3.1 | 3.5 | 2.3 | 3.7 | 4.6 | 2.0 |
| Asian | 2.4 | 2.7 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 2.9 |
| Orange County | $\mathbf{6 . 8}$ | $\mathbf{7 . 2}$ | $\mathbf{5 . 8}$ | $\mathbf{5 . 3}$ | $\mathbf{6 . 3}$ | $\mathbf{6 . 2}$ |
| California | $\mathbf{8 . 0}$ | $\mathbf{8 . 4}$ | $\mathbf{6 . 5}$ | $\mathbf{6 . 6}$ | $\mathbf{6 . 8}$ | $\mathbf{6 . 7}$ |

*Data prior to 2013/14 is not comparable due to differences in reporting methodology
Source: California Department of Education, DataQuest

Indicator: OBESITY

Percent of 5th, 7th and 9th Grade Students in Healthy Fitness Zone (HFZ) for Body Composition 2011/12 to 2016/17

| Grade | $2011 / 2012$ | $2012 / 13$ | $2013 / 14^{*}$ | $2014 / 15$ | $2015 / 16$ | $2016 / 17$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 5th Graders | 56.4 | 56.7 | 63.4 | 64.1 | 64.0 | 64.2 |
| 7th Graders | 61.3 | 62.1 | 67.4 | 66.4 | 67.1 | 66.6 |
| 9th Graders | 65.5 | 65.3 | 70.8 | 71.2 | 69.5 | 69.2 |

*Data prior to 2013/14 is not comparable due to differences in reporting methodology
Source: California Department of Education, DataQuest

## Supplemental Tables: Good Health

Percent of Students Meeting Healthy Fitness Zone (HFZ) Standards for Body Composition, by Grade and Race/Ethnicity, 2011/12 to 2016/17

| Grade and Year | Black | American Indian | Asian | Filipino | Pacific Islander | Hispanic | White | Average |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2011/12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5th Graders | 55 | 62.4 | 66.8 | 59.9 | 38.5 | 43.5 | 71 | 56.7 |
| 7th Graders | 57.3 | 59.3 | 72 | 64.8 | 51.1 | 50.7 | 71.7 | 61.0 |
| 9th Graders | 61.3 | 65.1 | 75.2 | 68.2 | 50.6 | 56.4 | 73.8 | 64.4 |
| 2012/13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5th Graders | 56.2 | 61.5 | 67.8 | 60.5 | 52.9 | 44.8 | 69.8 | 59.1 |
| 7th Graders | 62.8 | 59.4 | 74.6 | 62.8 | 42.8 | 49.8 | 73.9 | 60.9 |
| 9th Graders | 63.5 | 55.9 | 77.2 | 68.8 | 47.1 | 56 | 72.9 | 63.1 |
| 2013/14* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5th Graders | 63.1 | 66.7 | 75 | 65.9 | 47.4 | 51.1 | 76.4 | 63.7 |
| 7th Graders | 64.5 | 71.9 | 79.7 | 71.6 | 50 | 55.6 | 79.1 | 67.5 |
| 9th Graders | 68.8 | 74.1 | 82.1 | 76.2 | 58.4 | 60.7 | 79.2 | 71.4 |
| 2014/15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5th Graders | 61.7 | 60.9 | 75.7 | 65.2 | 46.3 | 52.4 | 76.5 | 62.7 |
| 7th Graders | 62.5 | 68.5 | 79.1 | 71.3 | 50 | 55.1 | 77.8 | 66.3 |
| 9th Graders | 69.8 | 69.9 | 82.9 | 72.8 | 57.8 | 60.6 | 80.5 | 70.6 |
| 2015/16 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5th Graders | 64.7 | 56.2 | 75.2 | 69.3 | 41.2 | 52.6 | 76.0 | 62.2 |
| 7th Graders | 66.0 | 74.1 | 79.5 | 71.5 | 47.2 | 55.4 | 78.2 | 67.4 |
| 9th Graders | 68.2 | 69.0 | 81.8 | 75.7 | 52.6 | 58.8 | 79.2 | 69.3 |
| 2016/17 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5th Graders | 65.1 | 53.3 | 74.2 | 68.3 | 43.8 | 52.1 | 77.8 | 62.1 |
| 7th Graders | 63.8 | 54.1 | 78.4 | 71.6 | 46.2 | 54.6 | 78.3 | 63.9 |
| 9th Graders | 64 | 69.6 | 80.8 | 74.3 | 49 | 58 | 79.7 | 67.9 |

*Data prior to 2013/14 is not comparable due to differences in reporting methodology.
Source: California Department of Education, DataQuest

## Supplemental Tables: Good Health

Percent of 5th Grade Students Classified as Needs Improvement Based on Health Risk for Body Composition, by Race/ and Ethnicity, 2011/12 to 2016/17

\left.|  | Percent Needs Improvement Based on Health Risk for Body |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Composition |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |$\right]$

[^22]
## Supplemental Tables: Good Health

## Indicator: TEEN BIRTHS

Definition Teen births are tracked utilizing two indicators. The first indicator is the percent of total annual births occurring among females ages 19 years and under. The second indicator is the teen birth rate, which is a calculation of annual teen births per 1,000 females ages 15 to 19 years per year.

Birth Rate per 1,000 Females Aged 15-19 Years in Orange County, California and United States, 2007 to 2016

| Area | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Orange County | 29.6 | 27.7 | 25.3 | 22.5 | 20.2 | 19.2 | 16.7 | 14.8 | 12.0 | 10.9 |
| California | 40.1 | 38.3 | 35.4 | 31.6 | 28.3 | 26.2 | 23.2 | 21.1 | 19.0 | 15.7 |
| United States | 42.5 | 41.5 | 39.1 | 34.2 | 31.3 | 29.4 | 26.5 | 24.2 | 22.3 | 20.3 |

Source Orange County: Orange County Health Care Agency
Source California: State of California, Department of Health Services, Birth Records. a. http://www.cdph.ca.gov/data/statistics/Documents/VSC-2005-0202.pdf
http://www.dhs.ca.gov/hisp/chs/OHIR/tables/datafiles/vsofca.x|s
Source United States: National vital statistics reports: National Center for Health Statistics. ( http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/births.htm)
Population Source 2003-2009: State of California, Department of Finance, Race/Ethnic Population with Age and Sex Detail, 2000-2010. Sacramento, CA, September 2012.

California, February 2017.

Percent of Teen Births (19 and Under) of Total Births in Orange County, 2007 to 2016

| 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $7.0 \%$ | $7.0 \%$ | $6.8 \%$ | $6.6 \%$ | $5.8 \%$ | $5.5 \%$ | $4.8 \%$ | $4.1 \%$ | $3.7 \%$ | $3.2 \%$ |

Source: Orange County Health Care Agency.

Number and Birth Rates, by Age of Mother (19 Years and Under) per 1,000 Females, 2007 to 2016

| Age of Mother | 2007 |  | 2008 |  | 2009 |  | 2010 |  | 2011 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate |
| < 15 Years | 44 | 0.4 | 52 | 0.5 | 34 | 0.3 | 36 | 0.4 | 34 | 0.3 |
| 15-17 Years | 984 | 15.3 | 979 | 15.0 | 902 | 13.8 | 806 | 12.3 | 730 | 11.3 |
| 18-19 Years | 2,105 | 52.7 | 1,976 | 48.0 | 1,828 | 42.7 | 1,673 | 37.6 | 1,485 | 33.1 |
| Age of Mother | 2012 |  | 2013 |  | 2014 |  | 2015 |  | 2016 |  |
|  | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate |
| < 15 Years | 25 | 0.2 | 18 | 0.2 | 11 | 0.2 | 17 | 0.3 | 9 | 0.2 |
| 15-17 Years | 624 | 9.8 | 500 | 8.0 | 457 | 7.3 | 372 | 5.8 | 339 | 8.9 |
| 18-19 Years | 1,454 | 32.6 | 1,283 | 29.2 | 1,102 | 25.5 | 987 | 20.3 | 872 | 22.9 |

Notes: Birth rates for females <15 are based on a per 1,000 females 12-14 years of age, as there were no births to females younger than 12 years of age.

 Source: County of Orange Health Care Agency.

Birth Rate per 1,000 Female Teen Population 15-19 Years of Age, by Race and Ethnicity, 2007 to 2016

| RACE/ETHNICITY | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Asian | 3.4 | 2.5 | 3.3 | 2.6 | 1.8 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 1.2 | 1.6 | 0.9 |
| Black | 25.2 | 26.1 | 18.9 | 13.9 | 12.6 | 11.6 | 10.1 | 14.8 | 9.0 | 16.3 |
| Hispanic | 63.5 | 58.2 | 51.4 | 45.4 | 39.6 | 36.8 | 31.0 | 26.9 | 23.7 | 21.0 |
| Non-Hispanic White | 6.9 | 7.7 | 6.7 | 6.9 | 4.9 | 4.2 | 3.9 | 4.3 | 3.5 | 2.9 |

Source: Orange County Health Care Agency.

## Supplemental Tables: Good Health

Percent of Population, Total Births and Births to Teens (19 and Under), by Race and Ethnicity, 2007 to 2016

| RACE/ | PERCENT OF | PERCENT OF TOTAL BIRTHS BY YEAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2015 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| Asian | 15.7 | 16.6 | 16.5 | 16.8 | 16.4 | 17.1 | 19.5 | 20.0 | 23.4 | 23.1 | 25.4 |
| Black | 1.3 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| Hispanic | 47.3 | 51.9 | 51.8 | 50.3 | 49.5 | 48.2 | 46.5 | 45.9 | 42.6 | 42.8 | 40.8 |
| Non-Hispanic White | 30.4 | 28.7 | 28.8 | 29.9 | 31.1 | 30.1 | 29.3 | 31.1 | 30.7 | 30.8 | 32.0 |
| RACE/ | PERCENT OF |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ETHNICITY | POPULATION* | PERCENT OF TEEN BIRTHS BY YEAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2015 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| Asian | 16.1 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 1.9 | 2.5 | 1.4 | 2.2 | 1.4 |
| Black | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 1.6 | 1.1 | 2.5 |
| Hispanic | 44.9 | 86.1 | 85.0 | 85.3 | 85.3 | 86.4 | 87.4 | 86.8 | 85.4 | 86.1 | 85.7 |
| Non-Hispanic White | 33.2 | 8.9 | 10.3 | 9.7 | 10.5 | 8.8 | 8.0 | 8.6 | 10.6 | 9.7 | 10.3 |


 February 2017. Due to rounding, totals may not add up to 100. The total does not include all races/ethnicity.
Source Orange County Health Care Agency

## Supplemental Tables: Good Health

Number of Teen Births and Teen Birth Rates* per 1,000 females 15-19 years of age, by Age and Race/Ethnicity, 2007 to 2016

| Age of Mother | Total | Rate | Non-Hispanic White | Black | Hispanic | Asian | Other |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| < 15 Years | 44 | 0.4 | 1 | 0 | 41 | 0 | 2 |
| 15-17 Years | 984 | 15.3 | 67 | 9 | 885 | 13 | 10 |
| 18-19 Years | 2,105 | 52.7 | 207 | 35 | 1,776 | 43 | 44 |
| Total Teen Births | 3,133 |  | 275 | 44 | 2,702 | 56 | 56 |
| Teen Birth Rate | 29.6 |  | 6.9 | 25.2 | 63.5 | 3.4 | N/A |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| < 15 Years | 52 | 0.5 | 1 | 2 | 45 | 2 | 2 |
| 15-17 Years | 979 | 15.0 | 74 | 12 | 869 | 10 | 14 |
| 18-19 Years | 1,976 | 48.0 | 231 | 33 | 1,644 | 31 | 37 |
| Total Teen Births | 3,007 |  | 306 | 47 | 2,558 | 43 | 53 |
| Teen Birth Rate | 27.7 |  | 7.7 | 26.1 | 58.2 | 2.5 | N/A |
| 2009 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| < 15 Years | 34 | 0.3 | 0 | 0 | 33 | 1 | 0 |
| 15-17 Years | 902 | 13.8 | 63 | 9 | 806 | 13 | 11 |
| 18-19 Years | 1,828 | 42.7 | 202 | 25 | 1,522 | 40 | 39 |
| Total Teen Births | 2,764 |  | 265 | 34 | 2,361 | 54 | 50 |
| Teen Birth Rate | 25.3 |  | 6.7 | 18.9 | 51.4 | 3.3 | N/A |
| 2010 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| < 15 Years | 36 | 0.4 | 3 | 1 | 31 | 1 | 0 |
| 15-17 Years | 806 | 12.3 | 54 | 2 | 730 | 13 | 7 |
| 18-19 Years | 1,673 | 37.6 | 207 | 21 | 1,384 | 31 | 30 |
| Total Teen Births | 2,515 |  | 264 | 24 | 2,145 | 45 | 37 |
| Teen Birth Rate | 22.5 |  | 6.8 | 13.3 | 44.3 | 2.5 | N/A |
| 2011 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| < 15 Years | 34 | 0.3 | 1 | 0 | 33 | 0 | 0 |
| 15-17 Years | 730 | 11.3 | 52 | 8 | 642 | 9 | 13 |
| 18-19 Years | 1,485 | 33.1 | 142 | 14 | 1,272 | 23 | 25 |
| Total Teen Births | 2,249 |  | 195 | 22 | 1,947 | 32 | 38 |
| Teen Birth Rate | 20.2 |  | 5.1 | 13.5 | 40.0 | 1.8 | N/A |
| 2012 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| < 15 Years | 25 | 0.2 | 1 | 0 | 24 | 0 | 0 |
| 15-17 Years | 624 | 9.8 | 32 | 6 | 572 | 8 | 5 |
| 18-19 Years | 1,454 | 32.6 | 135 | 14 | 1,241 | 32 | 25 |
| Total Teen Births | 2,103 |  | 168 | 20 | 1,837 | 40 | 30 |
| Teen Birth Rate | 19.2 |  | 4.5 | 12.9 | 38.1 | 2.3 | N/A |
| 2013 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| < 15 Years | 18 | 0.2 | 1 | 0 | 17 | 0 | 0 |
| 15-17 Years | 500 | 8.0 | 24 | 6 | 462 | 4 | 4 |
| 18-19 Years | 1,283 | 29.2 | 130 | 11 | 1,085 | 33 | 24 |
| Total Teen Births | 1,783 |  | 154 | 17 | 1,547 | 37 | 24 |
| Teen Birth Rate | 16.7 |  | 4.2 | 11.4 | 32.8 | 2.2 | N/A |
| 2014 |  | 0.2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| < 15 Years | 11 | 7.3 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 |
| 15-17 Years | 457 | 25.5 | 32 | 13 | 401 | 4 | 7 |
| 18-19 Years | 1102 |  | 135 | 12 | 929 | 18 | 8 |
| Total Teen Births | 1,570 | 4.7 | 167 | 25 | 1341 | 22 | 15 |
| Teen Birth Rate | 14.8 |  | 17.4 | 28.6 | 1.3 | N/A |  |
| 2015 |  | 0.3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| < 15 Years | 17 | 5.8 | 1 | 0 | 16 | 0 | 0 |
| 15-17 Years | 372 | 20.3 | 28 | 5 | 332 | 3 | 4 |
| 18-19 Years | 987 |  | 105 | 10 | 837 | 27 | 8 |
| Total Teen Births | 1,376 |  | 134 | 15 | 1,185 | 30 | 12 |
| Teen Birth Rate | 12.0 |  | 3.5 | 9.0 | 23.7 | 1.6 | N/A |
| 2016 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| < 15 Years | 9 | 0.4 | 1 | 0 | 8 | 0 | 0 |
| 15-17 Years | 339 | 5.2 | 20 | 7 | 308 | 4 | 0 |
| 18-19 Years | 872 | 18.3 | 100 | 20 | 738 | 13 | 1 |
| Total Teen Births | 1220 |  | 121 | 27 | 1054 | 17 | 1 |
| Teen Birth Rate | 10.9 |  | 2.9 | 16.3 | 21.1 | 0.9 | N/A |

[^23]
## Supplemental Tables: Good Health

Number of Live Births, by Mothers Age 15 to 19 and Birth Rate per 1,000 Females, by City of Residence, 2012 to 2016

|  | Female Population Age 15-19* | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | Rates per 1,000 <br> Females 15-19 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Aliso Viejo | 1,704 | 7 | 9 | 7 | 6 | 7 | 4.1 |
| Anaheim | 12,077 | 453 | 381 | 342 | 308 | 259 | 21.4 |
| Brea | 1,154 | 7 | 5 | 8 | 12 | 6 | 5.2 |
| Buena Park | 2,294 | 76 | 57 | 63 | 55 | 37 | 16.1 |
| Costa Mesa | 2,859 | 49 | 65 | 51 | 46 | 52 | 18.2 |
| Coto de Caza CDP | 554 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Cypress | 1,840 | 12 | 10 | 8 | 9 | 6 | 3.3 |
| Dana Point | 747 | 8 | 8 | 6 | 7 | 12 | 16.1 |
| Fountain Valley | 1,448 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 13 | 5 | 3.5 |
| Fullerton | 5,236 | 94 | 104 | 87 | 75 | 67 | 12.8 |
| Garden Grove | 5,650 | 144 | 125 | 100 | 89 | 81 | 14.3 |
| Huntington Beach | 5,308 | 54 | 45 | 35 | 26 | 30 | 5.7 |
| Irvine | 10,460 | 14 | 12 | 13 | 10 | 12 | 1.1 |
| La Habra | 152 | 67 | 54 | 45 | 36 | 34 | 223.3 |
| La Palma | 464 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2.2 |
| Ladera Ranch CDP | 722 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Laguna Beach | 672 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Laguna Hills | 1,012 | 6 | 11 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 4.9 |
| Laguna Niguel | 1,800 | 13 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 7 | 3.9 |
| Laguna Woods | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Lake Forest | 2,630 | 29 | 26 | 22 | 14 | 20 | 7.6 |
| Los Alamitos | 487 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 4.1 |
| Midway CDP | 497 | 6 | 6 | 4 | 3 | 5 | 10.1 |
| Mission Viejo | 3,255 | 23 | 15 | 16 | 8 | 10 | 3.1 |
| Newport Beach | 2,211 | 6 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| Orange | 5,544 | 118 | 87 | 76 | 75 | 67 | 12.1 |
| Placentia | 1,632 | 22 | 26 | 29 | 26 | 18 | 11 |
| Rancho Santa Margarita | 1,535 | 13 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 6 | 3.9 |
| Rossmoor CDP | 463 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| San Clemente | 2,058 | 31 | 29 | 28 | 19 | 19 | 9.2 |
| San Juan Capistrano | 1,594 | 37 | 22 | 20 | 21 | 17 | 10.7 |
| Santa Ana | 12,582 | 611 | 510 | 432 | 361 | 346 | 27.5 |
| Seal Beach | 276 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Stanton | 1,486 | 30 | 30 | 23 | 23 | 13 | 8.7 |
| Trabuco Canyon | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | 2 | N/A |
| Tustin | 2,535 | 55 | 45 | 31 | 24 | 39 | 15.4 |
| Villa Park | 220 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Westminster | 2,989 | 48 | 40 | 35 | 30 | 22 | 7.4 |
| Yorba Linda | 2,326 | 5 | 5 | 8 | 8 | 3 | 1.3 |
| Orange County Total | 112,405 | 2,078 | 1,783 | 1,559 | 1,376 | 1,220 | 10.9 |

[^24]
## Supplemental Tables: Good Health

## Secondary Indicator: SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED DISEASES

## Definition

This indicator tracks the number of cases and annual case rates per 100,000 population of reportable sexually transmitted diseases (STDs) including chlamydia, gonorrhea, syphilis, and HIV/AIDS in children 10 to 17 years of age.

Number and STD Case Rates Per 100,000 Youth 10-17 Years Old, by Type of Disease, 2008-2017

|  | 2008 |  | 2009 |  | $2010^{1}$ |  | $2011{ }^{1}$ |  | $2012{ }^{1}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type of STD** | Number | Rate* | Number | Rate | Number | Rate | Number | Rate | Number | Rate |
| Chlamydia | 751 | 207.5 | 748 | 209.2 | 670 | 194.8 | 724 | 210.2 | 675 | 196.5 |
| Gonorrhea | 39 | 10.8 | 25 | 7.0 | 38 | 11.0 | 35 | 10.2 | 49 | 14.3 |
| Syphilis | 4 | 1.1* | 2 | 0.6* | 2 | 0.6* | 1 | 0.3* | 2 | 0.6* |
| HIVIAIDS | 2 | 0.6* | 4 | 1.1* | 0 | 0.0 | 4 | 1.2* | 1 | 0.3* |
| Population | 361,8 |  | 357,637 |  | 343,9 |  | 344,36 |  | 343,5 |  |
|  | $2013{ }^{1}$ |  | $2014{ }^{1}$ |  | $2015{ }^{1}$ |  | $2016{ }^{1}$ |  | $2017{ }^{1}$ |  |
| Type of STD** | Number | Rate | Number | Rate | Number | Rate | Number | Rate | Number | Rate |
| Chlamydia | 563 | 164.1 | 621 | 181.0 | 648 | 190.8 | 696 | 204.9 | 697 | 205.3 |
| Gonorrhea | 56 | 16.3 | 72 | 21.0 | 67 | 19.7 | 95 | 28.0 | 111 | 32.7 |
| Syphilis | 9 | 2.6 | 14 | 4.1 | 9 | 2.6 | 3 | 0.9* | 0 | 0.0 |
| HIVIAIDS | 1 | 0.3* | 2 | 0.6* | 3 | 0.9* | 4 | 1.2* | 1 | 0.3 |
| Population | 343, |  | 341, |  | 339, |  | 339,2 |  | 339, |  |

[^25]
## Supplemental Tables: Good Health

Number of STD's Among Youth 10-17 Years of Age, by Gender and Type of Disease, 2008-2017

| Type of STD* | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chlamydia |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 147 | 151 | 121 | 162 | 134 | 129 | 136 | 123 | 155 | 159 |
| Female | 603 | 593 | 548 | 561 | 540 | 434 | 485 | 522 | 539 | 535 |
| Unknown | 1 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| Total | 751 | 748 | 670 | 724 | 675 | 563 | 621 | 648 | 696 | 697 |
| Gonorrhea |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 11 | 17 | 12 | 13 | 15 | 20 | 27 | 23 | 32 | 43 |
| Female | 28 | 8 | 25 | 22 | 33 | 36 | 44 | 44 | 63 | 67 |
| Unknown | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Total | 39 | 25 | 38 | 35 | 49 | 56 | 72 | 67 | 95 | 111 |
| Syphilis |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 6 | 10 | 7 | 2 | 0 |
| Female | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Unknown | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 4 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 9 | 14 | 9 | 3 | 0 |
| HIVIAIDS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male | 2 | 4 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 |
| Female | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Unknown | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 2 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 |

## Supplemental Tables: Good Health

Number and STD Case Rates* per 100,000 Youth, By Age Group and Type of Disease, 2008-2017

|  | 2008 |  | 2009 |  | $2010{ }^{1}$ |  | $2011{ }^{1}$ |  | $2012{ }^{1}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type of STD** | Number | Rate | Number | Rate | Number | Rate | Number | Rate | Number | Rate |
| Chlamydia |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10-14 years | 40 | 18.2 | 52 | 24.0 | 27 | 12.8 | 50 | 23.8 | 29 | 13.9 |
| 15-17 years | 711 | 501.8 | 696 | 492.6 | 643 | 483.2 | 674 | 503.4 | 646 | 480.4 |
| Gonorrhea |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10-14 years | 4 | 1.8* | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.5* | 2 | 1.0* | 2 | 1.0* |
| 15-17 years | 35 | 24.7 | 25 | 17.7 | 37 | 27.8 | 33 | 24.6 | 47 | 34.9 |
| Syphilis |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10-14 years | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.5* | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 15-17 years | 4 | 2.8* | 1 | $0.7 *$ | 2 | 1.5* | 1 | 0.7* | 2 | 1.5* |
| HIVIAIDS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10-14 years | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.5* |
| 15-17 years | 2 | 1.4* | 5 | 3.5 | 1 | 0.8* | 4 | 3.0* | 0 | 0.0 |
| 10-14 Total Cases | 44 | 20.0 | 53 | 24.5 | 28 | 13.3 | 52 | 24.7 | 32 | 15.3 |
| 15-17 Total Cases | 752 | 530.8 | 727 | 514.5 | 683 | 513.2 | 712 | 531.8 | 695 | 516.8 |
| 10-17 Total Cases | 796 | 220.0 | 780 | 218.1 | 711 | 206.7 | 764 | 221.9 | 727 | 211.6 |
|  | $2013{ }^{1}$ |  | $2014{ }^{1}$ |  | $2015{ }^{1}$ |  | $2016{ }^{1}$ |  | $2017{ }^{1}$ |  |
| Type of STD** | Number | Rate | Number | Rate | Number | Rate | Number | Rate | Number | Rate |
| Chlamydia |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10-14 years | 25 | 12.0 | 27 | 12.9 | 23 | 11.1 | 35 | 16.9 | 35 | 16.8 |
| 15-17 years | 538 | 401.3 | 594 | 447.2 | 625 | 473.3 | 661 | 499.1 | 662 | 505.0 |
| Gonorrhea |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10-14 years | 2 | 1.0* | 4 | 1.9* | 6 | 2.9 | 7 | 3.4 | 9 | 4.3 |
| 15-17 years | 54 | 40.3 | 68 | 51.2 | 61 | 46.2 | 88 | 66.4 | 102 | 77.8 |
| Syphilis |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10-14 years | 1 | 0.5* | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 15-17 years | 8 | 6.0 | 14 | 10.5 | 9 | 6.8 | 3 | 2.3* | 0 | 0.0 |
| HIV/AIDS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10-14 years | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 15-17 years | 2 | 1.5* | 3 | 2.3* | 3 | 2.3* | 4 | 3.0* | 1 | 0.8 |
| 10-14 years Total Cases | 28 | 13.4 | 31 | 14.9 | 29 | 14.0 | 42 | 20.3 | 44 | 21.1 |
| 15-17 years Total Cases | 602 | 449.0 | 679 | 511.2 | 698 | 528.6 | 756 | 570.8 | 765 | 583.6 |
| 10-17 Total Cases | 630 | 183.6 | 710 | 208.0 | 727 | 214.0 | 798 | 235.2 | 809 | 238.3 |

* Rates per 100,000 population; rates based on less than five events are unstable, and therefore should be interpreted with caution.
*Does not include congenital cases resulting from mother to child transmission.
The rates before 2010 are calculated using the following population source: State of California, Department of Finance, Race/Ethnic Population with Age and Sex Detail, 2000-2050. Sacramento,
 Sacramento, California, February 2017.
 years 2010-2015 have been adjusted accordingly and may differ to from rates computed in previous reports.

Source: Orange County Health Care Agency, Public Health Services, May 2018

## Supplemental Tables: Good Health

## Indicator: BEHAVIORAL HEALTH

Number of Children and Young Adults through Age 25 Served by Children and Youth Behavioral Health, 2007/08 to 2016/17

| Outpatient (Visit) | $2007 / 08$ | $2008 / 09$ | $2009 / 10$ | $2010 / 11$ | $2011 / 12$ | $2012 / 13$ | $2013 / 14$ | $2014 / 15$ | $2015 / 16$ | $2016 / 17$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Number of <br> Children and <br> Young Adults | 12,552 | 12,864 | 13,006 | 14,431 | 14,918 | 14,830 | 15,257 | 15,029 | 14,624 | 15,019 |

Source: Orange County Health Care Agency/Children and Youth Behavioral Health

Number of Clients Served by Children and Youth Behavioral Health, by Race/Ethnicity, 2008/09 to 2016/17

| Race/Ethnicity | $2008 / 09$ | $2009 / 10$ | $2010 / 11$ | $2011 / 12$ | $2012 / 13$ | $2013 / 14$ | $2014 / 15$ | $2015 / 16$ | $2016 / 17$ | Percent <br> Change |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| White | 3,589 | 3,463 | 3,534 | 3,616 | 3,648 | 3,570 | 2,876 | 2,670 | 2,482 | -30.8 |
| Black | 696 | 651 | 693 | 702 | 641 | 626 | 514 | 511 | 537 | -22.8 |
| Hispanic | 7,144 | 7,504 | 8,690 | 9,099 | 9,217 | 9,599 | 10,422 | 10,177 | 10,599 | 42.5 |
| Asian | 713 | 682 | 785 | 700 | 696 | 859 | 778 | 816 | 878 | 23.1 |
| American Indian | 158 | 162 | 145 | 124 | 80 | 58 | 41 | 36 | 38 | -75.9 |
| Other/Unknown | 564 | 544 | 584 | 677 | 548 | 545 | 218 | 196 | 201 | -64.4 |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 2 , 8 6 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 , 0 0 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 , 4 3 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 , 9 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 , 8 3 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 5 , 2 5 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 5 , 0 2 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 , 6 2 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 5 , 0 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 6 . 8}$ |

Source: Orange County Health Care Agency/Children and Youth Behavioral Health

Number of Services, by Type of Outpatient Program, 2007/08 to 2016/17

| Outpatient (Visit) | 2007/08 | 2008/09 | 2009/10 | 2010/11 | 2011/12 | 2012/13 | 2013/14 | 2014/15 | 2015/16 | 2016/17 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Special Education (Community Based) | 65,343 | 60,864 | 55,881 | 37,435 | 25,335 | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Wards \& Dependents | 127,175 | 137,613 | 120,002 | 115,999 | 109,580 | 97,334 | 87,439 | 81,483 | 79,419 | 81,396 |
| Other (CommunityBased) | 194,638 | 213,615 | 256,496 | 306,331 | 281,450 | 294,615 | 309,259 | 305,374 | 287,804 | 299,878 |
| Total | 387,156 | 412,092 | 432,379 | 459,765 | 416,365 | 391,949 | 396,698 | 387,064 | 367,429 | 381,404 |

 services for special education students to school districts during 2011/12.
Source: Orange County Health Care Agency, Children and Youth Behavioral Health

Number of Bed Days, by Type of Inpatient Placements, 2007/08 to 2016/17

| Inpatient | $2007 / 08$ | $2008 / 09$ | $2009 / 10$ | $2010 / 11$ | $2011 / 12$ | $2012 / 13$ | $2013 / 14$ | $2014 / 15$ | $2015 / 16$ | $2016 / 17$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| State Hospital | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Acute Hospital (Unfunded) | 566 | 497 | 386 | 547 | 440 | 637 | 560 | 299 | 245 | 230 |
| Acute Hospital (Medi-Cal) | 2,131 | 2,304 | 3,016 | 3,164 | 3,049 | 3,857 | 5,529 | 4,364 | 5,471 | 6,904 |
| Residential Placement (Sp Ed) | 58,573 | 52,610 | 49,503 | 41,677 | 27,654 | $\mathbf{1 7 , 5 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 , 3 2 3}$ | 4,451 | 4,680 | 5,645 |
| Total | $\mathbf{6 0 , 2 7 0}$ | $\mathbf{5 5 , 4 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{5 2 , 9 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{4 5 , 3 8 8}$ | $\mathbf{3 1 , 1 4 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 2 , 0 0 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 6 , 4 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{9 , 1 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 , 3 9 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 , 7 7 9}$ |

*The data provided is for children and adults through the age of 25
Source: Orange County Health Care Agency/Children and Youth Behavioral Health

## Supplemental Tables: Good Health

## Secondary Indicator: SUBSTANCE ABUSE SERVICES

## Definition

This indicator tracks the number and percent of adolescents receiving substance abuse services provided by the Orange County Health Care Agency's (HCA) Alcohol and Drug Abuse Services (ADAS). This indicator reflects the trend of adolescent utilization of services provided by ADAS and its contract providers rather than the absolute number of adolescents needing services or using alcohol or other drugs in Orange County.

Number of Children and Young Adults through Age 25 Served by Children and Youth Behavioral Health, 2007/08 to 2016/17

| Year | Outpatient | Residential | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2007/08 |  |  |  |
| Number | 315 | 145 | 460 |
| Percent | 68.5\% | 31.5\% | 100\% |
| 2008/09 |  |  |  |
| Number | 317 | 236 | 553 |
| Percent | 57.3\% | 42.7\% | 100\% |
| 2009/10 |  |  |  |
| Number | 156 | 56 | 212 |
| Percent | 73.6\% | 26.4\% | 100\% |
| 2010/11 |  |  |  |
| Number | 256 | 323 | $579{ }^{1}$ |
| Percent | 44.2\% | 55.8\% | 100\% |
| 2011/12 |  |  |  |
| Number | 183 | 288 | $471{ }^{2}$ |
| Percent | 38.9\% | 61.1\% | 100\% |
| 2012/13 |  |  |  |
| Number | 245 | 95 | $340^{3}$ |
| Percent | 72.0\% | 28.0\% | 100\% |
| 2013/14 |  |  |  |
| Number | 219 | 62 | 281 |
| Percent | 78.0\% | 22.0\% | 100\% |
| 2014/15 |  |  |  |
| Number | 178 | 57 | 235 |
| Percent | 76.0\% | 24.0\% | 100\% |
| 2015/16 |  |  |  |
| Number | 201 | 61 | 262 |
| Percent | 77.0\% | 23.0\% | 100\% |
| 2016/17 |  |  |  |
| Number | 197 | 86 | 283 |
| Percent | 70.0\% | 30.0\% | 100\% |

1. Total does not include 215 adolescents counted from Youth Guidance Center
2. Total does not include 198 adolescents counted from Youth Guidance Center
3. Total does not include 28 adolescents counted from Youth Guidance Center

Source: Orange County Health Care Agency

## Supplemental Tables: Good Health

Substance Abuse Services: Number and Percent, by Discharge Status, 2007/08 to 2016/17

| Year | Completed Treatment | Left with Satisfactory Progress | Left with Unsatisfactory Progress | Referred/ Transferred | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2007/08 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number | 52 | 32 | 160 | N/A | 244 |
| Percent | 21.3\% | 13.1\% | 65.6\% | N/A | 100\% |
| 2008/09 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number | 143 | 68 | 316 | N/A | 527 |
| Percent | 27.1\% | 12.9\% | 60.0\% | N/A | 100\% |
| 2009/10 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number | 53 | 27 | 102 | 65 | 247 |
| Percent | 21.5\% | 10.9\% | 41.3\% | 26.3\% | 100\% |
| 2010/11 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number | 104 | 68 | 106 | 111 | 389 |
| Percent | 26.7\% | 17.5\% | 27.2\% | 28.5\% | 100\% |
| 2011/12 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number | 72 | 89 | 212 | 122 | 495 |
| Percent | 14.5\% | 18.0\% | 42.8\% | 24.6\% | 100\% |
| 2012/13* |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number | 49 | 42 | 186 | 72 | 349 |
| Percent | 14.0\% | 12.0\% | 53.3\% | 20.6\% | 100\% |
| 2013/14 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number | 37 | 19 | 147 | 32 | 235 |
| Percent | 15.7\% | 8.1\% | 62.6\% | 13.6\% | 100\% |
| 2014/15 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number | 18 | 21 | 125 | 40 | 204 |
| Percent | 8.8\% | 10.3\% | 61.3\% | 19.6\% | 100\% |
| 2015/16 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number | 7 | 50 | 191 | 116 | 364 |
| Percent | 1.9\% | 13.7\% | 52.5\% | 31.9\% | 100\% |
| 2016/17 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number | 10 | 21 | 145 | 44 | 220 |
| Percent | 4.5\% | 9.5\% | 65.9\% | 20.0\% | 100\% |

[^26]
## Supplemental Tables: Good Health

Number and Percent of Adolescents Receiving Substance Abuse Services, by Drug of Choice and Age, 2007/08 to 2016/17

| Year | Age | Alcohol | Methamphetamine | Cocaine | Marijuana | PCP/ <br> Hallucinogen | Heroin | Other* | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2007/08 | Under 13 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
|  | 13-14 | 10 | 11 | 0 | 44 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 72 |
|  | 15-17 | 51 | 90 | 16 | 314 | 3 | 2 | 17 | 493 |
|  | Total | 62 | 102 | 16 | 359 | 4 | 2 | 23 | 568 |
|  | Percent | 10.90\% | 18.00\% | 2.80\% | 63.20\% | 0.70\% | 0.40\% | 4\% | 100\% |
| 2008/09 | Under 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | 13-14 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 27 | 2 | 12 | 0 | 46 |
|  | 15-17 | 45 | 122 | 14 | 273 | 5 | 37 | 11 | 507 |
|  | Total | 48 | 124 | 14 | 300 | 7 | 49 | 11 | 553 |
|  | Percent | 8.70\% | 22.40\% | 2.50\% | 54.20\% | 1.30\% | 8.90\% | 2.50\% | 100\% |
| 2009/10 | Under 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
|  | 13-14 years | 5 | 5 | 0 | 34 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 51 |
|  | 15-17 years | 28 | 33 | 1 | 150 | 0 | 13 | 16 | 241 |
|  | Total | 33 | 38 | 1 | 186 | 0 | 13 | 23 | 294 |
|  | Percent | 11.20\% | 12.90\% | 0.30\% | 63.20\% | 0\% | 4.40\% | 7.80\% | 100\% |
| 2010/11 | Under 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
|  | 13-14 years | 7 | 4 | 1 | 48 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 67 |
|  | 15-17 years | 28 | 38 | 4 | 186 | 17 | 33 | 6 | 312 |
|  | Total | 35 | 42 | 5 | 236 | 20 | 35 | 6 | 381 |
|  | Percent | 9.20\% | 11\% | 1.30\% | 61.90\% | 5.20\% | 9.20\% | 1.60\% | 100\% |
| 2011/12 | Under 13 years | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
|  | 13-14 years | 5 | 3 | 0 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 35 |
|  | 15-17 years | 26 | 46 | 4 | 178 | 0 | 27 | 16 | 297 |
|  | Total | 31 | 49 | 4 | 204 | 0 | 27 | 18 | 333 |
|  | Percent | 9.30\% | 14.70\% | 1.20\% | 61.20\% | 0 | 8.10\% | 5.40\% | 100\% |
| 2012/13 | Under 13 years | 0 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 |
|  | 13-14 years | 8 | 8 | 0 | 36 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 56 |
|  | 15-17 years | 20 | 61 | 4 | 164 | 0 | 23 | 5 | 277 |
|  | Total | 28 | 70 | 4 | 206 | 0 | 26 | 6 | 340 |
|  | Percent | 8.20\% | 20.60\% | 1.20\% | 60.60\% | 0\% | 7.60\% | 1.80\% | 100\% |
| 2013/14 | Under 13 years | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | 13-14 years | 1 | 1 | 0 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 19 |
|  | 15-17 years | 21 | 50 | 0 | 178 | 0 | 8 | 5 | 262 |
|  | Total | 22 | 51 | 0 | 195 | 0 | 8 | 5 | 281 |
|  | Percent | 8\% | 18\% | 0\% | 69\% | 0\% | 3\% | 2\% | 100\% |
| 2014/15 | Under 13 years | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | 13-14 years | 1 | 1 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 |
|  | 15-17 years | 12 | 39 | 1 | 158 | 1 | 3 | 6 | 220 |
|  | Total | 13 | 40 | 1 | 171 | 1 | 3 | 6 | 235 |
|  | Percent | 6\% | 17\% | 0\% | 73\% | 0\% | 1\% | 3\% | 100\% |
| 2015/16 | Under 13 years | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
|  | 13-14 years | 1 | 3 | 0 | 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 27 |
|  | 15-17 years | 14 | 44 | 1 | 165 | 0 | 4 | 6 | 234 |
|  | Total | 15 | 47 | 1 | 189 | 0 | 4 | 6 | 262 |
|  | Percent | 6\% | 18\% | 0\% | 72\% | 0\% | 2\% | 2\% | 100\% |
| 2016/17 | Under 13 years | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | 13-14 years | 1 | 3 | 0 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 23 |
|  | 15-17 years | 20 | 60 | 3 | 166 | 0 | 1 | 10 | 260 |
|  | Total | 21 | 63 | 3 | 184 | 0 | 1 | 11 | 283 |
|  | Percent | 7\% | 22\% | 1\% | 65\% | 0\% | 0\% | 4\% | 100\% |

[^27]
## Supplemental Tables: Good Health

Number and Percent of Adolescents Receiving Treatment Services, by Race/Ethnicity and Gender, 2007/08 to 2016/17
Race/Ethnicity

| Year | Gender | White | Hispanic | Black | American Indian | Asian | Other | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2007/08 | Male | 126 | 240 | 13 | 2 | 18 | 17 | 416 |
|  | Female | 64 | 81 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 152 |
|  | Total | 190 | 321 | 14 | 2 | 21 | 20 | 568 |
|  | Percent | 33.5\% | 56.5\% | 2.5\% | 0.4\% | 3.7\% | 3.5\% | 100\% |
| 2008/09 | Male | 157 | 209 | 7 | 2 | 11 | 12 | 398 |
|  | Female | 79 | 65 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 155 |
|  | Total | 236 | 274 | 10 | 5 | 15 | 13 | 553 |
|  | Percent | 42.7\% | 49.5\% | 1.8\% | 0.9\% | 2.7\% | 2.4\% | 100\% |
| 2009/10 | Male | 56 | 132 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 11 | 206 |
|  | Female | 23 | 58 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 88 |
|  | Total | 79 | 190 | 4 | 2 | 6 | 13 | 294 |
|  | Percent | 26.8\% | 64.6\% | 1.3\% | 0.6\% | 2.0\% | 4.4\% | 100\% |
| 2010/11 | Male | 110 | 133 | 7 | 0 | 10 | 3 | 263 |
|  | Female | 52 | 59 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 118 |
|  | Total | 162 | 192 | 9 | 0 | 15 | 3 | 381 |
|  | Percent | 42.5\% | 50.4\% | 2.4\% | 0.0\% | 3.9\% | 0.1\% | 100\% |
| 2011/12 | Male | 152 | 141 | 4 | 4 | 6 | 69 | 235 |
|  | Female | 61 | 50 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 32 | 98 |
|  | Total | 213 | 191 | 6 | 4 | 9 | 101 | 333 |
|  | Percent | 40.6\% | 36.5\% | 1.1\% | 0.8\% | 1.7\% | 19.3\% | 100\% |
| 2012/13* | Male | 87 | 171 | 2 | 0 | 6 | 141 | 236 |
|  | Female | 52 | 69 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 47 | 104 |
|  | Total | 139 | 240 | 3 | 1 | 9 | 188 | 340 |
|  | Percent | 24.0\% | 41.4\% | 0.5\% | 0.2\% | 1.6\% | 32.4\% | 100\% |
| 2013/14* | Male | 78 | 142 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 100 | 334 |
|  | Female | 44 | 59 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 41 | 148 |
|  | Total | 122 | 201 | 8 | 4 | 6 | 141 | 281 |
|  | Percent | 25.3\% | 41.7\% | 1.7\% | 0.8\% | 1.2\% | 29.3\% | 100\% |
| 2014/15 | Male | 65 | 121 | 7 | 1 | 4 | 83 | 281 |
|  | Female | 38 | 56 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 35 | 131 |
|  | Total | 103 | 177 | 9 | 1 | 4 | 118 | 235 |
|  | Percent | 25.0\% | 43.0\% | 2.2\% | 0.2\% | 1.0\% | 28.6\% | 100\% |
| 2015/16 | Male | 51 | 138 | 5 | 0 | 6 | 114 | 314 |
|  | Female | 34 | 62 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 48 | 148 |
|  | Total | 85 | 200 | 6 | 1 | 8 | 162 | 262 |
|  | Percent | 18.4\% | 43.3\% | 1.3\% | 0.2\% | 1.7\% | 35.1\% | 100\% |
| 2016/17 | Male | 48 | 150 | 5 | 1 | 4 | 130 | 338 |
|  | Female | 18 | 80 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 74 | 175 |
|  | Total | 66 | 230 | 7 | 1 | 5 | 204 | 513 |
|  | Percent | 12.9\% | 44.8\% | 1.4\% | 0.2\% | 1.0\% | 39.8\% | 100\% |

[^28]
## Supplemental Tables: Good Health

Number and Percent of Referrals to Substance Abuse Treatment, by Source, 2007/08 to 2016/17

|  | Year | School | Familyl Self | Legal System | Health Care Programs | Other Community Referral | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2007/08 | Number | 19 | 246 | 179 | 7 | 11 | 462 |
|  | Percent | 4.1\% | 53.3\% | 38.7\% | 1.5\% | 2.4\% | 100\% |
| 2008/09 | Number | 12 | 218 | 261 | 37 | 25 | 553 |
|  | Percent | 2.2\% | 39.4\% | 47.2\% | 6.7\% | 4.5\% | 100\% |
| 2009/10 | Number | 11 | 137 | 102 | 1 | 43 | 294 |
|  | Percent | 3.7\% | 46.6\% | 34.7\% | 0.3\% | 14.6\% | 100\% |
| 2010/11 | Number | 17 | 146 | 153 | 10 | 55 | 381 |
|  | Percent | 4.5\% | 38.3\% | 40.2\% | 2.6\% | 14.4\% | 100\% |
| 2011/12* | Number | 14 | 136 | 112 | 16 | 55 | 333 |
|  | Percent | 4.2\% | 40.8\% | 33.6\% | 4.8\% | 16.5\% | 100\% |
| 2012/13* | Number | 31 | 104 | 137 | 37 | 15 | 324 |
|  | Percent | 10\% | 32\% | 42\% | 11\% | 5\% | 100\% |
| 2013/14* | Number | 19 | 64 | 124 | 22 | 52 | 281 |
|  | Percent | 7\% | 23\% | 44\% | 8\% | 19\% | 100\% |
| 2014/15 | Number | 9 | 77 | 95 | 9 | 45 | 235 |
|  | Percent | 4\% | 33\% | 40\% | 4\% | 19\% | 100\% |
| 2015/16 | Number | 9 | 81 | 80 | 18 | 74 | 262 |
|  | Percent | 3\% | 31\% | 31\% | 7\% | 28\% | 100\% |
| 2016/17 | Number | 14 | 63 | 128 | 10 | 68 | 283 |
|  | Percent | 5\% | 22\% | 45\% | 4\% | 24\% | 100\% |

[^29]
## Secondary Indicator: CHILDHOOD LEAD POISONING

Number of Individual Children Ages 0-20 Years with Elevated Blood Lead Levels (4.5mcg/dL or higher), 2007-2016

| Year | $2007{ }^{1}$ | $2008{ }^{1}$ | $2009{ }^{1}$ | $2010{ }^{1}$ | $2011{ }^{1}$ | $2012^{1}$ | $2013{ }^{1}$ | $2014{ }^{1}$ | $2015{ }^{1}$ | $2016{ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Individual children ages 0-5 years of age with BLL above reference value of $\geq 4.5 \mathrm{mcg} / \mathrm{dL}$ | 1,860 | 1,531 | 1,597 | 1,186 | 1,207 | 963 | 720 | 549 | 465 | 652 |
| Individual children ages 6-20 years of age with BLL above reference value of $\geq 4.5 \mathrm{mcg} / \mathrm{dL}$ | 351 | 283 | 320 | 285 | 312 | 202 | 135 | 240 | 72 | 113 |
| Total individual children with BLL above reference value of $\geq 4.5 \mathrm{mcg} / \mathrm{dL}$ | 2,211 | 1,814 | 1,917 | 1,471 | 1,519 | 1,165 | 855 | 789 | 537 | 765 |

# ECONOMIC WELL BEING INDICATORS 



## Supplemental Tables: Economic Wellbeing

## Indicator: CHILD POVERTY

Percent of Children Under 18 Years Old, Living in Poverty, and Families Living in Poverty, Orange County and California, 2007 to 2016
Year <18 Living in Poverty (\%) Families in Poverty (\%)

2007

| Orange County | 12.0 | 6.1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| California | 17.3 | 9.3 |

2008

| Orange County | 13.3 | 6.8 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| California | 18.5 | 10.0 |
| 2009 | 15.2 | 6.7 |
| Orange County | 19.9 | 9.8 |

2010

| Orange County | 12.2 | 7.1 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| California | 15.8 | 10.2 |
| 2011 | 17.7 |  |
| Orange County | 22.8 | 10.8 |
| California |  |  |
| 2012 | 16.0 | 8.3 |
| Orange County | 21.3 | 11.5 |
| California | 16.9 | 8.8 |
| 2013 | 22.1 | 12.0 |
| Orange County | 17.6 | 9.2 |
| California | 22.7 | 12.3 |
| 2014 | 17.6 | 9.1 |
| Orange County | 22.5 | 12.2 |
| California |  |  |
| 2015 | 16.9 | 8.7 |
| Orange County | 21.9 | 11.8 |
| California |  |  |
| 2016 |  |  |
| Orange County |  |  |
| California |  |  |

[^30]
## Supplemental Tables: Economic Wellbeing

Number and Percent of Students Eligible to Receive Free and Reduced Price Lunch, By District, 2017/18

| Elementary Districts | No. | \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Anaheim Elementary | 15,410 | 85.4\% |
| Buena Park | 3,533 | 72.6\% |
| Centralia | 2,536 | 59.1\% |
| Cypress Elementary | 1,405 | 39.8\% |
| Fountain Valley Elementary | 1,585 | 24.3\% |
| Fullerton Elementary | 5,009 | 40.1\% |
| Huntington Beach City Elementary | 1,406 | 23.4\% |
| La Habra City | 3,550 | 71.4\% |
| Magnolia | 5,136 | 82.7\% |
| Ocean View | 3,857 | 51.2\% |
| Savanna | 1,657 | 61.3\% |
| Westminster | 6,625 | 70.7\% |
| High School Districts | No. | \% |
| Anaheim Union High | 22,147 | 70.6\% |
| Fullerton Joint Union High | 6,924 | 52.2\% |
| Huntington Beach Union High | 6,038 | 38.0\% |
| Unified Districts | No. | \% |
| Brea-Olinda Unified | 1,804 | 32.6\% |
| Capistrano Unified | 13,930 | 28.3\% |
| Garden Grove Unified | 30,711 | 71.2\% |
| Irvine Unified | 6,535 | 19.6\% |
| Laguna Beach Unified | 358 | 12.3\% |
| Los Alamitos Unified | 1,648 | 18.3\% |
| Newport-Mesa Unified | 9,410 | 47.4\% |
| Orange Unified | 13,242 | 51.2\% |
| Placentia-Yorba Linda Unified | 9,410 | 37.1\% |
| Saddleback Valley Unified | 8,392 | 33.6\% |
| Santa Ana Unified | 42,729 | 83.1\% |
| Tustin Unified | 9,662 | 41.7\% |
| County Totals | 234,649 | 50.7\% |

[^31]
## Supplemental Tables: Economic Wellbeing

Indicator: CALIFORNIA WORK OPPORTUNITY \& RESPONSIBILITY TO KIDS (CALWORKS)

Number of Children Receiving Financial Assistance Countywide, 2007/08 to 2016/17


## Supplemental Tables: Economic Wellbeing

CaIWORKs Recipients: Children by Age and City, January 2018

| City | $<1$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Aliso Viejo | 3 | 7 | 4 | 5 | 7 | 1 | 7 | 5 | 10 |
| Anaheim | 283 | 389 | 382 | 421 | 392 | 458 | 392 | 441 | 482 |
| Brea | 5 | 8 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 10 | 8 | 8 |
| Buena Park | 46 | 58 | 68 | 65 | 54 | 66 | 61 | 59 | 76 |
| Costa Mesa | 34 | 31 | 38 | 45 | 31 | 38 | 41 | 53 | 42 |
| Cypress | 25 | 39 | 37 | 35 | 44 | 32 | 37 | 38 | 38 |
| Dana Point | 2 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 7 | 3 | 6 | 7 |
| Fountain Valley | 8 | 12 | 10 | 20 | 12 | 6 | 12 | 10 | 11 |
| Fullerton | 58 | 65 | 76 | 76 | 93 | 93 | 61 | 95 | 85 |
| Garden Grove | 86 | 127 | 101 | 129 | 113 | 112 | 113 | 120 | 151 |
| Huntington Beach | 43 | 48 | 44 | 64 | 63 | 47 | 69 | 57 | 47 |
| Irvine | 30 | 25 | 42 | 27 | 25 | 37 | 28 | 36 | 47 |
| La Habra | 29 | 35 | 44 | 42 | 35 | 48 | 39 | 51 | 48 |
| La Palma | 0 | 6 | 3 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 5 |
| Laguna Beach | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 0 |
| Laguna Hills | 10 | 10 | 14 | 9 | 11 | 15 | 11 | 14 | 17 |
| Laguna Niguel | 5 | 7 | 14 | 11 | 12 | 10 | 13 | 4 | 13 |
| Laguna Woods* | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Lake Forest | 21 | 27 | 22 | 22 | 18 | 20 | 23 | 28 | 28 |
| Los Alamitos | 4 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 7 | 6 | 4 | 6 | 8 |
| Mission Viejo | 10 | 16 | 9 | 13 | 12 | 14 | 17 | 18 | 10 |
| Newport Beach | 3 | 6 | 3 | 2 | 6 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 |
| Orange | 46 | 66 | 60 | 70 | 62 | 65 | 77 | 71 | 68 |
| Placentia | 22 | 34 | 23 | 28 | 36 | 22 | 35 | 31 | 42 |
| Rancho Santa Margarita | 4 | 8 | 5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 6 | 2 |
| San Clemente | 7 | 12 | 13 | 7 | 12 | 12 | 9 | 13 | 13 |
| San Juan Capistrano | 2 | 10 | 11 | 4 | 12 | 10 | 11 | 8 | 16 |
| Santa Ana | 241 | 319 | 384 | 373 | 388 | 409 | 445 | 460 | 480 |
| Seal Beach | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 1 | 3 | 2 |
| Stanton | 21 | 20 | 28 | 35 | 41 | 33 | 37 | 33 | 46 |
| Tustin | 23 | 37 | 40 | 37 | 40 | 38 | 35 | 43 | 41 |
| Villa park | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Westminster | 44 | 50 | 50 | 51 | 55 | 61 | 47 | 52 | 44 |
| Yorba Linda | 5 | 11 | 8 | 7 | 13 | 11 | 11 | 8 | 7 |
| Cities Subtotal | 1,120 | 1,493 | 1,550 | 1,622 | 1,616 | 1,697 | 1,661 | 1,786 | 1,895 |
| Unincorporated Areas |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coto de Caza | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ladera Ranch | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Midway City | 7 | 1 | 2 | 6 | 5 | 9 | 5 | 7 | 8 |
| North Tustin | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Rossmoor | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Silverado Canyon | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Trabuco Canyon | 3 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Unincorporated Subtotal | 13 | 4 | 5 | 9 | 6 | 11 | 7 | 7 | 10 |
| Unassigned Subtotal | 41 | 36 | 30 | 40 | 30 | 25 | 16 | 31 | 17 |
| Total by Age | 1,174 | 1,533 | 1,585 | 1,671 | 1,652 | 1,733 | 1,684 | 1,824 | 1,922 |
| Percent by Age | 3.8 | 5.0 | 5.1 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 5.6 | 5.5 | 5.9 | 6.2 |

[^32]
## Supplemental Tables: Economic Wellbeing

CaIWORKs Recipients: Children by Age and City, January 2018 (Continued)

| City | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | Subtotal |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Aliso Viejo | 6 | 9 | 3 | 5 | 5 | 3 | 8 | 6 | 2 | 96 |
| Anaheim | 509 | 437 | 490 | 432 | 393 | 416 | 365 | 358 | 309 | 7,349 |
| Brea | 7 | 12 | 14 | 5 | 6 | 14 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 155 |
| Buena Park | 65 | 70 | 63 | 67 | 55 | 52 | 58 | 41 | 48 | 1,072 |
| Costa Mesa | 50 | 53 | 64 | 34 | 50 | 35 | 47 | 31 | 40 | 757 |
| Cypress | 30 | 36 | 37 | 36 | 33 | 24 | 24 | 25 | 29 | 599 |
| Dana Point | 5 | 9 | 4 | 9 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 87 |
| Fountain Valley | 9 | 17 | 11 | 20 | 13 | 16 | 10 | 16 | 12 | 225 |
| Fullerton | 96 | 94 | 104 | 65 | 78 | 70 | 57 | 59 | 48 | 1,373 |
| Garden Grove | 124 | 146 | 152 | 145 | 117 | 130 | 129 | 116 | 110 | 2,221 |
| Huntington Beach | 58 | 65 | 60 | 66 | 39 | 48 | 36 | 42 | 56 | 952 |
| Irvine | 49 | 36 | 44 | 40 | 44 | 43 | 31 | 41 | 37 | 662 |
| La Habra | 66 | 51 | 63 | 40 | 41 | 39 | 35 | 32 | 40 | 778 |
| La Palma | 6 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 48 |
| Laguna Beach | 2 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 23 |
| Laguna Hills | 17 | 8 | 19 | 14 | 13 | 11 | 15 | 12 | 10 | 230 |
| Laguna Niguel | 23 | 10 | 17 | 11 | 7 | 12 | 10 | 13 | 6 | 198 |
| Laguna Woods* | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| Lake Forest | 24 | 32 | 30 | 22 | 22 | 19 | 15 | 20 | 14 | 407 |
| Los Alamitos | 1 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 8 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 71 |
| Mission Viejo | 14 | 20 | 17 | 13 | 21 | 12 | 15 | 15 | 12 | 258 |
| Newport Beach | 3 | 10 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 7 | 7 | 78 |
| Orange | 86 | 86 | 82 | 79 | 84 | 66 | 70 | 58 | 52 | 1,248 |
| Placentia | 39 | 30 | 35 | 25 | 32 | 32 | 27 | 33 | 26 | 552 |
| Rancho Santa Margarita | 4 | 2 | 4 | 5 | 3 | 6 | 7 | 4 | 5 | 76 |
| San Clemente | 7 | 10 | 10 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 14 | 7 | 192 |
| San Juan Capistrano | 19 | 15 | 19 | 16 | 18 | 9 | 12 | 11 | 5 | 208 |
| Santa Ana | 561 | 566 | 574 | 526 | 476 | 430 | 381 | 408 | 371 | 7,792 |
| Seal Beach | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 31 |
| Stanton | 41 | 37 | 36 | 31 | 43 | 30 | 33 | 35 | 32 | 612 |
| Tustin | 58 | 59 | 34 | 56 | 68 | 52 | 48 | 55 | 29 | 793 |
| Villa park | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 |
| Westminster | 54 | 68 | 55 | 66 | 67 | 48 | 57 | 48 | 39 | 956 |
| Yorba Linda | 11 | 6 | 8 | 9 | 3 | 10 | 7 | 9 | 8 | 152 |
| Cities Subtotal | 2,045 | 2,002 | 2,064 | 1,867 | 1,758 | 1,660 | 1,530 | 1,527 | 1,369 | 30,262 |
| Unincorporated Areas |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coto de Caza | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Ladera Ranch | 2 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 17 |
| Midway City | 7 | 10 | 6 | 13 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 9 | 7 | 114 |
| North Tustin | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Rossmoor | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Silverado Canyon | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 5 |
| Trabuco Canyon | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 22 |
| Unincorporated Subtotal | 10 | 12 | 9 | 15 | 9 | 8 | 4 | 13 | 9 | 161 |
| Unassigned Subtotal | 20 | 15 | 19 | 19 | 16 | 21 | 14 | 17 | 7 | 414 |
| Total by Age | 2,075 | 2,029 | 2,092 | 1,901 | 1,783 | 1,689 | 1,548 | 1,557 | 1,385 | 30,837 |
| Percent by Age | 6.7 | 6.6 | 6.8 | 6.2 | 5.8 | 5.5 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 4.5 | 100.0 |

## Supplemental Tables: Economic Wellbeing

## Indicator: HOMELESS STUDENTS

Homeless Children and Youth, by School District, 2007/08 TO 2016/17

| Elementary Districts | 2007/08 | 2008/09 | 2009/10 | 2010/11 | 2011/12 | 2012/13 | 2013/14 | 2014/15 | 2015/16 | 2016/17 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Anaheim Elementary | 3,259 | 4,029 | 3,983 | 1,870 | 1,410 | 1,355 | 2,065 | 2,210 | 2,242 | 2,076 |
| Buena Park | 841 | 972 | 1,151 | 1,280 | 1,112 | 1,022 | 593 | 201 | 281 | 313 |
| Centralia | 519 | 651 | 529 | 685 | 660 | 673 | 719 | 428 | 615 | 593 |
| Cypress | 13 | 4 | 3 | 59 | 95 | 127 | 240 | 353 | 445 | 435 |
| Fountain Valley | - | - | 4 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 7 | 12 | 14 |
| Fullerton | 103 | 114 | 144 | 131 | 428 | 309 | 234 | 163 | 173 | 176 |
| Huntington Beach City | 7 | 2 | 13 | 15 | 30 | 24 | 25 | 36 | 41 | 60 |
| La Habra City | 255 | 271 | 286 | 162 | 110 | 6 | 7 | 30 | 59 | 63 |
| Magnolia | 1,087 | 1,178 | 1,220 | 1,438 | 1,453 | 1,503 | 1,809 | 1,732 | 1,870 | 1,980 |
| Ocean View | 313 | 443 | 403 | 196 | 122 | 92 | 130 | 129 | 261 | 672 |
| Savanna | 72 | 70 | 345 | 315 | 356 | 418 | 345 | 294 | 289 | 299 |
| Westminster | 798 | 1,573 | 1,582 | 1,731 | 522 | 1,797 | 1,238 | 906 | 1,019 | 1,012 |
| High School Districts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Anaheim Union | 172 | 191 | 2,197 | 2,467 | 3,732 | 4,352 | 4,272 | 4,145 | 3,138 | 2,863 |
| Fullerton Joint | 246 | 351 | 520 | 612 | 404 | 438 | 337 | 444 | 382 | 348 |
| Huntington Beach Union | 314 | 389 | 388 | 390 | 283 | 249 | 349 | 362 | 369 | 496 |
| Unified Districts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brea-Olinda | 6 | 10 | 14 | 52 | 55 | 42 | 37 | 12 | 16 | 27 |
| Capistrano | 1,508 | 3,030 | 3,533 | 3,566 | 2,244 | 2,657 | 3,060 | 2,574 | 2,681 | 1,890 |
| Garden Grove | 241 | 931 | 961 | 2,123 | 2,326 | 2,156 | 1,943 | 1,002 | 969 | 760 |
| Irvine | 31 | 77 | 172 | 128 | 155 | 121 | 172 | 127 | 58 | 90 |
| Laguna Beach | 7 | 5 | 4 | 11 | 0 | 5 | 5 | 2 | 19 | 13 |
| Los Alamitos | 15 | 18 | 30 | 26 | 18 | 15 | 8 | 5 | 32 | 37 |
| Newport-Mesa | 115 | 138 | 146 | 211 | 344 | 320 | 205 | 147 | 152 | 108 |
| OCDE-ACCESS | 125 | 132 | 249 | 610 | 1,561 | 1,854 | 1,709 | 231 | 1,503 | 1,282 |
| Orange | 120 | 137 | 126 | 172 | 243 | 262 | 213 | 216 | 270 | 326 |
| Placentia-Yorba Linda | 28 | 220 | 346 | 701 | 614 | 817 | 2745 | 2,977 | 3,555 | 2,841 |
| Saddleback Valley | 6 | 19 | 31 | 30 | 760 | 935 | 1510 | 574 | 680 | 600 |
| Santa Ana | 6,731 | 6,815 | 7,357 | 8,738 | 9,136 | 8,492 | 8,105 | 6,507 | 6,997 | 7,306 |
| Tustin | 60 | 245 | 259 | 349 | 418 | 500 | 249 | 250 | 322 | 439 |
| Total Homeless Students | 17,051 | 22,025 | 25,996 | 28,072 | 28,625 | 30,542 | 32,510 | 26,064 | 28,450 | 27,119 |
| Homeless \% of Total Students | 3.4\% | 4.4\% | 5.2\% | 5.6\% | 5.7\% | 6.1\% | 6.50\% | 5.2\% | 5.8\% | 5.5\% |

Note: Information provided by districts on their LEA Reporting Form Title 1, Part A, and Homeless Education Consolidated Application submitted to California Department of Education. Source: Orange County Department of Education

## Supplemental Tables: Economic Wellbeing

Primary Nighttime Residency of Homeless Students, 2007/08 to 2016/17

| Primary |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Nighttime <br> Residency: | $2007 / 08$ | $2008 / 09$ | $2009 / 10$ | $2010 / 11$ | $2011 / 12$ | $2012 / 13$ | $2013 / 14$ | $2014 / 15$ | $2015 / 16$ | $2016 / 17$ |
| Shelters | 385 | 441 | 667 | 928 | 1,034 | 1,621 | 1,730 | 1,232 | 1,254 | 1,055 |
| Doubled- <br> up/Tripled-up | 15,817 | 20,549 | 24,114 | 26,084 | 26,113 | 27,491 | 29,300 | 23,533 | 25,545 | 24,274 |
| Unsheltered | 60 | 143 | 170 | 106 | 155 | 195 | 241 | 247 | 315 | 367 |
| Hotels/Motels | 0 | 892 | 1,078 | 973 | 1,323 | 1,235 | 1,239 | 1,052 | 1,336 | 1,423 |
| Unknown | 789 | 0 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 7 , 0 5 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 2 , 0 2 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 6 , 0 2 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 8 , 0 9 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 8 , 6 2 5}$ | $\mathbf{3 0 , 5 4 2}$ | $\mathbf{3 2 , 5 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 6 , 0 6 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 8 , 4 5 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 7 , 1 1 9}$ |

Source: California Department of Education

Homeless High School Students 9 $^{\text {th }}$ to $\mathbf{1 2}^{\text {th }}$ Grade, 2016/17

| District | Grade 9 | Grade 10 | Grade 11 | Grade 12 | Total H.S. Homeless | \% of Total OC Homeless Students |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ACCESS/OCDE | 209 | 376 | 375 | 364 | 1,324 | 4.9 |
| Anaheim Union | 217 | 265 | 767 | 841 | 2,090 | 7.7 |
| Brea-Olinda Unified | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | 0 | 0.0 |
| Capistrano Unified | 123 | 138 | 114 | 110 | 485 | 1.8 |
| Fullerton Joint Union | 70 | 87 | 111 | 91 | 359 | 1.3 |
| Garden Grove | 65 | 88 | 73 | 108 | 334 | 1.2 |
| Huntington Beach Union | 71 | 109 | 143 | 195 | 518 | 1.9 |
| Irvine Unified | 9 | 12 | 8 | 8 | 37 | 0.1 |
| Laguna Beach Unified | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | 0 | 0.0 |
| Los Alamitos | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | 0 | 0.0 |
| Newport-Mesa Unified | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | 0 | 0.0 |
| Orange Unified | 19 | 27 | 24 | 23 | 93 | 0.3 |
| Placentia-Yorba Linda | 199 | 188 | 171 | 167 | 725 | 2.7 |
| Saddleback Valley | 42 | 43 | 39 | 42 | 166 | 0.6 |
| Santa Ana Unified | 654 | 740 | 705 | 632 | 2,731 | 10.1 |
| Tustin Unified | 34 | 35 | 35 | 42 | 146 | 0.5 |
| H.S. TOTAL | 1,712 | 2,108 | 2,565 | 2,623 | 9,008 | 33.2 |
| OC TOTAL |  |  |  |  | 27,119 |  |

[^33]
## Supplemental Tables: Economic Wellbeing

## Indicator: SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION PROGRAMS

Number of Participants Served by the WIC Program, 2007/08 to 2016/17

| Participants | $2007 / 08$ | $2008 / 09$ | $2009 / 10$ | $2010 / 11$ | $2011 / 12$ | $2012 / 13$ | $2013 / 14$ | $2014 / 15$ | $2015 / 16$ | $2016 / 17$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Number of <br> participants* | 117,188 | 104,622 | 100,434 | 103,563 | 98,219 | 92,303 | 87,408 | 78,856 | 71,367 | 61,406 |
| Caseload <br> Allocation** | 106,883 | 107,668 | 105,621 | 111,051 | 105,417 | 104,075 | 106,909 | 102,726 | 90,331 | 83,127 |
| Percent of <br> Caseload | 109.9 | 97.2 | 95.1 | 93.3 | 93.2 | 88.7 | 81.8 | 76.8 | 79.0 | 73.9 |
| Served |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

*Participation is based on the number of women, infants and children served during the month of September by the four WIC agencies serving Orange County
**Caseload is based on the combined caseload allocations for the four WIC agencies serving Orange County.
Sources: Orange County Health Care Agency/Nutrition Services-WIC Program
Camino Health Center-WIC Program
Planned Parenthood of Orange and San Bernardino Counties-WIC Program
PHFE Management Solutions-WIC Program

CalFresh Recipients, 2007/08 to 2016/17

|  | 2007/08 | 2008/09 | 2009/10 | 2010/11* | 2011/12 | 2012/13 | 2013/14 | 2014/15 | 2015/16 | 2016/17 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of Recipients | 88,284 | 109,491 | 150,141 | 185,489 | 213,919 | 230,964 | 247,517 | 258,676 | 263,556 | 232,689 |
| Percent <br> Change (from Prior Year) | 7.5\% | 24.0\% | 37.1\% | 23.5\% | 15.3\% | 8.0\% | 7.2\% | 4.5\% | 1.9\% | -11.7\% |
| Recipients less than 18 on CalFresh | 60,793 | 74,127 | 98,259 | 116,978 | 130,263 | 136,835 | 141,688 | 141,716 | 140,410 | 131,670 |
| Percent Change (from Prior Year) | 7.7\% | 21.9\% | 32.6\% | 19.1\% | 11.4\% | 5.0\% | 3.5\% | 0.02\% | -0.92\% | -6.2\% |
| Percent of CalFresh that are Children | 68.9\% | 67.7\% | 65.4\% | 63.1\% | 60.9\% | 59.2\% | 57.2\% | 54.8\% | 53.3\% | 56.6\% |
| OC <br> Population under 18 | 800,820 | 800,489 | 799,845 | 798,699 | 726,908 | 723,109 | 720,532 | 710,562 | 731,553 | 723,961 |

[^34]Source: Orange County Social Services Agency

## Supplemental Tables: Economic Wellbeing

CalFresh Recipients, by Age and City, January 2018

Cities and Communities Age $0-<6 \quad$ Age 6-<13 | Age 13- |
| :--- |
| $<18$ |

| East |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Costa Mesa | 1,089 | 1,590 | 852 |
| Newport Beach | 79 | 131 | 105 |
| Santa Ana | 9,395 | 13,616 | 7,341 |
| Tustin | 944 | 1,473 | 886 |
| East Totals | 11,507 | 16,810 | 9,184 |
| North |  |  |  |
| Anaheim | 8,098 | 10,862 | 6,009 |
| Brea | 218 | 288 | 172 |
| Buena Park | 1,199 | 1,587 | 901 |
| Fullerton | 1,636 | 2,249 | 1,201 |
| La Habra | 900 | 1,338 | 710 |
| La Palma | 82 | 92 | 51 |
| Orange | 1,757 | 2,386 | 1,219 |
| Placentia | 606 | 924 | 493 |
| Villa Park | 4 | 4 | 3 |
| Yorba Linda | 185 | 239 | 149 |
| North Totals | 14,685 | 19,969 | 10,908 |
| South |  |  |  |
| Aliso Viejo | 192 | 265 | 147 |
| Dana Point | 158 | 196 | 100 |
| Irvine | 775 | 1,113 | 742 |
| Laguna Beach | 31 | 45 | 34 |
| Laguna Hills | 248 | 345 | 186 |
| Laguna Niguel | 262 | 364 | 188 |
| Laguna Woods | 2 | 1 | 5 |
| Lake Forest | 526 | 689 | 336 |
| Mission Viejo | 357 | 459 | 283 |
| Rancho Santa Margarita | 173 | 210 | 122 |
| San Clemente | 296 | 433 | 228 |
| San Juan Capistrano | 343 | 536 | 256 |
| South Totals | 3,363 | 4,656 | 2,627 |
| West |  |  |  |
| Cypress | 407 | 515 | 300 |
| Fountain Valley | 251 | 389 | 280 |
| Garden Grove | 3,139 | 4,446 | 2,976 |
| Huntington Beach | 1,250 | 1,674 | 981 |
| Los Alamitos | 75 | 100 | 74 |
| Seal Beach | 29 | 35 | 17 |
| Stanton | 704 | 997 | 578 |
| Westminster | 1,421 | 1,993 | 1,448 |
| West Totals | 7,276 | 10,149 | 6,654 |
| Unincorporated Totals | 288 | 431 | 316 |
| Out of County Totals | 392 | 340 | 148 |
| Total all Orange County | 37,511 | 52,355 | 29,837 |

TOTAL
RECEIVING CalFresh

TOTAL
Children
\% of CalFresh Recipients <18

| 3,531 | 7,020 | $50 \%$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 315 | 1,335 | $24 \%$ |
| 30,352 | 50,879 | $60 \%$ |
| 3,303 | 5,805 | $57 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{3 7 , 5 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{6 5 , 0 3 9}$ | $\mathbf{5 8 \%}$ |
|  |  |  |
| 24,969 | 44,928 | $56 \%$ |
| 678 | 1,607 | $42 \%$ |
| 3,687 | 7,429 | $50 \%$ |
| 5,086 | 9,987 | $51 \%$ |
| 2,948 | 5,230 | $56 \%$ |
| 225 | 508 | $44 \%$ |
| 5,362 | 9,632 | $56 \%$ |
| 2,023 | 3,694 | $55 \%$ |
| 11 | 40 | $28 \%$ |
| 573 | 1,484 | $39 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{4 5 , 5 6 2}$ | $\mathbf{8 4 , 5 3 9}$ | $\mathbf{5 4 \%}$ |


| 604 | 1,477 | $41 \%$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 454 | 1,148 | $40 \%$ |
| 2,630 | 6,830 | $39 \%$ |
| 110 | 517 | $21 \%$ |
| 779 | 1,784 | $44 \%$ |
| 814 | 1,760 | $46 \%$ |
| 8 | 396 | $2 \%$ |
| 1,551 | 3,064 | $51 \%$ |
| 1,099 | 2,630 | $42 \%$ |
| 505 | 1,085 | $47 \%$ |
| 957 | 2,136 | $45 \%$ |
| 1,135 | 1,936 | $59 \%$ |
| 10,646 | 24,763 | $43 \%$ |


| $\mathbf{1 , 2 2 2}$ | 2,737 | $45 \%$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 920 | 2,528 | $36 \%$ |
| 10,561 | 22,265 | $47 \%$ |
| 3,905 | 9,662 | $40 \%$ |
| 249 | 600 | $42 \%$ |
| 81 | 484 | $17 \%$ |
| 2,279 | 4,342 | $52 \%$ |
| 4,862 | 11,023 | $44 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 4 , 0 7 9}$ | $\mathbf{5 3 , 6 4 1}$ | $\mathbf{4 5 \%}$ |
| $\mathbf{1 , 0 3 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 3 4 9}$ | $\mathbf{4 4 \%}$ |
| $\mathbf{8 8 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 3 5 8}$ | $\mathbf{3 7 \%}$ |
| $\mathbf{1 1 9 , 7 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 3 2 , 6 8 9}$ | $\mathbf{5 1 \%}$ |

[^35]Source: MR0007E and MR0009E December 2017, Orange County Social Services Agency

## Supplemental Tables: Economic Wellbeing

## Indicator: CHILD SUPPORT

Number of Child Support Cases, Net and Per Case Collection, 2008/09 to 2017/18

| Year | Total Number of Cases* | TotalNet Collections <br> (in Millions) <br> $\mathbf{2 0 0 8 / 0 9}$$\quad 103,598$ | $\$ 180.3$ | Per Case Collection |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 9 / 1 0}$ | 100,056 | $\$ 177.2$ | $\$$ | 1,741 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 0 / 1 1}$ | 89,852 | $\$ 177.4$ | $\$$ | 1,771 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 1 / 1 2}$ | 77,582 | $\$ 180.1$ | $\$$ | 1,975 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 2 / 1 3}$ | 70,608 | $\$ 178.6$ | $\$$ | 2,321 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 3 / 1 4}$ | 68,635 | $\$ 177.9$ | $\$$ | 2,530 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 4 / 1 5}$ | 67,732 | $\$ 178.8$ | $\$$ | 2,593 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 5 / 1 6}$ | 68,117 | $\$ 182.3$ | $\$$ | 2,640 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 6 / 1 7}$ | 67,685 | $\$ 184.0$ | $\$$ | 2,677 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 7 / 1 8}$ | 66,296 | $\$ 184.3$ | $\$$ | 2,719 |

Total number of cases is a 12-month average.
Source: Orange County Department of Child Support Services

Child Support Collections, 2008/09 to 2017/18

| Year | Net <br> Collections <br> (in Millions) | Dollar Increase <br> From Prior Year <br> (in Millions) | Percent <br> Difference From <br> Prior Year |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 8 / 0 9}$ | $\$ 180.3$ | $\$ 0.7$ | $0.4 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 9 / 1 0}$ | $\$ 177.2$ | $-\$ 3.1$ | $-1.7 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 0 / 1 1}$ | $\$ 177.4$ | $\$ 0.2$ | $0.1 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 1 / 1 2}$ | $\$ 180.1$ | $\$ 2.7$ | $1.5 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 2 / 1 3}$ | $\$ 178.6$ | $-\$ 1.5$ | $-0.8 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 3 / 1 4}$ | $\$ 177.9$ | $-\$ 0.7$ | $-0.4 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 4 / 1 5}$ | $\$ 178.8$ | $\$ 0.9$ | $0.5 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 5 / 1 6}$ | $\$ 182.3$ | $\$ 3.5$ | $2.0 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 6 / 1 7}$ | $\$ 184.0$ | $\$ 1.7$ | $0.9 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 7 / 1 8}$ | $\$ 184.3$ | $\$ 0.3$ | $0.2 \%$ |

Source: Orange County Department of Child Support Services

Child Support Collections Percent of Current Support Distributed (CSD), 2008/09 to 2017/18

| Year | 2008/09 | 2009/10 | 2010/11 | 2011/12 | 2012/13 | 2013/14 | 2014/15 | 2015/16 | 2016/17 | 2017/18 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { \% } \\ & \text { CSD } \end{aligned}$ | 53.0\% | 54.3\% | 59.0\% | 62.7\% | 64.8\% | 65.7\% | 66.7\% | 68.0\% | 68.0\% | 68.3\% |
| Case Count | 103,598 | 100,056 | 89,852 | 77,582 | 70,608 | 68,635 | 67,735 | 68,117 | 70,403 | 66,296 |

## Supplemental Tables: Economic Wellbeing

## Secondary Indicator: COST OF EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION

## Definition

"Early care and education" refers to preschool and childcare programs that provide care and education for young children (typically ages 0 to 12). This indicator tracks the average cost of early care and education per week in Family Child Care Homes (FCCH) and Child Care Centers for infants, preschool and school-aged children. Both the state and federal government for low-income families support subsidized early education programs. The California Department of Education (CDE) funds agencies to provide quality childcare and development services to low-income families in licensed childcare centers, licensed family childcare homes and license-exempt settings. Head Start is a federally-funded program that provides comprehensive educational, health and social services to low-income children ages prenatal to five years and their families.

County-Wide Average Weekly Licensed Family Child Care Homes and Child Care Centers Costs*, 2008/09 to 2017/18

| Licensed Family Child <br> Care Homes** | $2008 / 09$ | $2009 / 10$ | $2010 / 11$ | $2011 / 12$ | $2012 / 13$ | $2013 / 14$ | $2014 / 15$ | $2015 / 16$ | $2016 / 17$ | $2017 / 18$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Infant Care | $\$ 189$ | $\$ 194$ | $\$ 198$ | $\$ 200$ | $\$ 202$ | $\$ 203$ | $\$ 205$ | $\$ 206$ | $\$ 207$ | $\$ 216$ |
| Preschool- 2 through 5 <br> years of age | $\$ 173$ | $\$ 178$ | $\$ 181$ | $\$ 185$ | $\$ 186$ | $\$ 187$ | $\$ 189$ | $\$ 189$ | $\$ 191$ | $\$ 196$ |
| School-age - $\mathbf{6}$ through <br> 13 years of age | $\$ 155$ | $\$ 159$ | $\$ 160$ | $\$ 164$ | $\$ 166$ | $\$ 166$ | $\$ 168$ | $\$ 169$ | $\$ 170$ | $\$ 174$ |
| Child Care Centers*** | $2008 / 09$ | $2009 / 10$ | $2010 / 11$ | $2011 / 12$ | $2012 / 13$ | $2013 / 14$ | $2014 / 15$ | $2015 / 16$ | $2016 / 17$ | $2017 / 18$ |
| Infant Care | $\$ 252$ | $\$ 257$ | $\$ 263$ | $\$ 250$ | $\$ 264$ | $\$ 261$ | $\$ 270$ | $\$ 275$ | $\$ 278$ | $\$ 288$ |
| Preschool- 2 through 5 <br> years of age | $\$ 158$ | $\$ 162$ | $\$ 169$ | $\$ 172$ | $\$ 178$ | $\$ 185$ | $\$ 191$ | $\$ 194$ | $\$ 195$ | $\$ 200$ |
| School-age - $\mathbf{6}$ through <br> 13 years of age | $\$ 140$ | $\$ 142$ | $\$ 137$ | $\$ 157$ | $\$ 156$ | $\$ 172$ | $\$ 180$ | $\$ 181$ | $\$ 183$ | $\$ 183$ |
| All Licensed Child Care <br> Providers | $\$ 175$ | $\$ 182$ | $\$ 182$ | $\$ 188$ | $\$ 192$ | $\$ 196$ | $\$ 200$ | $\$ 202$ | $\$ 204$ | $\$ 210$ |

*Cost of child care per week represents an average of the rates given to Children's Home Society staff during the intake process and through phone calls made to child care providers
during quarterly updates.
${ }^{* *}$ Family Child Care providers care for children in their homes and are licensed as follows: Small child care-1) 4 infants only, 2) 6 children, no more than 3 of
whom may be infants, 3) 8 children, no more than 2 infants, and 2 must be 6 years of age or older. Large family child care-which requires a full time assistant
to work with the licensed care provider - 1) 12 children, no more than 4 of whom may be infants, 2) 14 children, not more than 3 of whom may be infants and 2
must be 6 years of age or older.
*** Child care centers include private for-profit centers, parent-run cooperatives and church-based non-profits. The state regulates the ratio of caregivers, square
footage and staff qualifications.
Source: Children's Home Society of California's Child Care Resource and Referral Program

## Supplemental Tables: Economic Wellbeing

County-Wide Average Weekly Orange County Family Child Care Homes and Child Care Centers Costs*, by Region, 2017/18

| CENTERS | Infant (0-2) | Preschool (2-5) |  | School Age (6-12) |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| East County | $\$$ | 265.29 | $\$$ | 185.04 | $\$$ | 164.30 |
| West County | $\$$ | 268.46 | $\$$ | 182.28 | $\$$ | 163.03 |
| South County | $\$$ | 312.74 | $\$$ | 233.63 | $\$$ | 223.47 |
| North County | $\$$ | 283.10 | $\$$ | 188.21 | $\$$ | 165.55 |
| HOMES | Infant (0-2) | Preschool (2-5) |  | School Age (6-12) |  |  |
| East County | $\$$ | 208.14 | $\$$ | 189.11 | $\$$ | 170.26 |
| West County | $\$$ | 205.37 | $\$$ | 189.30 | $\$$ | 173.35 |
| South County | $\$$ | 228.96 | $\$$ | 211.74 | $\$$ | 188.22 |
| North County | $\$$ | 213.75 | $\$$ | 188.73 | $\$$ | 166.26 |

 updates.
Source: Children's Home Society of California's Child Care Resource and Referral Program

## Supplemental Tables: Economic Wellbeing

Birth to 13 Years of Age Child Care Centers (CCTR) Priorities Report, by Board of Supervisor (BOS) District, 2016

| City | \# of Children that Qualify for CDE* Child Care | Total Spaces Available | \% Qualified Children Served |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BOS District 1 |  |  |  |
| Garden Grove | 9,010 | 509 | 6\% |
| Midway | 513 | 63 | 12\% |
| Santa Ana | 32,624 | 1,196 | 4\% |
| Westminster | 5,458 | 223 | 4\% |
| Total | 47,605 | 1,991 | 4\% |
| BOS District 2 |  |  |  |
| Costa Mesa | 4,941 | 220 | 4\% |
| Fountain Valley | 2,588 | 67 | 3\% |
| Huntington Beach | 6,749 | 459 | 7\% |
| Los Alamitos | 1,014 | 19 | 2\% |
| Newport Beach | 1,673 | 98 | 6\% |
| Seal Beach | 1,105 | 10 | 1\% |
| Stanton | 1,840 | 128 | 7\% |
| Total | 19,910 | 1,001 | 5\% |
| BOS District 3 |  |  |  |
| Brea | 1,521 | 63 | 4\% |
| Irvine | 7,234 | 349 | 5\% |
| Orange | 6,806 | 336 | 5\% |
| Silverado Ranch | 117 | 4 | 3\% |
| Trabuco Canyon | 1,261 | 25 | 2\% |
| Tustin | 4,616 | 833 | 18\% |
| Villa Park | 261 | 0 | 0\% |
| Yorba Linda | 2,500 | 49 | 2\% |
| Total | 24,316 | 1,659 | 7\% |
| BOS District 4 |  |  |  |
| Anaheim | 22,994 | 1,698 | 7\% |
| Buena Park | 4,691 | 462 | 10\% |
| Cypress | 2,298 | 102 | 4\% |
| Fullerton | 7,975 | 386 | 5\% |
| La Habra | 2,713 | 432 | 16\% |
| Placentia | 2,768 | 144 | 5\% |
| Total | 43,439 | 3,224 | 7\% |
| BOS District 5 |  |  |  |
| Dana Point | 709 | 32 | 5\% |
| Ladera Ranch | 736 | 11 | 1\% |
| Laguna Beach | 1,545 | 96 | 6\% |
| Laguna Niguel | 1,363 | 76 | 6\% |
| Lake Forest | 3,928 | 138 | 4\% |
| Mission Viejo | 1,974 | 104 | 5\% |
| Rancho Santa Margarita | 1,295 | 37 | 3\% |
| San Clemente | 1,512 | 43 | 3\% |
| San Juan Capistrano | 807 | 34 | 4\% |
| Total | 13,869 | 571 | 4\% |

[^36]*California Department of Education (CDE) full-day child care and development services for birth to 12 year old children.

## Supplemental Tables: Economic Wellbeing

Subsidized Part-Day Eligibility, 2016

| City | \# of Children who qualify for CDE Child Care | Total Spaces | \% Eligible Qualified Children Served |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BOS District 1 |  |  |  |
| Garden Grove | 6,335 | 1,558 | 25\% |
| Midway | 377 | 101 | 27\% |
| Santa Ana | 25,333 | 3,655 | 14\% |
| Westminster | 4,005 | 803 | 20\% |
| Total | 36,050 | 6,117 | 17\% |
| BOS District 2 |  |  |  |
| Costa Mesa | 3,398 | 959 | 28\% |
| Fountain Valley | 1,787 | 45 | 3\% |
| Huntington Beach | 5,285 | 542 | 10\% |
| Los Alamitos | 727 | 57 | 8\% |
| Newport Beach | 1,395 | 22 | 2\% |
| Seal Beach | 792 | 6 | 1\% |
| Stanton | 1,349 | 310 | 23\% |
| Total | 14,733 | 1,941 | 13\% |
| BOS District 3 |  |  |  |
| Brea | 1,050 | 51 | 5\% |
| Irvine | 4,696 | 240 | 5\% |
| Orange | 4,725 | 621 | 13\% |
| Silverado Ranch | 81 | 1 | 1\% |
| Trabuco Canyon | 955 | 8 | 1\% |
| Tustin | 3,092 | 466 | 15\% |
| Villa Park | 183 | 1 | 1\% |
| Yorba Linda | 1,698 | 17 | 1\% |
| Total | 16,480 | 1,405 | 9\% |
| BOS District 4 |  |  |  |
| Anaheim | 16,007 | 2,862 | 18\% |
| Buena Park | 3,367 | 613 | 18\% |
| Fullerton | 1,650 | 46 | 3\% |
| La Habra | 6,282 | 791 | 13\% |
| Placentia | 1,913 | 499 | 26\% |
| Total | 2,122 | 366 | 17\% |
| BOS District 5 |  |  |  |
| Dana Point | 547 | 111 | 20\% |
| Ladera Ranch | 583 | 2 | 0\% |
| Laguna Beach | 1,403 | 85 | 6\% |
| Laguna Niguel | 1,049 | 108 | 10\% |
| Lake Forest | 2,620 | 62 | 2\% |
| Mission Viejo | 878 | 126 | 14\% |
| Rancho Santa Margarita | 936 | 44 | 5\% |
| San Clemente | 1,171 | 167 | 14\% |
| San Juan Capistrano | 605 | 318 | 53\% |
| Total | 9,245 | 912 | 10\% |

[^37]Source: Children's Home Society of California's Child Care Resource and Referral Program

## EDUCATIONAL ACHIEVEMENT



## Supplemental Tables: Educational Achievement

## Secondary Indicator: EARLY CARE AND EDUCATION

## Definition

"Early care and education" refers to preschool and childcare programs that provide care and education for young children (typically ages 0 to 12). This indicator tracks the average cost of early care and education per week in Family Child Care Homes (FCCH) and Child Care Centers for infants, preschool and school-aged children. Subsidized early education programs are supported by both the state and federal government for low-income families. The California Department of Education (CDE) funds agencies to provide quality childcare and development services to low-income families in licensed child care centers, licensed family child care homes and license-exempt settings. Head Start is a federally-funded program that provides comprehensive educational, health and social services to low-income children ages prenatal to five years and their families.

Total Licensed Early Care and Education Capacity, Family Child Care Homes (FCCH) and Child Care Centers, 2008/09 to 2017/18

|  | 2008/09 |  | 2009/10 |  | 2010/11 |  | 2011/12 |  | 2012/13 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | FCCH | Child Care Centers | FCCH | Child Care Centers | FCCH | Child Care Centers | FCCH | Child Care Centers | FCCH | Child Care Centers |
| Infant (0-2) | 3,594 | 5,048 | 3,556 | 4,866 | 3,532 | 5,006 | 3,336 | 3,279 | N/A | 3,503 |
| Preschool (2-5) | 6,412 | 46,009 | 6,314 | 46,847 | 6,252 | 47,378 | 4,267 | 43,341 | N/A | 43,791 |
| School Age (6-12) | 3,594 | 20,272 | 3,556 | 50,590 | 3,532 | 51,221 | 2,766 | 20,864 | N/A | 13,801 |
| Total | 13,600 | 71,419 | 13,426 | 102,303 | 13,316 | 103,605 | 10,269 | 67,484 | 12,688 | 61,095 |
|  | 2013/14 |  | 2014/15 |  | 2015/16 |  | 2016/17 |  | 2017/18 |  |
|  | FCCH | Child Care Centers | FCCH | Child Care Centers | FCCH | Child Care Centers | FCCH | Child Care Centers | FCCH | Child Care Centers |
| Infant (0-2) | N/A | 3,859 | N/A | 4,137 | N/A | 4,149 | N/A | 4,123 | N/A | 4,194 |
| Preschool (2-5) | N/A | 49,757 | N/A | 51,032 | N/A | 50,788 | N/A | 49,122 | N/A | 48,878 |
| School Age (6-12) | N/A | 15,317 | N/A | 16,030 | N/A | 15,867 | N/A | 15,712 | N/A | 15,280 |
| Total | 13,594 | 68,933 | 13,706 | 71,199 | 13,288 | 70,804 | 12,696 | 68,957 | 12,060 | 68,352 |

Source: Children's Home Society of California's Child Care Resource and Referral Program

Requests for Child Care Referrals, Reason, and Type of Child Care Needed, 2017/18

| Reason Care is Needed | Number of Families that <br> Called |  | Type of Care |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | \# of Children | Employed | 814 | Full Time |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

[^38]
## Supplemental Tables: Educational Achievement

## Secondary Indicator: SCHOOL ENROLLMENT

Total Public School K-12 Enrollment by District, 2008/09 to 2017/18

|  | 2008/09 | 2009/10 | 2010/11 | 2011/12 | 2012/13 | 2013/14 | 2014/15 | 2015/16 | 2016/17 | 2017/18 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Elementary Districts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Anaheim Elementary | 19,278 | 19,312 | 19,095 | 19,312 | 19,126 | 19,308 | 19,164 | 18,852 | 18,558 | 17,911 |
| Buena Park | 5,574 | 5,395 | 5,296 | 5,345 | 5,349 | 5,226 | 4,985 | 4,869 | 4,837 | 4,684 |
| Centralia | 4,752 | 4,556 | 4,540 | 4,440 | 4,501 | 4,480 | 4,491 | 4,437 | 4,417 | 4,327 |
| Cypress | 4,082 | 4,007 | 3,950 | 3,916 | 3,879 | 3,916 | 3,990 | 3,942 | 3,969 | 3,957 |
| Fountain Valley | 6,145 | 6,315 | 6,312 | 6,317 | 6,344 | 6,337 | 6,305 | 6,371 | 6,387 | 6,362 |
| Fullerton | 13,458 | 13,616 | 13,661 | 13,656 | 13,830 | 13,822 | 13,678 | 13,520 | 13,363 | 13,307 |
| Huntington Beach City | 6,679 | 6,759 | 7,002 | 7,173 | 7,056 | 7,002 | 6,864 | 7,008 | 7,155 | 7,073 |
| La Habra City | 5,633 | 5,574 | 5,430 | 5,234 | 5,250 | 5,149 | 5,022 | 4,913 | 4,726 | 4,713 |
| Magnolia | 6,317 | 6,310 | 6,347 | 6,372 | 6,353 | 6,418 | 6,403 | 6,418 | 6,277 | 6,080 |
| Ocean View | 9,503 | 9,759 | 7,607 | 9,461 | 9,418 | 9,223 | 9,010 | 8,725 | 8,467 | 8,263 |
| Savanna | 2,473 | 2,463 | 2,323 | 2,363 | 2,398 | 2,433 | 2,392 | 2,397 | 2,331 | 2,272 |
| Westminster | 9,880 | 9,772 | 9,725 | 9,637 | 9,620 | 9,720 | 9,503 | 9,401 | 9,338 | 9,264 |
| High School Districts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Anaheim Union | 33,719 | 33,187 | 33,156 | 32,704 | 32,085 | 31,889 | 31,659 | 31,276 | 30,964 | 30,729 |
| Fullerton Joint | 16,343 | 15,130 | 14,726 | 14,783 | 14,608 | 14,501 | 13,678 | 14,235 | 13,983 | 13,901 |
| Huntington Beach Union | 16,125 | 16,162 | 16,317 | 16,442 | 16,400 | 16,431 | 16,343 | 16,048 | 16,140 | 16,188 |
| Unified Districts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brea-Olinda | 5,944 | 5,950 | 5,927 | 5,960 | 5,972 | 5,973 | 5,977 | 5,856 | 5,909 | 5,951 |
| Capistrano | 52,661 | 53,381 | 53,192 | 53,170 | 53,785 | 58,833 | 54,036 | 53,878 | 53,613 | 53,622 |
| Garden Grove | 48,574 | 47,914 | 48,659 | 47,999 | 47,599 | 46,936 | 46,177 | 45,252 | 44,223 | 43,163 |
| Irvine | 26,522 | 26,822 | 27,258 | 28,179 | 29,072 | 30,123 | 31,392 | 32,319 | 33,381 | 34,617 |
| Laguna Beach | 2,947 | 2,920 | 3,037 | 3,034 | 3,045 | 3,005 | 3,074 | 3,029 | 3,025 | 2,929 |
| Los Alamitos | 9,475 | 9,582 | 9,640 | 9,714 | 9,912 | 9,922 | 9,914 | 9,948 | 9,904 | 9,833 |
| Newport-Mesa | 21,507 | 21,718 | 21,811 | 21,857 | 22,003 | 22,018 | 21,905 | 21,736 | 21,581 | 21,234 |
| OC Dept of Education | 8,204 | 7,717 | 7,607 | 7,602 | 7,184 | 6,050 | 5,306 | 5,037 | 6,485 | 6,539 |
| Orange | 30,170 | 30,210 | 30,373 | 30,136 | 29,854 | 29,750 | 29,473 | 28,899 | 28,522 | 27,915 |
| Placentia/Yorba Linda | 26,094 | 25,920 | 25,821 | 25,747 | 25,622 | 25,843 | 25,595 | 25,826 | 25,798 | 25,741 |
| Saddleback Valley | 32,936 | 32,387 | 31,724 | 30,885 | 30,355 | 29,731 | 29,028 | 28,706 | 27,803 | 27,378 |
| Santa Ana | 57,439 | 56,937 | 57,319 | 57,250 | 57,410 | 57,499 | 56,815 | 55,909 | 54,505 | 53,131 |
| Tustin | 21,682 | 22,454 | 23,093 | 23,507 | 23,771 | 23,949 | 24,059 | 24,079 | 24,130 | 24,015 |
| Total | 504,136 | 502,239 | 502,895 | 502,195 | 501,801 | 500,487 | 497,116 | 492,886 | 489,791 | 485,099 |

[^39]
## Supplemental Tables: Educational Achievement

Number and Percent of Total Public School K-12 Enrollment, by Race/Ethnicity, 2008/09 to 2017/18

|  | 2008/09 |  | 2009/10 |  | 2010/11 |  | 2011/12 |  | 2012/13 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Race/Ethnicity | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% |
| American Indian | 2,472 | 0.5 | 2,516 | 0.5 | 2,520 | 0.5 | 2,267 | 0.5 | 2,281 | 0.5 |
| Asian | 82,198 | 16.3 | 82,814 | 16.5 | 84,319 | 16.8 | 85,066 | 16.9 | 85,850 | 17.1 |
| Black | 8,484 | 1.7 | 8,241 | 1.6 | 8,129 | 1.6 | 7,988 | 1.6 | 7,660 | 1.5 |
| Hispanic | 225,500 | 44.7 | 235,778 | 46.9 | 237,831 | 47.3 | 241,473 | 48.1 | 242,613 | 48.3 |
| Non-Hispanic White | 165,374 | 32.8 | 159,533 | 31.8 | 156,875 | 31.2 | 151,947 | 30.3 | 148,089 | 29.5 |
| Multiple or No Response | 20,108 | 4 | 13,357 | 2.7 | 13,221 | 2.6 | 13,454 | 2.7 | 15,308 | 3.1 |
| O.C. Total | 504,136 |  | 502,239 |  | 502,895 |  | 502,195 |  | 501,801 |  |
|  | 2013/14 |  | 2014/15 |  | 2015/16 |  | 2016/17 |  | 2017/18 |  |
| Race/Ethnicity | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% |
| American Indian | 2,121 | 0.4 | 1,784 | 0.4 | 1,502 | 0.3 | 1,313 | 0.3 | 972 | 0.2 |
| Asian | 86,464 | 17.3 | 88,007 | 17.7 | 88,843 | 18.0 | 78,154 | 15.9 | 91,337 | 18.8 |
| Black | 7,380 | 1.5 | 7,088 | 1.4 | 6,877 | 1.4 | 6,784 | 1.4 | 6,316 | 1.3 |
| Hispanic | 243,967 | 48.7 | 243,781 | 49 | 242,064 | 49.1 | 240,843 | 49.1 | 238,545 | 49.1 |
| Non-Hispanic White | 144,012 | 28.8 | 139,186 | 28 | 135,693 | 27.5 | 131,974 | 26.9 | 126,317 | 26.0 |
| Multiple or No Response | 16,543 | 3.3 | 17,270 | 3.5 | 18,051 | 3.7 | 19,512 | 4.0 | 21,863 | 4.5 |
| O.C. Total |  | 0,487 |  | 7,116 |  | 3,030 |  | 0,430 |  | 5,835 |

Note: Total \# includes "other" Race/Ethnicity counts. Source: Orange County Department of Education California Department of Education, DataQuest

## Secondary Indicator: ENGLISH LEARNERS

## Definition

According to California Education Code 306(a), an English Learner (EL) is "a child who does not speak English or whose native language is not English and who is not currently able to perform ordinary classroom work in English." The process of identifying an English Learner begins with the home language survey, but this survey alone does not qualify a student as an EL. Districts administer the California English Language Development Test (CELDT) to students whose home language is other than English within 30 calendar days of initial enrollment. The CELDT assesses English comprehension, speaking, listening, reading and writing, and it determines whether a student is an EL. An overall CELDT score of Early Advanced or Advanced indicates a student is proficient provided no domain score (listening, speaking, reading or writing) falls below Intermediate. Students who do not achieve proficiency on the CELDT are considered ELs and are assessed annually until reclassified. Reclassified Fluent English Proficient (R-FEP) students are former ELs who have met multiple criteria to succeed in an English-only classroom. These reclassified students are monitored for two years to ensure their success.

Number and Percent of English Language Learners, 2008/09 to 2017/18

|  | 2008/09 |  | 2009/10 |  | 2010/11 |  | 2011/12 |  | 2012/13 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Primary Languages | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% |
| Spanish | 115,366 | 81.9 | 115,431 | 81.5 | 102,623 | 81.3 | 106,871 | 82.2 | 100,998 | 81.9 |
| Vietnamese | 12,042 | 8.5 | 12,430 | 8.8 | 11,746 | 9.3 | 10,960 | 8.4 | 10,221 | 8.3 |
| Korean | 4,122 | 2.9 | 4,011 | 2.8 | 3,237 | 2.6 | 3,191 | 2.5 | 2,936 | 2.4 |
| Arabic | 1,005 | 0.7 | 1,124 | 0.8 | 1,116 | 0.9 | 1,359 | 1.0 | 1,556 | 1.3 |
| Filipino | 1,234 | 0.9 | 1,144 | 0.9 | 1,087 | 0.9 | 1,139 | 0.9 | 1,090 | 0.9 |
| All Other Languages* | 7,118 | 5.1 | 7,465 | 5.3 | 6,417 | 6.3 | 6,556 | 5.0 | 6,489 | 5.3 |
| Total | 140,887 |  | 141,605 |  | 126,226 |  | 130,076 |  | 123,290 |  |
|  | 2013/14 |  | 2014/15 |  | 2015/16 |  | 2016/17 |  | 2017/18 |  |
| Primary Languages | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% |
| Spanish | 106,022 | 81.2 | 103,706 | 80.2 | 97,911 | 79.6 | 93,808 | 78.6 | 88,644 | 77.8 |
| Vietnamese | 10,784 | 8.3 | 11,121 | 8.6 | 10,149 | 8.3 | 9,756 | 8.2 | 9,115 | 8.0 |
| Korean | 3,205 | 2.5 | 3,160 | 2.4 | 3,006 | 2.4 | 2,965 | 2.5 | 2,962 | 2.6 |
| Arabic | 1,772 | 1.4 | 2,026 | 1.6 | 2,133 | 1.7 | 2,308 | 1.9 | 2,279 | 2.0 |
| Filipino | 1,178 | 0.9 | 1,137 | 0.9 | 1,077 | 0.9 | 1,066 | 0.9 | 1,025 | 0.9 |
| All Other Languages* | 7,588 | 5.8 | 8,240 | 6.3 | 8,725 | 7.1 | 9,412 | 7.3 | 9,913 | 8.7 |
| Total |  | 0,570 |  | 9,390 |  | 3,001 |  | 9,315 |  | 3,938 |

[^40]
## Supplemental Tables: Educational Achievement

English Learners Number and Percent, by District, 2008/09 to 2017/18

|  | 2008/09 |  | 2009/10 |  | 2010/11 |  | 2011/12 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { 2012/13 } \\ \% \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School Districts | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. |  |
| Elementary Districts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Anaheim Elementary | 11,074 | 57.4 | 10,984 | 56.9 | 10,941 | 57.3 | 10,547 | 54.6 | 10,357 | 54.2 |
| Buena Park | 2,417 | 43.4 | 2,510 | 46.5 | 2,224 | 42.0 | 2,187 | 40.9 | 2,159 | 40.4 |
| Centralia | 1,548 | 32.6 | 1,622 | 35.5 | 1,502 | 33.1 | 1,481 | 33.4 | 1,424 | 31.6 |
| Cypress | 914 | 22.4 | 900 | 22.5 | 933 | 23.6 | 940 | 24.0 | 906 | 23.4 |
| Fountain Valley | 485 | 7.9 | 648 | 10.3 | 664 | 10.5 | 640 | 10.1 | 683 | 10.8 |
| Fullerton | 4,271 | 31.7 | 4,172 | 30.6 | 3,906 | 28.6 | 4,014 | 29.4 | 4,006 | 29.0 |
| Huntington Beach City | 471 | 7.1 | 494 | 7.3 | - | - | 421 | 5.9 | 402 | 5.7 |
| La Habra City | 2,263 | 40.2 | 2,233 | 40.1 | - | - | 2,048 | 38.9 | 1,928 | 36.7 |
| Magnolia | 3,435 | 54.4 | 3,698 | 58.6 | 3,399 | 53.6 | 3,136 | 49.2 | 3,147 | 49.5 |
| Ocean View | 2,109 | 22.2 | 2,288 | 23.4 | 2,083 | 21.8 | 2,196 | 23.2 | 2,181 | 23.2 |
| Savanna | 1,115 | 45.1 | 1,121 | 45.5 | 1,150 | 49.5 | 1,042 | 44.1 | 977 | 40.7 |
| Westminster | 4,972 | 27.9 | 5,312 | 54.4 | 4,996 | 51.4 | 4,776 | 49.6 | 4,579 | 47.6 |
| High School Districts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Anaheim Union | 8,040 | 23.8 | 7,726 | 23.3 | - | - | 6,580 | 20.1 | 6,356 | 19.8 |
| Fullerton Joint Union | 2,270 | 13.9 | 2,472 | 16.3 | 2,049 | 13.9 | 1,969 | 13.3 | 1,635 | 11.2 |
| Huntington Beach Union | 1,632 | 10.1 | 1,680 | 10.4 | 1,462 | 9.0 | 1,366 | 8.3 | 1,255 | 7.7 |
| Unified Districts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brea-Olinda | 651 | 11.0 | 743 | 12.5 | 627 | 10.6 | 611 | 10.3 | 546 | 9.1 |
| Capistrano | 6,224 | 11.8 | 5,890 | 11.0 | 5,407 | 10.2 | 5,424 | 10.2 | 5,404 | 10.0 |
| Garden Grove | 22,465 | 46.2 | 21,603 | 45.1 | 21,093 | 43.3 | 20,221 | 42.1 | 18,831 | 39.6 |
| Irvine | 3,463 | 13.1 | 3,954 | 14.7 | 3,628 | 13.3 | 3,655 | 13.0 | 3,827 | 13.2 |
| Laguna Beach | 95 | 3.2 | 43 | 1.5 | 115 | 3.8 | 111 | 3.7 | 99 | 3.3 |
| Los Alamitos | 252 | 2.7 | 223 | 2.3 | 197 | 2.0 | 157 | 1.6 | 180 | 1.8 |
| Newport-Mesa | 5,693 | 26.5 | 5,883 | 27.1 | 5,387 | 24.7 | 5,242 | 24.0 | 5,101 | 23.2 |
| OC Dept of Education | 2,554 | 31.3 | 1,853 | 24.0 | 2,500 | 32.9 | 2,602 | 22.8 | 2,285 | 31.8 |
| Orange | 7,255 | 24.0 | 7,739 | 25.6 | 7,812 | 25.7 | 6,856 | 34.1 | 6,521 | 21.8 |
| Placentia-Yorba Linda | 3,606 | 13.8 | 3,890 | 15.0 | 3,256 | 12.6 | 3,170 | 12.3 | 3,063 | 12.0 |
| Saddleback Valley | 4,090 | 12.4 | 4,260 | 13.2 | 4,135 | 13.0 | 4,045 | 13.1 | 4,128 | 13.6 |
| Santa Ana | 32,202 | 56.1 | 31,819 | 55.9 | 31,379 | 54.7 | 29,382 | 51.3 | 26,226 | 45.7 |
| Tustin | 5,321 | 24.5 | 5,845 | 26.0 | 5,381 | 23.3 | 5,257 | 22.4 | 5,084 | 47.6 |
| County Total | 140,887 | 27.9 | 141,605 | 28.2 | 126,226 | 25.1 | 130,076 | 25.9 | 123,290 | 24.6 |
| California Total | 1,513,233 | 24.4 | 1,468,235 | 23.0 | 1,057,075 | 17.4 | 1,387,665 | 22.4 | 1,346,333 | 22.0 |

[^41]
## Supplemental Tables: Educational Achievement

English Learners Number and Percent, by District, 2008/09 to 2017/18 (Continued)

|  | 2013/14 |  | 2014/15 |  | 2015/16 |  | 2016/17 |  | 2017/18 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School Districts | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% |
| Elementary Districts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Anaheim Elementary | 11,254 | 58.0 | 11,540 | 60.2 | 11,353 | 60.2 | 10,807 | 58.2 | 10,284 | 57.4 |
| Buena Park | 2,288 | 44.0 | 2,187 | 43.9 | 2,091 | 42.9 | 1,915 | 39.6 | 1,792 | 38.3 |
| Centralia | 1,581 | 35.0 | 1,563 | 34.8 | 1,404 | 31.6 | 1,484 | 33.6 | 1,257 | 29.1 |
| Cypress | 820 | 21.0 | 704 | 17.6 | 533 | 13.5 | 598 | 15.1 | 648 | 16.4 |
| Fountain Valley | 782 | 12.0 | 810 | 12.8 | 881 | 13.8 | 882 | 13.8 | 825 | 13.0 |
| Fullerton | 4,098 | 30.0 | 4,083 | 29.9 | 3,906 | 28.9 | 3,770 | 28.2 | 3,573 | 26.9 |
| Huntington Beach City | 362 | 5.0 | 416 | 6.1 | 399 | 5.7 | 393 | 5.5 | 351 | 5.0 |
| La Habra City | 2,090 | 41.0 | 1,986 | 39.5 | 1,830 | 37.2 | 1,542 | 32.6 | 1,477 | 31.3 |
| Magnolia | 3,525 | 55.0 | 3,358 | 52.4 | 3,365 | 52.4 | 3,236 | 51.6 | 2,936 | 48.3 |
| Ocean View | 2,286 | 25.0 | 2,326 | 25.8 | 2,305 | 26.4 | 2,185 | 25.8 | 2,014 | 24.4 |
| Savanna | 1,047 | 43.0 | 994 | 41.6 | 1,045 | 43.6 | 980 | 42.0 | 912 | 40.1 |
| Westminster | 4,807 | 50.0 | 4,685 | 49.3 | 4,395 | 46.8 | 4,072 | 43.6 | 3,707 | 40.0 |
| High School Districts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Anaheim Union | 6,866 | 22.0 | 6,658 | 21.0 | 6,461 | 20.7 | 6,555 | 21.2 | 6,611 | 21.5 |
| Fullerton Joint Union | 1,661 | 11.0 | 1,591 | 11.1 | 1,440 | 10.1 | 1,334 | 9.5 | 1,253 | 9.0 |
| Huntington Beach Union | 1,311 | 8.0 | 1,455 | 8.9 | 1,445 | 9.0 | 1,430 | 8.9 | 1,401 | 8.7 |
| Unified Districts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brea-Olinda | 638 | 0.5 | 716 | 12.0 | 735 | 12.6 | 576 | 9.7 | 573 | 9.6 |
| Capistrano | 5,403 | 4.1 | 5,276 | 9.8 | 5,204 | 9.7 | 5,076 | 9.5 | 5,045 | 9.4 |
| Garden Grove | 19,220 | 15.0 | 19,510 | 42.3 | 17,745 | 39.2 | 17,047 | 38.5 | 15,752 | 36.5 |
| Irvine | 4,744 | 4.0 | 5,323 | 17.0 | 5,676 | 17.6 | 6,330 | 19.0 | 6,884 | 19.9 |
| Laguna Beach | 115 | 0.1 | 131 | 4.3 | 125 | 4.1 | 132 | 4.4 | 106 | 3.6 |
| Los Alamitos | 243 | 0.2 | 262 | 2.6 | 232 | 2.3 | 214 | 9.5 | 213 | 2.2 |
| Newport-Mesa | 5,443 | 4.2 | 5,346 | 24.4 | 5,266 | 24.2 | 5,097 | 2.2 | 4,671 | 22.0 |
| OC Dept of Education | 1,943 | 1.5 | 1,466 | 27.6 | 1,209 | 24.0 | 1,478 | 23.6 | 1,377 | 21.1 |
| Orange | 7,204 | 5.5 | 7,185 | 24.4 | 6,928 | 24.0 | 6,790 | 22.8 | 6,607 | 23.7 |
| Placentia-Yorba Linda | 3,596 | 3.0 | 3,520 | 13.8 | 3,774 | 14.6 | 4,035 | 23.8 | 3,986 | 15.5 |
| Saddleback Valley | 4,576 | 4.0 | 4,641 | 16.0 | 4,775 | 16.6 | 4,792 | 15.6 | 4,752 | 17.4 |
| Santa Ana | 27,499 | 21.1 | 26,377 | 46.4 | 23,530 | 42.1 | 21,718 | 17.2 | 20,575 | 38.7 |
| Tustin | 5,209 | 4.0 | 5,266 | 21.9 | 4,931 | 20.5 | 4,626 | 39.8 | 4,109 | 17.1 |
| County Total | 130,570 | 26.0 | 129,390 | 26.0 | 123,001 | 24.9 | 119,315 | 24.3 | 113,938 | 23.5 |
| California Total | 1,413,549 | 22.7 | 1,392,263 | 22.3 | 1,373,724 | 22.4 | 1,332,405 | 21.4 | 1,271,150 | 20.4 |

[^42]
## Supplemental Tables: Educational Achievement

## Secondary Indicator: AVERAGE DOLLAR EXPENDITURE PER PUPIL

## Definition

The current annual expenditures for public schools for each pupil are based on average daily attendance during the school year. Elementary School Districts include K-8, High School Districts include 9-12 and Unified Districts include K-12.

Annual Expenditure Per Pupil (K-12), by District, 2007/08 to 2016/17

| School | 2007/08 | 2008/09 | 2009/10 | 2010/11 | 2011/12 | 2012/13 | 2013/14 | 2014/15 | 2015/16 | 2016/17 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Elementary Districts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Anaheim Elementary | 8,820 | 8,928 | 8,399 | 7,527 | 8,091 | 7,862 | 8,299 | 9,312 | 11,030 | 12,135 |
| Buena Park | 8,824 | 8,305 | 8,034 | 7,278 | 7,566 | 7,470 | 8,047 | 9,270 | 10,905 | 11,656 |
| Centralia | 8,475 | 8,161 | 7,578 | 7,420 | 7,541 | 7,729 | 8,206 | 9,025 | 10,316 | 10,915 |
| Cypress | 8,101 | 7,718 | 7,395 | 6,801 | 7,000 | 7,302 | 7,378 | 7,922 | 8,993 | 9,716 |
| Fountain Valley | 7,716 | 7,593 | 6,981 | 6,755 | 6,895 | 6,741 | 6,949 | 7,672 | 8,363 | 8,893 |
| Fullerton | 7,851 | 7,949 | 7,290 | 7,084 | 7,403 | 7,165 | 7,696 | 8,440 | 9,467 | 10,119 |
| Huntington Beach City | 7,529 | 7,612 | 7,178 | 6,453 | 6,614 | 6,850 | 7,371 | 7,890 | 9,145 | 9,728 |
| La Habra City | 8,280 | 8,377 | 7,805 | 7,912 | 7,599 | 7,853 | 8,177 | 8,980 | 10,330 | 10,923 |
| Magnolia | 7,994 | 8,268 | 8,341 | 7,375 | 7,546 | 7,529 | 8,155 | 8,853 | 10,634 | 10,835 |
| Ocean View | 8,185 | 8,119 | 7,874 | 7,715 | 7,880 | 7,621 | 7,853 | 9,004 | 9,850 | 10,366 |
| Savanna | 8,225 | 8,154 | 7,809 | 7,682 | 7,716 | 7,586 | 7,726 | 8,254 | 9,919 | 10,920 |
| Westminster | 8,180 | 8,387 | 8,013 | 7,697 | 7,948 | 8,080 | 8,037 | 9,221 | 10,146 | 10,982 |
| High School Districts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Anaheim Union | 8,336 | 8,506 | 8,168 | 8,425 | 8,783 | 8,678 | 8,936 | 9,966 | 11,004 | 11,585 |
| Fullerton Joint Union | 7,977 | 8,753 | 8,766 | 8,591 | 8,471 | 8,627 | 8,806 | 8,932 | 9,845 | 11,407 |
| Huntington Beach Union | 8,287 | 8,637 | 8,284 | 8,285 | 8,374 | 8,598 | 9,039 | 9,650 | 10,698 | 11,415 |
| Unified Districts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brea-Olinda | 7,617 | 7,684 | 7,271 | 7,136 | 7,442 | 7,254 | 7,343 | 8,082 | 7,536 | 9,556 |
| Capistrano | 7,694 | 7,614 | 7,246 | 7,228 | 7,469 | 7,002 | 7,419 | 8,042 | 7,361 | 9,675 |
| Garden Grove | 8,420 | 8,461 | 8,193 | 7,787 | 7,840 | 8,030 | 8,572 | 9,538 | 7,717 | 10,807 |
| Irvine | 7,906 | 7,893 | 7,606 | 7,562 | 7,700 | 7,577 | 7,845 | 8,522 | 7,789 | 10,395 |
| Laguna Beach | 12,246 | 12,783 | 13,773 | 13,670 | 13,945 | 13,702 | 14,580 | 15,823 | 11,235 | 18,516 |
| Los Alamitos | 7,266 | 7,388 | 6,878 | 6,727 | 6,978 | 7,198 | 7,770 | 8,411 | 7,120 | 9,945 |
| Newport-Mesa | 10,187 | 10,674 | 10,669 | 10,625 | 10,468 | 10,483 | 10,690 | 11,492 | 9,375 | 12,925 |
| Orange | 7,954 | 7,649 | 7,208 | 6,987 | 6,959 | 7,390 | 7,649 | 8,791 | 7,690 | 11,022 |
| Placentia-Yorba Linda | 7,949 | 8,040 | 7,826 | 7,914 | 7,846 | 7,715 | 7,926 | 8,673 | 7,485 | 10,365 |
| Santa Ana | 8,944 | 8,763 | 8,396 | 9,060 | 9,098 | 7,235 | 9,171 | 10,053 | 8,903 | 12,520 |
| Saddleback Valley | 7,562 | 7,652 | 7,472 | 6,830 | 6,984 | 9,049 | 7,409 | 8,687 | 7,302 | 10,012 |
| Tustin | 7,474 | 7,363 | 7,096 | 6,679 | 6,722 | 6,944 | 7,452 | 7,952 | 7,064 | 9,905 |

[^43]
## Supplemental Tables: Educational Achievement

Average Expenditure Per Pupil, by District Level for Orange County and California, 2007/8 to 2016/17

| District Level | $2007 / 08$ | $2008 / 09$ | $2009 / 10$ | $2010 / 11$ | $2011 / 12$ | $2012 / 13$ | $2013 / 14$ | $2014 / 15$ | $2015 / 16$ | $2016 / 17$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Elementary <br> Average | 8,182 | 8,131 | 7,725 | 7,308 | 7,483 | 7,482 | 7,825 | 8,653 | 9,925 | 10,599 |
| High School <br> Average | 8,200 | 8,632 | 8,406 | 8,434 | 8,543 | 8,634 | 8,927 | 9,516 | 10,516 | 11,469 |
| Unified District <br> Average | 8,435 | 8,497 | 8,303 | 8,184 | 8,288 | 8,298 | 8,652 | 9,505 | 10,535 | 11,304 |
| Orange County <br> (K-12) Average | $\mathbf{8 , 2 2 4}$ | $\mathbf{8 , 2 6 7}$ | $\mathbf{7 , 9 5 5}$ | $\mathbf{7 , 8 2 7}$ | $\mathbf{7 , 9 5 2}$ | $\mathbf{7 , 9 5 0}$ | $\mathbf{8 , 2 7 4}$ | $\mathbf{9 , 1 2 8}$ | $\mathbf{9 , 1 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 , 9 2 6}$ |
| California <br> Average* | $\mathbf{8 , 5 9 4}$ | $\mathbf{8 , 7 3 6}$ | $\mathbf{8 , 4 5 2}$ | $\mathbf{8 , 3 2 3}$ | $\mathbf{8 , 3 8 2}$ | $\mathbf{8 , 4 4 8}$ | $\mathbf{8 , 8 6 7}$ | $\mathbf{9 , 7 9 4}$ | $\mathbf{9 , 7 9 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 , 5 4 8}$ |

Source: Orange County Department of Education, 2016/17 Financial Report

## Supplemental Tables: Educational Achievement

## Indicator: KINGERGARTEN READINESS

Number and Percent of Children Developmentally Vulnerable on One or More Areas, by Community, 2018

City/CDP $\quad$ Number | Physical |
| :---: |
| Health and |
| Well-being |

Social
Competence

| Emotional | Language and <br> Cognitive <br> Maturity |
| :---: | :---: |
| Development |  |

Communication Skills and General Knowledge

| Aliso Viejo | 410 | 7.6\% | 9.3\% | 8.8\% | 7.1\% | 9.3\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Anaheim | 3,816 | 10.5\% | 8.5\% | 8.0\% | 11.0\% | 11.2\% |
| Brea | 385 | 3.1\% | 5.2\% | 3.9\% | 7.3\% | 5.2\% |
| Buena Park | 726 | 11.6\% | 9.4\% | 9.3\% | 7.9\% | 8.5\% |
| Costa Mesa | 940 | 8.2\% | 7.1\% | 6.9\% | 8.1\% | 8.6\% |
| Coto de Caza | 51 | 2.0\% | 2.0\% | 3.9\% | 5.9\% | 5.9\% |
| Cypress | 503 | 2.4\% | 6.0\% | 5.6\% | 4.6\% | 5.0\% |
| Dana Point | 175 | 5.7\% | 5.1\% | 7.4\% | 8.6\% | 8.0\% |
| Fountain Valley | 464 | 5.0\% | 10.6\% | 8.2\% | 9.7\% | 10.6\% |
| Fullerton | 1,340 | 7.5\% | 8.1\% | 7.5\% | 7.8\% | 9.3\% |
| Garden Grove | 1,709 | 8.2\% | 10.5\% | 7.6\% | 12.1\% | 13.5\% |
| Huntington Beach | 1,531 | 5.2\% | 7.6\% | 6.6\% | 7.6\% | 7.4\% |
| Irvine | 2,456 | 5.0\% | 6.2\% | 5.9\% | 4.4\% | 7.1\% |
| La Habra | 573 | 7.9\% | 12.0\% | 10.8\% | 11.0\% | 14.3\% |
| La Palma | 120 | 9.2\% | 8.3\% | 7.5\% | 9.2\% | 11.7\% |
| Ladera Ranch | 334 | 2.1\% | 3.0\% | 2.7\% | 3.3\% | 3.0\% |
| Laguna Beach | 97 | 10.3\% | 12.4\% | 4.5\% | 10.3\% | 7.2\% |
| Laguna Hills | 184 | 4.3\% | 3.8\% | 4.4\% | 7.6\% | 10.9\% |
| Laguna Niguel | 417 | 5.3\% | 7.0\% | 7.0\% | 7.2\% | 7.0\% |
| Lake Forest | 663 | 7.2\% | 8.3\% | 7.0\% | 11.8\% | 9.7\% |
| Los Alamitos | 118 | 5.1\% | 7.6\% | 5.9\% | 0.8\% | 5.9\% |
| Midway City | 94 | 10.6\% | 14.9\% | 10.6\% | 12.8\% | 12.8\% |
| Mission Viejo | 708 | 3.5\% | 5.4\% | 5.4\% | 4.9\% | 4.7\% |
| Newport Beach | 445 | 6.1\% | 7.0\% | 7.7\% | 3.8\% | 4.9\% |
| North Tustin | 102 | 3.9\% | 4.9\% | 4.0\% | 2.0\% | 2.0\% |
| Orange | 1,348 | 8.2\% | 8.2\% | 6.3\% | 8.9\% | 9.3\% |
| Placentia | 506 | 6.5\% | 6.7\% | 5.8\% | 9.1\% | 9.3\% |
| Rancho Mission Viejo | 30 | 16.7\% | 3.3\% | 3.3\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% |
| Rancho Santa Margarita | 446 | 7.4\% | 9.6\% | 8.2\% | 7.2\% | 8.5\% |
| San Clemente | 542 | 7.9\% | 5.7\% | 5.9\% | 7.7\% | 6.6\% |
| San Juan Capistrano | 295 | 5.1\% | 9.2\% | 9.2\% | 9.2\% | 9.2\% |
| Santa Ana | 3,940 | 10.4\% | 10.6\% | 8.8\% | 12.5\% | 12.8\% |
| Seal Beach | 70 | 4.3\% | 2.9\% | 14.3\% | 4.3\% | 5.7\% |
| Stanton | 341 | 7.9\% | 5.3\% | 5.4\% | 8.8\% | 11.7\% |

## Supplemental Tables: Educational Achievement

Percent of Children Developmentally Vulnerable on One or More Areas, by Community, 2018 (Continued)

| City/CDP | No. | Physical <br> Health and <br> Well-being | Social <br> Competence | Emotional <br> Maturity | Language and <br> Cognitive <br> Development | Communication <br> Skills and General <br> Knowledge |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Trabuco Canyon | 151 | $6.0 \%$ | $8.6 \%$ | $6.6 \%$ | $4.0 \%$ | $5.3 \%$ |
| Tustin | 897 | $7.0 \%$ | $7.8 \%$ | $7.8 \%$ | $9.3 \%$ | $9.6 \%$ |
| Villa Park | 41 | $19.5 \%$ | $12.2 \%$ | $12.2 \%$ | $4.9 \%$ | $9.8 \%$ |
| Westminster | 752 | $7.7 \%$ | $10.6 \%$ | $8.2 \%$ | $8.7 \%$ | $9.9 \%$ |
| Yorba Linda | 568 | $5.3 \%$ | $5.5 \%$ | $7.2 \%$ | $3.9 \%$ | $6.2 \%$ |
| Orange County | $\mathbf{2 8 , 3 0 6}$ | $\mathbf{7 . 7 \%}$ | $\mathbf{8 . 3 \%}$ | $\mathbf{7 . 4 \%}$ | $\mathbf{8 . 8 \%}$ | $\mathbf{9 . 5 \%}$ |

Source: Early Development Index, 2018

Percent of Children Developmentally Vulnerable or At Risk on One or More Areas and On Track on all Areas, by Community, 2018

City/CDP

## Aliso Viejo

| Anaheim | 410 |
| :--- | ---: |
|  | 3,81 |


| Brea | 385 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Buena Park | 726 |


| Costa Mesa | 940 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Coto de Caza | 51 |


| Cypress |
| :--- |
| Dana Point |

Fountain Valley 46

| Fullerton | 1,34 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Garden Grove | 1,70 |

Huntington Beach $\quad 1,531$

| Irvine |
| :--- |
| La Habra |


| La Palma | 120 | $20.0 \%$ | $25.0 \%$ | $55.0 \%$ | $4.2 \%$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Ladera Ranch | 334 | $8.7 \%$ | $15.3 \%$ | $76.0 \%$ | $0.9 \%$ |
| Laguna Beach | 97 | $26.8 \%$ | $27.8 \%$ | $45.4 \%$ | $4.1 \%$ |
| Laguna Hills | 184 | $17.9 \%$ | $32.6 \%$ | $49.5 \%$ | $2.2 \%$ |
| Laguna Niguel | 417 | $16.1 \%$ | $18.7 \%$ | $65.2 \%$ | $4.3 \%$ |
| Lake Forest | 663 | $21.9 \%$ | $19.0 \%$ | $59.1 \%$ | $3.8 \%$ |
| Los Alamitos | 118 | $15.3 \%$ | $16.9 \%$ | $67.8 \%$ | $0.8 \%$ |
| Midway City | 94 | $36.2 \%$ | $27.7 \%$ | $36.2 \%$ | $6.4 \%$ |
| Mission Viejo | 708 | $14.4 \%$ | $23.4 \%$ | $62.1 \%$ | $1.7 \%$ |
| Newport Beach | 445 | $15.5 \%$ | $24.0 \%$ | $60.4 \%$ | $2.2 \%$ |
| North Tustin | 102 | $6.9 \%$ | $16.7 \%$ | $76.5 \%$ | $1.0 \%$ |

Developmentally
On Track on all
Areas $^{1}$

| $51.0 \%$ | $2.4 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $48.0 \%$ | $5.2 \%$ |
| $59.7 \%$ | $2.1 \%$ |
| $52.8 \%$ | $5.0 \%$ |
| $53.6 \%$ | $2.9 \%$ |
| $66.7 \%$ | $2.0 \%$ |
| $60.4 \%$ | $1.8 \%$ |
| $58.3 \%$ | $2.3 \%$ |
| $53.0 \%$ | $5.8 \%$ |
| $55.1 \%$ | $4.3 \%$ |
| $47.7 \%$ | $5.5 \%$ |
| $57.9 \%$ | $3.7 \%$ |
| $64.1 \%$ | $2.1 \%$ |
| $45.9 \%$ | $6.6 \%$ |
| $55.0 \%$ | $4.2 \%$ |
| $76.0 \%$ | $0.9 \%$ |
| $45.4 \%$ | $4.1 \%$ |
| $49.5 \%$ | $2.2 \%$ |
| $65.2 \%$ | $4.3 \%$ |
| $59.1 \%$ | $3.8 \%$ |
| $67.8 \%$ | $0.8 \%$ |
| $36.2 \%$ | $6.4 \%$ |
| $62.1 \%$ | $1.7 \%$ |
| $60.4 \%$ | $2.2 \%$ |
| $76.5 \%$ | $1.0 \%$ |

## Supplemental Tables: Educational Achievement

Percent of Children Developmentally Vulnerable or At Risk on One or More Areas and On Track on all Areas, by Community, 2015 (Continued)

| City/CDP | Number | Developmentally <br> Vulnerable on One <br> or More Areas | Developmentally <br> At Risk on One or <br> More Areas | Developmentally <br> On Track on all <br> Areas |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Orange | 1,348 | $22.3 \%$ | $26.4 \%$ | $51.3 \%$ | Multiple Challenges $^{2}$ |


subdomains (16 total subdomains).
Source: Early Development Index, 2018

## Supplemental Tables: Educational Achievement

Percent of Children Developmentally Vulnerable or At Risk on One or More Areas and On Track on all Areas, by Student Characteristic, 2018

|  | Not on Track |  | Developmentally On Track on all Areas ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Developmentally Vulnerable on One or More Areas | Developmentally At Risk on One or More Areas |  |
| Currently in Kindergarten - No Transition Kindergarten (TK) Experience | 24.6\% | 26.3\% | 49.1\% |
| Currently in Kindergarten - Had TK Experience | 14.6\% | 21.6\% | 63.8\% |
| Not English Language Learner | 17.7\% | 23.7\% | 58.6\% |
| English Language Learner | 27.2\% | 27.4\% | 45.4\% |
| No Individual Education Plan (IEP) | 19.6\% | 25.0\% | 55.5\% |
| Has IEP | 46.2\% | 28.6\% | 25.2\% |
| Parent has Volunteered | 14.8\% | 22.5\% | 62.7\% |
| Parent has not Volunteered | 26.3\% | 27.2\% | 46.5\% |
| Receives Free/Reduced Price Lunch | 28.6\% | 28.8\% | 42.6\% |
| Does Not Receive Free/Reduced Price Lunch | 15.3\% | 22.7\% | 62.0\% |
| Hispanic, Latino/a | 26.9\% | 28.1\% | 45.0\% |
| White | 16.0\% | 23.3\% | 60.8\% |
| Asian | 15.4\% | 20.1\% | 64.6\% |
| Other | 18.9\% | 24.7\% | 56.4\% |
| All | 21.5\% | 25.2\% | 53.2\% |

[^44]
## Indicator: ACADEMIC PERFORMANCE, THIRD GRADE ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS AND MATHEMATICS

Number and Percent of 10th Grade Students Who Passed English Language Arts and Math, by School District, March 2015

| Math |  |  | English Language Arts |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | No. Tested | Passing $\%$ | No. Tested | Passing $\%$ |
| All students tested | $\mathbf{3 8 , 1 5 6}$ | $\mathbf{9 0}$ | $\mathbf{3 7 , 7 2 7}$ | $\mathbf{8 9}$ |
| Anaheim Union High | 4,980 | 82 | 4,974 | 83 |
| Brea-Olinda Unified | 448 | 96 | 461 | 93 |
| Capistrano Unified | 3,874 | 93 | 3,888 | 94 |
| Fullerton Joint Union High | 3,352 | 90 | 3,356 | 90 |
| Garden Grove Unified | 3,540 | 88 | 3,544 | 86 |
| Huntington Beach Unified High | 3,739 | 93 | 3,749 | 92 |
| Irvine Unified | 2,207 | 97 | 2,215 | 95 |
| Laguna Beach Unified | 7 | - | 5 | - |
| Los Alamitos Unified | 797 | 97 | 807 | 97 |
| Newport-Mesa Unified | 1,717 | 89 | 1,730 | 89 |
| OC Dept of Education | 468 | 52 | 477 | 60 |
| Orange County HS of the Arts | 373 | 100 | 368 | 93 |
| Orange Unified | 2,266 | 89 | 2,273 | 90 |
| Placentia-Yorba Linda Unified | 2,046 | 92 | 2,049 | 92 |
| Saddleback Valley Unified | 2,437 | 92 | 2,440 | 92 |
| Santa Ana Unified | 3,470 | 85 | 3,481 | 81 |
| Tustin Unified | 1,919 | 93 | 1,921 | 92 |

 that students pass the CAHSEE to receive a high school diploma for the 2015-16, 2016-17, and 2017-18 school years.



 proficiency on the CAHSEE are feasible (July, 2010). ${ }^{* *}$ Scores based on 10 or fewer students to protect confidentiality.

Source: California Department of Education

## Supplemental Tables: Educational Achievement

Indicator: HIGH SCHOOL DROPOUT RATES

Number and Percent of Grade 9-12 Cohort Dropouts, by District, 2009/10 to 2016/17

|  | 2010/11 |  | 2011/12 |  | 2012/13 |  | 2013/14 |  | 2014/15 |  | 2015/16 |  | 2016/17 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% |
| Anaheim Union High | 655 | 13.1 | 652 | 12.1 | 444 | 8.6 | 447 | 8.6 | 373 | 7.3 | 317 | 6.4 | 359 | 7.1 |
| Brea-Olinda Unified | 17 | 3.3 | 23 | 4.2 | 12 | 2.3 | * | 1.4 | * | 1.9 | * | 2.0 | 13 | 2.7 |
| Capistrano Connections Academy |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 66 | 21.4 | 107 | 25.4 | 134 | 23.2 |
| Capistrano Unified | 76 | 1.8 | 71 | 1.8 | 62 | 1.6 | 73 | 1.9 | 57 | 1.4 | 57 | 1.4 | 41 | 1.0 |
| Fullerton Joint Union High | 397 | 10.5 | 221 | 5.9 | 151 | 4.3 | 125 | 3.5 | 105 | 3 | 101 | 3.0 | 90 | 2.7 |
| Garden Grove Unified | 384 | 9.8 | 389 | 10.1 | 353 | 9.1 | 292 | 8.0 | 233 | 6.2 | 212 | 6.2 | 295 | 8.3 |
| Huntington Beach Union | 160 | 4.2 | 103 | 2.7 | 105 | 2.8 | 90 | 2.3 | 98 | 2.5 | 87 | 2.4 | 100 | 2.7 |
| Irvine Unified | 26 | 1.2 | 41 | 1.8 | 53 | 2.4 | 55 | 2.6 | 67 | 2.8 | 35 | 1.5 | 63 | 2.7 |
| Laguna Beach Unified | * | 1.2 | * | 1.2 | * | 2.8 | * | 1.9 | * | 3.5 | 13 | 4.7 | 12 | 4.8 |
| Los Alamitos Unified | 20 | 2.4 | 24 | 2.8 | 12 | 1.4 | * | 1.1 | * | 0.7 | * | 0.8 | * |  |
| Magnolia <br> Science Acad. <br> Santa Ana |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | * | 0.0 | * | 0.0 | * |  |
| Newport-Mesa Unified | 78 | 4.5 | 62 | 3.5 | 65 | 3.8 | 68 | 4.1 | 74 | 4.3 | 66 | 3.8 | 95 | 5.3 |
| Nova Academy |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | * | 3.3 | * | 5.4 | 84 | 96.6 |
| OCSA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | * | 1.4 | * | 1.7 | * |  |
| Opportunities for Learning Capistrano |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 13 | 41.9 | * | 29.0 | 12 | 21.8 |
| Orange Unified | 160 | 6.8 | 127 | 5.1 | 105 | 4.4 | 120 | 5.2 | 111 | 4.8 | 68 | 3.1 | 130 | 5.7 |
| PlacentiaYorba Linda Unified | 114 | 5.1 | 120 | 5.4 | 60 | 2.9 | 81 | 3.8 | 60 | 2.8 | 122 | 5.7 | 52 | 2.4 |
| Saddleback Valley Unified | 94 | 3.4 | 68 | 2.5 | 63 | 2.4 | 66 | 2.5 | 62 | 2.5 | 54 | 2.3 | 66 | 2.7 |
| Santa Ana Unified | 507 | 13.4 | 387 | 10.5 | 360 | 9.6 | 310 | 8.2 | 223 | 6.2 | 150 | 4.3 | 160 | 4.7 |
| Tustin Unified | 42 | 2.6 | 67 | 4.2 | 30 | 1.8 | 36 | 2.1 | 20 | 1.1 | 28 | 1.5 | 20 | 1.0 |
| County | 4,021 | 10 | 3,911 | 9 | 3,049 | 7.3 | 2,750 | 6.7 | 2,311 | 5.7 | 2,145 | 5.4 | 2,185 | 5.3 |
| California | 74,101 | 15 | 65,249 | 13 | 56,711 | 11.4 | 56,756 | 11.5 | 52,249 | 10.7 | 48,118 | 9.8 | 45,052 | 9.1 |

Note: California Department of Education, DataQuest, 2016/17 data. A cohort is a defined group of students that could potentially graduate during a 4 -year time period (grade 9 through grade 12 ). The 2016-17 Four-Year Adjusted Cohort Graduation Rate (ACGR) and Outcome data has been released. Beginning in 2016-17, the ACGR and Outcome data were calculated using different business rules and are not comparable with the Cohort Outcome data from previous years.
---Indicates County Office of Education (COE), which receives the County-wide rate * Indicates ten or fewer students in order to protect privacy. Source: California Department of Education

## Supplemental Tables: Educational Achievement

Number and Percent of Grade 9-12 Cohort Dropouts, by Race/Ethnicity, 2009/10 to 2016/17

|  | 2009/10 |  | 2010/11 |  | 2011/12 |  | 2012/13 |  | 2013/14 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Race/Ethnicity | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% |
| Asian | 488 | 9.4 | 307 | 7.6 | 296 | 7.6 | 248 | 3.4 | 243 | 2.5 |
| White | 878 | 5.7 | 701 | 4.7 | 649 | 4.5 | 531 | 3.9 | 517 | 3.9 |
| Hispanic | 3,554 | 20.1 | 2,767 | 15.3 | 2,635 | 14.0 | 2,100 | 11.3 | 1,834 | 10.0 |
| Black | 143 | 17.2 | 120 | 14.7 | 112 | 13.2 | 94 | 12.6 | 78 | 10.2 |
| American Indian | 40 | 9.9 | 38 | 10 | 29 | 7.4 | 22 | 5.6 | 18 | 4.5 |
| Multiple or No Response | 97 | 13.7 | 88 | 11.5 | 108 | 12.9 | 54 | 5.6 | 60 | 6.6 |
| County Total | 5,200 | 12.3 | 4,021 | 9.5 | 3,829 | 8.9 | 3,049 | 7.3 | 2,750 | 6.7 |
|  | 2014/15 |  | 2015/16 |  | 2016/17 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Race/Ethnicity | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% |  |  |  |  |
| Asian | 170 | 2.6 | 164 | 9.9 | 182 | 8.5 |  |  |  |  |
| White | 478 | 3.7 | 478 | 3.8 | 436 | 3.5 |  |  |  |  |
| Hispanic | 1,484 | 8.1 | 1,342 | 7.4 | 1,392 | 7.4 |  |  |  |  |
| Black | 70 | 10.4 | 67 | 9.4 | 59 | 8.4 |  |  |  |  |
| American Indian | 16 | 4.8 | 14 | 5.3 | 17 | 7.3 |  |  |  |  |
| Multiple or No Response | 64 | 6.6 | 71 | 6.7 | 99 | 23.6 |  |  |  |  |
| County Total | 2,311 | 5.7 | 2,145 | 5.4 | 2,185 | 5.3 |  |  |  |  |

Note: Asian dropout totals include Pacific Islander and Filipino dropout numbers for all years.
 2016-17 Four-Year Adjusted Cohort Graduation Rate (ACGR) and Outcome data has been released. Beginning in 2016-17, the ACGR and Outcome data were calculated using different business rules and are not comparable with the Cohort Outcome data from previous years
Source: California Department of Education

## Supplemental Tables: Educational Achievement

## Secondary Indicator: HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATION

## Definition

The California Education Code establishes a minimum set of requirements for graduation from California high schools. These include a total of 13 required courses and passage of the California High School Exit Exam (CAHSEE). Local school boards can include additional requirements that they consider important for their local school district. Graduation rates are collected annually and included in the Annual Yearly Progress (AYP) accountability system. The data shows the percentage of students entering Orange County high schools that could potentially graduate during the four-year time period (2008 to 2012). Data includes students who completed high school with a standard high school diploma or special education waiver or exemption, an adult education high school diploma or the California High School Proficiency Exam.

Number and Percent of Grade 9-12 Cohort Graduates, by District, 2010/11 to 2016/17

|  | 2012/13 |  | 2013/2014 |  | 2014/15 |  | 2015/16 |  | 2016/17 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| District Name | No. | \% | No. | No. | \% | No. | \% | \% | No. | \% |
| Anaheim Union High | 4,335 | 84.3 | 4,402 | 4,410 | 88.5 | 4,410 | 88.5 | 84.8 | 4,486 | 87.3 |
| Brea-Olinda Unified | 514 | 96.4 | 485 | 488 | 96.4 | 488 | 96.4 | 96.4 | 506 | 96.6 |
| Capistrano Unified | 3,812 | 97.2 | 177 | 3,877 | 97.1 | 3,877 | 97.1 | 67.3 | 3,914 | 96.6 |
| Fullerton Joint Union High | 3,232 | 91.9 | 3,354 | 3,141 | 94.4 | 3,141 | 94.4 | 93.4 | 3,467 | 94.5 |
| Garden Grove Unified | 3,452 | 89.2 | 3,267 | 3,162 | 92.1 | 3,162 | 92.1 | 89.7 | 3,772 | 91.8 |
| Huntington Beach Union High | 3,444 | 93.1 | 3,674 | 3,506 | 94.7 | 3,506 | 94.7 | 94.1 | 3,888 | 94.2 |
| Irvine Unified | 2,133 | 95.5 | 2,042 | 2,213 | 96.3 | 2,213 | 96.3 | 95.7 | 2,361 | 94.8 |
| Laguna Beach Unified | 244 | 96.1 | 255 | 259 | 93.8 | 259 | 93.8 | 97.7 | 230 | 95.7 |
| Los Alamitos Unified | 827 | 97.2 | 743 | 835 | 98.2 | 835 | 98.2 | 97.9 | 714 | 98.2 |
| Newport-Mesa Unified | 1,617 | 93.4 | 1,539 | 1,616 | 93.6 | 1,616 | 93.6 | 93.1 | 1,614 | 93.5 |
| Orange Unified | 2,254 | 93.9 | 2,148 | 2,142 | 96.4 | 2,142 | 96.4 | 92.7 | 2,151 | 93.6 |
| Placentia-Yorba Linda Unified | 1,927 | 93.2 | 1,997 | 1,988 | 92.4 | 1,988 | 92.4 | 93.9 | 2,012 | 95 |
| Saddleback Valley Unified | 2,529 | 95.3 | 2,449 | 2,293 | 95.7 | 2,293 | 95.7 | 94.7 | 2,316 | 95 |
| Santa Ana Unified | 3,237 | 85.9 | 3,320 | 3,214 | 91.6 | 3,214 | 91.6 | 87.4 | 3,212 | 88.9 |
| Tustin Unified | 1,625 | 96.8 | 1,698 | 1,782 | 97.6 | 1,782 | 97.6 | 97 | 1,769 | 98.1 |
| Cohort Enrollment | 41,539 |  | 41,126 | 39,820 |  | 39,820 |  |  | 40,872 |  |
| Orange County Total | 36,363 | 87.5 | 36,429 | 36,162 | 90.8 | 36,162 | 90.8 | 88.6 | 36,770 | 90.0 |

## Supplemental Tables: Educational Achievement

Percent of Graduates, by Race/Ethnicity, 2010/11 to 2016/17

|  | 2010/11 |  | 2011/12 |  | 2012/13 |  | 2013/14 |  | 2014/15 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Race/Ethnicity | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% |
| American Indian | 323 | 0.9 | 339 | 0.92 | 350 | 1.0 | 354 | 1.0 | 300 | 0.8 |
| Asian | 6,755 | 18.6 | 6,924 | 18.9 | 6,829 | 18.8 | 6,974 | 19.1 | 7,140 | 19.4 |
| Hispanic | 14,052 | 38.8 | 14,719 | 40.1 | 14,996 | 41.2 | 15,259 | 41.9 | 15,659 | 42.6 |
| Black | 633 | 1.7 | 679 | 1.9 | 597 | 1.6 | 652 | 1.8 | 569 | 1.5 |
| White | 13,815 | 38.1 | 13,309 | 36.3 | 12,743 | 35.1 | 12,377 | 34.0 | 12,232 | 33.3 |
| Multiple or No Response | 650 | 1.8 | 725 | 2.0 | 848 | 2.3 | 815 | 2.2 | 870 | 2.4 |
| Orange County Total | 36,228 | 100.0 | 36,695 | 100.0 | 37,363 | 100.0 | 36,429 | 100.0 | 36,770 | 100.0 |
|  | 2015/16 |  | 2016/17 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Race/Ethnicity | No. | \% | No. | \% |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| American Indian | 235 | 0.6 | 199 | 0.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asian | 6,706 | 18.5 | 6,962 | 19.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hispanic | 15,746 | 43.5 | 15,977 | 43.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Black | 604 | 1.7 | 596 | 1.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| White | 11,791 | 32.6 | 11,433 | 31.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Multiple or No Response | 1,080 | 3.0 | 1,193 | 3.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orange County Total | 36,162 | 100.0 | 36,360 | 100.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Secondary Indicator: SAT REASONING TEST

## Definition

The SAT Reasoning Test (formerly known as the SAT I: Reasoning Test) assesses a student's reasoning in Mathematics, Verbal and Writing Skills. ${ }^{1}$ It is taken by college-bound juniors and seniors and is used by college admissions officers as one key factor to determine who will be admitted. The participation rate of seniors who took the SAT test is presented in order to assess the entire student body's college orientation.

Average Combined SAT Reasoning Test Scores* for Orange County, California and the United States, 2007/08 to 2015/17

|  | $2007 / 08$ | $2008 / 09$ | $2009 / 10$ | $2010 / 11$ | $2011 / 12$ | $2012 / 13$ | $2013 / 14$ | $2014 / 15$ | $2015 / 16$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Orange County Combined | 1598 | 1600 | 1621 | 1597 | 1588 | 1588 | 1567 | 1565 | 1560 |
| California Combined | 1500 | 1502 | 1521 | 1502 | 1492 | 1492 | 1487 | 1473 | 1455 |
| United States Combined* | 1511 | 1509 | 1509 | 1500 | 1498 | 1498 | 1497 | 1490 | 1484 |

* Figures reflect public and private schools' results combined.

Note: SAT Reasoning Test Scores are no longer reported as of 2016/17. It has been replaced by the percent of $12^{\text {th }}$ grade students meeting ELA and Math Benchmarks.
Note. Increases in scores are due to the writing component added to the test in 2005/06
Source: California Department of Education. The College Board (for U.S. numbers)
Percent of Highschool Students Meeting Benchmarks for ELA and Math for Orange County, California and the United States, 2016/17

|  | \% Meeting ELA | \% Meeting Math |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Orange County Combined | 79.69 | 61.97 |
| California Combined | 72.25 | 50.76 |

[^45]
## Supplemental Tables: Educational Achievement

Comparison of Lowest and Highest Free and Reduced-Price Lunch Program (FRL) with \% of Students Meeting Benchmarks by District 2016/17

| School District | \% of Students Eligible in FRL Program | \% of Students Meeting ELA <br> Benchmarks | \% of Students Meeting Math <br> Benchmarks |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Laguna Beach Unified | $6.9 \%$ | 96.88 | 82.81 |
| Los Alamitos Unified | $9.6 \%$ | 90.70 | 74.22 |
| Irvine Unified | $15.1 \%$ | 95.70 | 90.49 |
| Anaheim Union | $56.9 \%$ | 74.53 | 52.29 |
| Garden Grove | $56.9 \%$ | 76.27 | 54.6 |
| Santa Ana Unified | $84.3 \%$ | 62.68 | 39.26 |

Sources: California Department of Education DataQuest (percent meeting benchmarks) California Department of Education Student Poverty FRPM Data (Free and Reduced Lunch program)
Percent of Highschool Students Meeting Benchmarks for ELA and Math, by District, for Orange County and California, 2016/17

| District Name | Grade 12 <br> Enrollment | Number <br> Tested | Percent Meeting <br> ELA Benchmarks | Percent Meeting <br> Math Benchmarks |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Anaheim Union | 5,199 | 1,983 | $74.53 \%$ | $52.29 \%$ |
| Brea-Olinda Unified | 467 | 191 | $93.72 \%$ | $76.96 \%$ |
| Capistrano Unified | 4,524 | 1,961 | $92.96 \%$ | $76.24 \%$ |
| Fullerton Joint Union | 3,429 | 1,689 | $83.78 \%$ | $69.33 \%$ |
| Garden Grove Unified | 3,648 | 2,099 | $76.27 \%$ | $54.60 \%$ |
| Huntington Beach Union | 4,062 | 1,851 | $87.74 \%$ | $75.42 \%$ |
| Irvine Unified | 2,380 | 1,094 | $95.70 \%$ | $90.49 \%$ |
| Laguna Beach Unified | 246 | 64 | $96.88 \%$ | $82.81 \%$ |
| Los Alamitos Unified | 835 | 516 | $90.70 \%$ | $74.22 \%$ |
| Newport-Mesa Unified | 1,802 | 616 | $86.85 \%$ | $63.64 \%$ |
| Orange Unified | 2,263 | 1,921 | $60.54 \%$ | $40.19 \%$ |
| Orange County Department of Ed | 1,034 | 88 | $63.64 \%$ | $46.59 \%$ |
| Placentia-Yorba Linda Unified | 2,129 | 1,032 | $90.31 \%$ | $76.84 \%$ |
| Saddleback Valley Unified | 2,435 | 1,048 | $93.13 \%$ | $76.91 \%$ |
| Santa Ana Unified | 3,950 | 1,913 | $62.68 \%$ | $39.26 \%$ |
| Tustin Unified | 1,962 | 1,563 | $69.42 \%$ | $50.67 \%$ |
| Total Orange County | 40,379 | 19,640 | $79.69 \%$ | $61.97 \%$ |
| Total California | 484,169 | 221,433 | $72.25 \%$ | $50.76 \%$ |

Source: California Department of Education

## Supplemental Tables: Educational Achievement

Indicator: COLLEGE READINESS

Number of High School Graduates with UC/CSU Required Courses, by School District, 2007/08 to 2016/17

| School District | 2007/08 | 2008/09 | 2009/10 | 2010/11 | 2011/12 | 2012/13 | 2013/14 | 2014/15 | 2015/16 | 2016/17 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Anaheim | 1,279 | 1,383 | 1,764 | 1,615 | 1,681 | 1,534 | 1,785 | 1,754 | 1,752 | 1,825 |
| Union High Brea-Olinda |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unified | 278 | 282 | 214 | 267 | 272 | 290 | 268 | 274 | 250 | 249 |
| Capistrano Unified | 1,517 | 1,712 | 1,729 | 2,015 | 2,003 | 2,127 | 2,130 | 2,299 | 2,289 | 2,338 |
| Fullerton Joint Union High | 1,142 | 1,081 | 991 | 1,326 | 1,372 | 1,581 | 1,780 | 1,716 | 1,730 | 1,767 |
| Garden Grove Unified | 965 | 1,126 | 1,387 | 1,720 | 1,739 | 1,814 | 1,821 | 1,860 | 1,643 | 1,849 |
| Huntington Beach Union | 1,905 | 1,877 | 1,569 | 1,654 | 1,666 | 1,824 | 2,047 | 2,316 | 2,096 | 1,668 |
| Irvine Unified | 1,329 | 1,155 | 1,260 | 1,265 | 1,263 | 1,391 | 1,266 | 1,558 | 1,489 | 1,550 |
| Laguna Beach Unified | 156 | 166 | 156 | 154 | 167 | 242 | 182 | 160 | 174 | 182 |
| Los Alamitos Unified | 395 | 220 | 450 | 504 | 491 | 514 | 498 | 484 | 600 | 607 |
| Newport-Mesa Unified | 621 | 648 | 794 | 823 | 854 | 857 | 853 | 937 | 971, | 996 |
| Orange Unified | 780 | 716 | 562 | 779 | 891 | 864 | 853 | 722 | 915 | 1,012 |
| PlacentiaYorba Linda Unified | 816 | 797 | 762 | 885 | 894 | 955 | 1,005 | 1,068 | 1,047 | 1,090 |
| Saddleback Valley Unified | 1,063 | 1,179 | 1,107 | 1,159 | 1,181 | 1,139 | 1,202 | 1,198 | 1,186 | 1,239 |
| Santa Ana Unified | 802 | 979 | 578 | 1,166 | 1,255 | 1,495 | 1,694 | 1,765 | 1,777 | 1,806 |
| Tustin Unified | 527 | 599 | 592 | 671 | 749 | 887 | 935 | 1,032 | 1,056 | 1,185 |
| Orange County Total | 13,575 | 13,920 | 13,915 | 16,003 | 16,478 | 17,514 | 18,319 | 19,147 | 18,986 | 19,425 |

## Supplemental Tables: Educational Achievement

Number and Percent of High School Graduates with UC/CSU Required Courses, by Race/Ethnicity, 2007/08 to 2016/17

|  | 2007/08 |  | 2008/09 |  | 2009/10 |  | 2010/11 |  | 2011/12 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Race/Ethnicity | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% |
| American Indian | 177 | 48 | 157 | 42.8 | 120 | 33.3 | 123 | 36.5 | 143 | 40.9 |
| Asian | 3,947 | 29.1 | 4,063 | 29.2 | 4,044 | 30.8 | 4,549 | 28.4 | 4,724 | 28.7 |
| Hispanic | 2,335 | 22.1 | 2,896 | 23.8 | 2,731 | 19.8 | 3,927 | 26.7 | 4,222 | 27.1 |
| Black | 148 | 24 | 180 | 27.4 | 189 | 27.4 | 204 | 31 | 211 | 29.7 |
| White | 6,655 | 45.3 | 6,457 | 45.2 | 5,769 | 40.8 | 6,876 | 49.2 | 6,810 | 50.4 |
| Multiple or No Response | 313 | 36.9 | 122 | 40.9 | 240 | 48.2 | 324 | 44.8 | 368 | 46.7 |
| Orange County Total | 13,575 | 40.7 | 13,920 | 40.3 | 13,142 | 36.2 | 16,003 | 43 | 16,478 | 43.3 |
| State Total | 127,594 | 33.9 | 135,370 | 35.3 | 82,083 | 39.7 | 164,598 | 40.3 | 160,494 | 38.3 |
|  | 2012/13 |  | 2013/14 |  | 2014/15 |  | 2015/16 |  | 2016/17 |  |
| Race/Ethnicity | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% |
| American Indian | 160 | 44.8 | 163 | 45.8 | 170 | 53.1 | 132 | 55.0 | 69 | 32.9 |
| Asian | 4,871 | 28 | 5,198 | 28.4 | 4,758 | 77.3 | 4,432 | 77.1 | 5,355 | 62.8 |
| Hispanic | 15,761 | 30.6 | 5,385 | 33.6 | 5,617 | 34.1 | 5,863 | 35.6 | 6,267 | 38.0 |
| Black | 228 | 36.1 | 252 | 38.4 | 215 | 36.1 | 240 | 38.5 | 235 | 38.3 |
| White | 6,948 | 53.4 | 6,880 | 55 | 7,211 | 57.9 | 7,041 | 59.0 | 6,810 | 58.1 |
| Multiple Race | 444 | 54.8 | 369 | 54.2 | 452 | 56.0 | 559 | 55.8 | 611 | 56.7 |
| Orange County Total | 17,514 | 46.6 | 18,319 | 48.9 | 19,147 | 50.4 | 18,986 | 51.1 | 19,425 | 52.0 |
| State Total | 166,521 | 39.4 | 176,688 | 41.9 | 185,179 | 43.4 | 194,698 | 45.4 | 200,911 | 46.8 |

[^46]
## Supplemental Tables: Educational Achievement

## Secondary Indicator: SPECIAL EDUCATION

## Definition

Special education refers to specially designed instruction and related services at no cost to the parent that meets the unique needs of individuals whose educational needs cannot be met with modification of the regular instruction program. Special education is an integral part of the total public education system and provides education in a manner that promotes maximum interaction between children or youth with disabilities and children or youth who are not disabled in a manner that is appropriate to the needs of both. Special education provides a full continuum of program options including instruction conducted in the classroom in the home in hospitals and institutions and in other settings; and instruction in physical education to meet the educational and service needs of individuals with exceptional needs in the least restrictive environment.

Number of K-12 Students Receiving Special Education Services, by Type of Disability, for Orange County and California, 2008 to 2017

| Type of Disability | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specific Learning Disability | 17,190 | 16,527 | 15,715 | 15,635 | 15,565 | 14,514 | 15,436 | 15,602 | 16,164 | 16,703 |
| Speech/Language Impairment | 15,531 | 15,210 | 14,888 | 14,544 | 14,198 | 13,927 | 14,132 | 14,039 | 13,727 | 13,825 |
| Intellectual Disability | 2,741 | 2,716 | 2,797 | 2,808 | 2,868 | 2,210 | 2,927 | 2,827 | 2,810 | 2,770 |
| Orthopedic Impairment | 1,153 | 1,194 | 1,177 | 1,147 | 1,089 | 1,246 | 940 | 864 | 755 | 685 |
| Multiple Disabilities | 446 | 423 | 439 | 447 | 420 | 349 | 441 | 530 | 573 | 617 |
| Other Health Impairment | 4,831 | 5,029 | 5,167 | 5,391 | 5,628 | 5,663 | 6,329 | 6,767 | 7,328 | 7,844 |
| Deaf | 315 | 310 | 303 | 281 | 277 | 199 | 208 | 197 | 169 | 165 |
| Emotional Disturbance | 1,381 | 1,376 | 1,447 | 1,402 | 1,369 | 1,246 | 1,382 | 1,405 | 1,439 | 1,504 |
| Visual Impairment | 336 | 331 | 306 | 299 | 291 | 223 | 233 | 197 | 192 | 179 |
| Hard of Hearing | 775 | 822 | 851 | 895 | 863 | 810 | 793 | 785 | 792 | 786 |
| Deaf-Blind | 9 | 13 | 14 | 14 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 197 | 0 | 0 |
| Autistic | 6,629 | 7,294 | 7,960 | 8,614 | 9,207 | 8,998 | 9,869 | 10,076 | 10,235 | 10,511 |
| Traumatic Brain Injury | 149 | 149 | 144 | 136 | 118 | 67 | 54 | 26 | 47 | 35 |
| No Category | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| K-12 OC Special Education* | 51,486 | 51,394 | 51,208 | 51,613 | 51,905 | 52,216 | 53,005 | 53,512 | 54,231 | 55,908 |
| K-12 OC Total Enrollment | 504,136 | 497,291 | 502,903 | 502,195 | 501,801 | 500,487 | 497,116 | 493,030 | 490,430 | 485,835 |
| Percent OC Special Education to Regular Enrollment | 10.20\% | 10.30\% | 10.20\% | 10.30\% | 10.30\% | 10.40\% | 10.70\% | 10.90\% | 11.05\% | 11.51\% |
| K-12 State Special Education Enrollment* | 678,105 | 680,164 | 678,929 | 686,352 | 695,173 | 705,308 | 717,961 | 734,422 | 754.337 | 774,665 |
| K-12 State Total Enrollment (million) | 6.252 | 6.189 | 6.217 | 6.214 | 6.227 | 6.237 | 6.312 | 6.226 | 6.228 | 6.220 |
| Percent State Special Education to Regular Enrollment | 10.80\% | 11.10\% | 10.90\% | 11.00\% | 11.20\% | 11.30\% | 11.50\% | 11.80\% | 12.10\% | 12.45\% |

[^47]Note: Lowell School District's enrollment numbers are included. Source: California Department of Education DataQuest

## Supplemental Tables: Educational Achievement

Number of Students Receiving Special Education Services, by Age and Type of Disability, 2008 to 2017

> 2008
> 0 to 5 to $12 \quad 13$ to 18
> 2009
> 0 to $5 \quad 6$ to $12 \quad 13$ to $18 \quad 0$ to $5 \quad 6$ to $12 \quad 13$ to $18 \quad 0$ to $5 \quad 6$ to 12
> 13 to 18

Type of Disability

| Intellectual Disability | 15,565 | 14,514 | 15,436 | 15,602 | 18,755 | 17,655 | 283 | 1,000 | 1,081 | 279 | 1,004 | 1,058 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hard of Hearing | 14,198 | 13,927 | 14,132 | 14,039 | 16,054 | 15,852 | 186 | 358 | 299 | 218 | 376 | 289 |
| Deaf | 2,868 | 2,210 | 2,927 | 2,827 | 2,782 | 2,776 | 49 | 100 | 140 | 50 | 92 | 129 |
| Speech or Language Impairment | 1,089 | 1,246 | 940 | 864 | 1,133 | 1,125 | 4,241 | 8,890 | 1,744 | 4,263 | 8,588 | 1,673 |
| Visual Impairment | 420 | 349 | 441 | 530 | 687 | 560 | 44 | 126 | 119 | 37 | 130 | 115 |
| Emotional Disturbance | 5,628 | 5,663 | 6,329 | 6,767 | 4,293 | 4,593 | 4 | 387 | 1,020 | 1 | 389 | 972 |
| Orthopedic Impairment | 277 | 199 | 208 | 197 | 384 | 347 | 188 | 465 | 405 | 167 | 456 | 387 |
| Other Health Impairment | 1,369 | 1,246 | 1,382 | 1,405 | 1,290 | 1,339 | 279 | 2,100 | 2,724 | 300 | 2,261 | 2,763 |
| Specific Learning Disability | 291 | 223 | 233 | 197 | 349 | 332 | 11 | 6,282 | 9,250 | 16 | 6,362 | 9,064 |
| Deaf-Blindness | 863 | 810 | 793 | 785 | 648 | 697 | 1 | 4 | 9 | 2 | 5 | 7 |
| Multiple Disability | 12 | 0 | 0 | 197 | 12 | 11 | 82 | 166 | 140 | 88 | 173 | 129 |
| Autism | 9,207 | 8,998 | 9,869 | 10,076 | 4,606 | 5,629 | 1,763 | 4,032 | 1,952 | 1,844 | 4,338 | 2,178 |
| Traumatic Brain Injury | 118 | 67 | 54 | 26 | 138 | 131 | 10 | 46 | 73 | 3 | 48 | 76 |
| Total | 51,905 | 49,452 | 52,744 | 53,512 | 51,131 | 51,047 | 7,141 | 23,956 | 18,956 | 7,268 | 24,222 | 18,840 |
|  |  | 2012 |  |  | 2013 |  |  | 2014 |  |  | 2015 |  |
|  | 0 to 5 | 6 to 12 | 13 to 18 | 0 to 5 | 6 to 12 | 13 to 18 | 0 to 5 | 6 to 12 | 13 to 18 | 0 to 5 | 6 to 12 | 13 to 18 |

Type of Disability

| Intellectual <br> Disability |
| :--- |
| Hard of Hearing |
| Deaf |
| Speech or Language <br> Impairment |
| Visual Impairment |
| Emotional |
| Disturbance |
| Orthopedic <br> Impairment |
| Other Health |
| Impairment |
| Specific Learning |
| Disability |
| Deaf-Blindness |
| Multiple Disability |
| Autism |
| Traumatic Brain |
| Injury |
| Total |


| 296 | 1,041 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 218 | 330 |
| 47 | 98 |
| 4,175 | 8,386 |
| 29 | 120 |
| 6 | 354 |
| 159 | 416 |
| 292 | 2,392 |
| 16 | 6,584 |
| 1 | 4 |
| 81 | 166 |
| 1,873 | 4,590 |
| 4 | 42 |
| 7,197 | 24,523 |

1,052
301
118
1,609
126
975
395
2,874
8,811
7
121
2,449
65

18,903
265 1,086 1,027
247
1,119
212

| 1,086 | 1,027 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 321 | 300 |

225
27
292
89
1,073
276
92

| 214 | 1,069 | 1,061 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 214 | 303 | 268 |
| 22 | 88 | 87 |
| 4,064 | 8,557 | 1,405 |
| 11 | 63 | 123 |
| 0 | 405 | 982 |
| 111 | 339 | 325 |
| 340 | 3,131 | 3,217 |
| 21 | 7,242 | 8,241 |

2,798


7,004 24,

13,106 6,912
25,821

## Supplemental Tables: Educational Achievement

Number of Students Receiving Special Education Services, by Age and Type of Disability, 2008 to 2017 (Continued)

|  | 2016 |  |  | 2017 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0 to 5 | 6 to 12 | 13 to 18 | 0 to 5 | 6 to 12 | 13 to 18 |
| Type of Disability |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Intellectual Disability | 196 | 1,025 | 1,093 | 198 | 960 | 1,109 |
| Hard of Hearing | 216 | 305 | 271 | 230 | 306 | 250 |
| Deaf | 0 | 101 | 68 | * | 87 | 78 |
| Speech or Language Impairment | 4,127 | 8,317 | 1,283 | 4,185 | 8,433 | 1,207 |
| Visual Impairment | 0 | 88 | 104 | 0 | 88 | 91 |
| Emotional Disturbance | 0 | 447 | 974 | 0 | 486 | 1,005 |
| Orthopedic Impairment | 89 | 301 | 285 | 81 | 269 | 266 |
| Other Health Impairment | 332 | 3,418 | 3,501 | 357 | 3,664 | 3,760 |
| Specific Learning Disability | 13 | 7,696 | 8,380 | 14 | 7,909 | 8,702 |
| Deaf-Blindness | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Multiple Disability | 72 | 250 | 175 | 76 | 260 | 199 |
| Autism | 1,843 | 5,026 | 2,924 | 1,926 | 5,097 | 3,042 |
| Traumatic Brain Injury | 0 | 12 | 35 | 0 | 11 | 24 |
| Total | 6,888 | 26,974 | 19,058 | 7,067 | 27,570 | 19,733 |

SAFE HOMES AND
COMMUNITIES INDICATORS


## Supplemental Tables: Safe Homes and Communities

## Secondary Indicator: CHILD MORTALITY

Overall Death Rate Per 100,000 Children and Youth 1 to 19 Years of Age, 2007-2016

| Age | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\mathbf{1 - 4}$ Years | 18.5 | 18.7 | 8.9 | 21.9 | 16.2 | 15.6 | 15.0 | 15.0 | 13.0 | 15.0 |
| $\mathbf{5 - 9}$ Years | 11 | 8.7 | 6 | 7.0 | 6.0 | 7.4 | 6.9 | 7.9 | 8.0 | 11.5 |
| $\mathbf{1 0 - 1 4}$ Years | 8.5 | 13.3 | 2.4 | 9.5 | 9.0 | 12.0 | 10.0 | 7.2 | 4.8 | 9.1 |
| $\mathbf{1 5 - 1 9}$ Years | 37.6 | 36 | 8.1 | 31.1 | 6.5 | 26.4 | 24.5 | 25.0 | 22.0 | 28.7 |
| $\mathbf{1 - 1 9}$ Years | 18.9 | 19.4 | 19.9 | 17.5 | 15.8 | 15.8 | 14.4 | 14.1 | 12.2 | 16.7 |

Source: Orange County Master Death File and California Department of Finance

Number of Deaths and Rate Per 100,000 Population for Persons 0 to 19 Years of Age from Unintentional Injury Homicide and Suicide, 2007-2016

|  | 2007 |  | 2008 |  | 2009 |  | 2010 |  | 2011 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cause of Death | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate |
| Unintentional Injury | 57 | 6.7 | 52 | 6.1 | 44 | 5.3 | 33 | 4 | 39 | 4.7 |
| Homicide | 10 | 1.2 | 19 | 2.2 | 21 | 2.5 | 13 | 1.6 | 15 | 1.8 |
| Suicide | 8 | 0.9 | 10 | 1.2 | 12 | 1.4 | 19 | 2.3 | 12 | 1.4 |
|  | 2012 |  | 2013 |  | 2014 |  | 2015 |  | 2016 |  |
| Cause of Death | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate |
| Unintentional Injury | 34 | 4.1 | 49 | 5.9 | 94 | 4.7 | 30 | 3.6 | 32 | 3.9 |
| Homicide | 12 | 1.4 | 7 | 0.8 | 9 | 1.1 | 10 | 1.2 | 12 | 1.4 |
| Suicide | 12 | 1.4 | 8 | 1.0 | 11 | 1.3 | 14 | 1.7 | 16 | 1.9 |

Source: Orange County Health Care Agency, Public Health Services

## Supplemental Tables: Safe Homes and Communities

Death Rate per 100,000 Population for Persons Age 0-19 Years from Unintentional Injury, Homicide and Suicide, by Age Group and Gender, 2007-2016

| AGE AND GENDER | UNINTENTIONAL INJURY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| < 15 Years | 3.0 | 4.5 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 1.5 |
| 15-19 Years | 17.6 | 17.5 | 17.6 | 8.0 | 9.5 | 8.1 | 12.5 | 9.1 | 5.2 | 10.0 |
| Males | 10.3 | 7.6 | 7.1 | 5.7 | 4.4 | 4.9 | 6.5 | 6.3 | 5.4 | 5.2 |
| Females | 2.9 | 4.6 | 3.5 | 2.2 | 4.9 | 3.2 | 5.2 | 3.0 | 1.7 | 2.5 |
| AGE AND GENDER | Homicide |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| < 15 Years | 0.3* | 1.3 | 2.1 | 0.7* | 0.8 | 0.5* | 0.2* | 0.2* | . 5 | 0.2 * |
| 15-19 Years | 3.7 | 5.0 | 3.6 | 4.0 | 4.3 | 3.8 | 2.6 | 3.4 | 3.0 | 4.8 |
| Males | 1.8 | 3.5 | 2.8 | 2.4 | 3.3 | 2.6 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 2.3 | 2.6 |
| Females | 0.5* | 1.0* | 2.2 | $0.7 *$ | 0.2* | 0.2* | 0.0 | $0.7^{*}$ | 0.0 | 0.2* |
| AGE AND GENDER | SUICIDE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| < 15 Years | 0.0 | $0.2 *$ | 0.3 | 0.3* | 0.2* | 0.2* | 0.3* | 0.2* | 0.2* | 0.3* |
| 15-19 Years | 3.7 | 4.1 | 4.5 | 7.5 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 2.6 | 4.3 | 5.6 | 6.1 |
| Males | 1.6 | 2.3 | 1.6 | 3.3 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 3.3 |
| Females | $0.2^{*}$ | 0.0 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.0* | 1.0* | $0.2^{*}$ | $0.7 *$ | 1.5 | 0.5 * |

[^48]Death Rate Per 100,000 Persons 0-19 Years of Age, by Race/Ethnicity and Cause, 2007-2016

| RACE / ETHNICITY | UNINTENTIONAL INJURY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| Asian/PI | 9.0 | 4.8 | 5.8 | 3.1* | 2.3* | 3.1 * | 5.3 | 1.5* | 3.0* | 3.8 |
| Black | 8.3 * | 8.4* | 8.9* | 9.1* | 0.0 | 9.1* | 18.3* | 27.7* | $9.4 *$ | 9.5* |
| Hispanic | 5.5 | 4.7 | 3.9 | 3.1 | 3.9 | 3.3 | 5.3 | 5.6 | 3.6 | 4.3 |
| White | 8.0 | 9.2 | 7.5 | 6.0 | 7.5 | 5.7 | 7.3 | 4.7 | 4.3 | 3.6 |
| RACE / ETHNICITY | HOMICIDE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| Asian/PI | 0.0 | 4.0* | 0.8* | 0.0 | 2.3* | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.8* | 0.0 | 2.3* |
| Black | 0.0 | 8.0* | 8.9* | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 9.4* | 0.0 |
| Hispanic | 2.3 | 3.4 | 3.9 | 3.1 | 2.6 | 3.1 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 2.3 | 1.8 |
| White | 0.3* | 0.0 | $1.4 *$ | $0.4 *$ | $0.7{ }^{*}$ | 0.0 | 0.0 | $0.8 *$ | 0.0 | 0.8* |
| RACE / ETHNICITY | SUICIDE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| Asian/PI | $2.4 *$ | 1.6* | $0.8{ }^{\text {* }}$ | 1.5* | 2.3* | 2.3 | 0.0 | $0.8 *$ | 1.5* | 3.0 * |
| Black | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 18.1* | 9.1* | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Hispanic | 0.0 | 1.0* | 1.0* | 2.4 | 0.5* | 0.5* | 0.8* | 1.0* | 2.0 | 1.3 |
| White | 1.7 | 1.4* | 2.5 | 3.0 | 1.9 | 2.3* | 1.9 | 2.3 | 1.6* | 2.8 |

* Rates based on less than five deaths are unstable and therefore should be interpreted with caution.

Population data from the CA Department of Finance population estimates in Race/Ethnic Population with Age and Sex Detail, 2010-2060. Sacramento, California, February 2017. Source: Orange County Health Care Agency, Public Health Services

## Secondary Indicator: UNINTENTIONAL INJURY DEATHS

Number and Rate per 100,000 Persons of Unintentional Injury Deaths, by Age Group, 2007-2016

|  | 2007 |  | 2008 |  | 2009 |  | 2010 |  | 2011 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Age Group | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | \# | \# | Rate | \# | Rate |
| < 15 Years of Age | 19 | 3.0 | 29 | 4.5 | 19 | 3.0 | 15 | 2.5 | 17 | 2.8 |
| 15-19 Years of Age | 38 | 17.6 | 37 | 17.5 | 38 | 17.6 | 18 | 8.0 | 22 | 9.5 |
| TOTAL | 57 | 6.7 | 66 | 7.7 | 57 | 6.7 | 33 | 4.0 | 39 | 4.7 |
|  | 2012 |  | 2013 |  | 2014 |  | 2015 |  | 2016 |  |
| Age Group | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate |
| < 15 Years of Age | 15 | 2.5 | 20 | 3.3 | 18 | 3.0 | 18 | 3.0 | 9 | 1.5 |
| 15-19 Years of Age | 19 | 8.1 | 29 | 12.5 | 21 | 901 | 12 | 5.2 | 23 | 10.0 |
| TOTAL | 34 | 4.1 | 49 | 5.9 | 39 | 4.7 | 30 | 3.6 | 32 | 3.9 |

Source: Orange County Health Care Agency Public Health Services

Number and Rate per 100,000 Persons 0 to 19 Years of Age for Unintentional Injury Deaths, by Gender, 2007-2016

|  | 2007 |  | 2008 |  | 2009 |  | 2010 |  | 2011 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gender | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate |
| Male | 45 | 10.3 | 33 | 7.6 | 30 | 7.1 | 24 | 5.7 | 19 | 4.4 |
| Female | 12 | 2.9 | 19 | 4.6 | 14 | 3.5 | 9 | 2.2 | 20 | 4.9 |
| TOTAL | 57 | 6.7 | 52 | 6.1 | 44 | 5.3 | 33 | 4.0 | 39 | 4.7 |
|  | 2012 |  | 2013 |  | 2014 |  | 2015 |  | 2016 |  |
| Gender | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate |
| Male | 21 | 4.9 | 28 | 6.5 | 27 | 6.3 | 23 | 5.4 | 22 | 5.2 |
| Female | 13 | 3.2 | 21 | 5.2 | 12 | 3.0 | 7 | 1.7 | 10 | 2.5 |
| TOTAL | 34 | 4.1 | 49 | 5.9 | 39 | 4.7 | 30 | 3.6 | 32 | 3.9 |

* Rates based on less than five deaths are unstable and therefore should be interpreted with caution.
 2010-2013 have been adjusted accordingly and may differ from rates computed in previous reports. Source: Orange County Health Care Agency Public Health Services


## Supplemental Tables: Safe Homes and Communities

Number and Rate per 100,000 Persons 0 to 19 Years of Age for Unintentional Injury Deaths, by Cause, 2007-2016

|  | 2007 |  | 2008 |  | 2009 |  | 2010 |  | 2011 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cause | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | \# | \# | Rate | \# | Rate |
| Motor Vehicle** | 32 | 3.8 | 31 | 3.7 | 21 | 2.5 | 13 | 1.6 | 19 | 2.3 |
| Drowning | 8 | 0.9 | 8 | . 9 | 3 | 0.4* | 2 | 0.2* | 1 | 0.1 * |
| Other | 17 | 2.0 | 13 | 1.5 | 20 | 2.4 | 18 | 2.2 | 19 | 2.3 |
| TOTAL | 57 | 6.7 | 52 | 6.1 | 44 | 5.3 | 33 | 4.0 | 39 | 4.7 |
|  | 2012 |  | 2013 |  | 2014 |  | 2015 |  | 2016 |  |
| Cause | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate |
| Motor Vehicle** | 12 | 1.4 | 27 | 3.2 | 27 | 3.2 | 16 | 1.9 | 21 | 2.5 |
| Drowning | 9 | 1.1 | 7 | 0.8 | 5 | 0.6 | 5 | 0.6 | 3 | 0.4* |
| Other | 13 | 1.6 | 15 | 1.8 | 7 | 0.8 | 9 | 1.1 | 8 | 1.0 |
| TOTAL | 34 | 4.1 | 49 | 5.9 | 39 | 4.7 | 30 | 3.6 | 32 | 3.9 |

*Includes motor vehicle versus bicycle and pedestrian. *Please note: Rates based on less than five deaths are unstable and therefore should be interpreted with caution.
 Health Care Agency, Public Health Services

Number and Rate per 100,000 Persons 0 to 19 Years of Age for Unintentional Injury Deaths, by Race/Ethnicity, 2007-2016

|  | 2007 |  | 2008 |  | 2009 |  | 2010 |  | 2011 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ethnicity | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate |
| White | 24 | 8.0 | 27 | 9.2 | 21 | 7.5 | 16 | 6.0 | 20 | 7.5 |
| Black | 1 | 8.3* | 1 | 8.4* | 1 | 8.9* | 1 | 9.1* | 0 | 0.0 |
| Hispanic | 21 | 5.5 | 18 | 4.7 | 15 | 3.9 | 12 | 3.1 | 15 | 3.9 |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | 11 | 9.0 | 6 | 4.8 | 7 | 5.8 | 4 | 3.1 * | 3 | 2.3 * |
| TOTAL | 57 | 6.7 | 52 | 6.1 | 44 | 5.3 | 33 | 4.0 | 39 | 4.7 |
|  | 2012 |  | 2013 |  | 2014 |  | 2015 |  | 2016 |  |
| Ethnicity | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate |
| White | 15 | 5.7 | 19 | 7.3 | 12 | 4.7 | 11 | 4.3 | 9 | 3.6 |
| Black | 1 | 9.1* | 2 | 18.3* | 3 | 27.7* | 1 | 9.4* | 1 | 9.5* |
| Hispanic | 13 | 3.3 | 21 | 5.3 | 22 | 5.6 | 14 | 3.6 | 17 | 4.3 |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | 4 | 3.1* | 7 | 5.3 | 2 | 1.5* | 4 | 3.0* | 5 | 3.8 |
| TOTAL | 34 | 4.1 | 49 | 5.9 | 39 | 4.7 | 30 | 3.6 | 32 | 3.9 |

[^49] with Age and Sex Detail, 2010-2060. Sacramento, California, February 2017. Source: Orange County Health Care Agency, Public Health Services

## Secondary Indicator: HOMICIDE DEATHS/LEGAL INTERVENTIONS

Number and Rate per 100,000 Persons of Homicide Deaths, by Age Group, 2007-2016

|  | 2007 |  | 2008 |  | 2009 |  | 2010 |  | 2011 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Age Group | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate |
| < 15 Years of Age | 2 | 0.3* | 8 | 1.3 | 13 | 2.1 | 4 | 0.7* | 5 | 0.8 |
| 15-19 Years of Age | 8 | 3.7 | 11 | 5.0 | 8 | 3.6 | 9 | 4.0 | 10 | 4.3 |
| TOTAL | 10 | 1.2 | 19 | 2.2 | 21 | 2.5 | 13 | 1.6 | 5 | 0.8 |
|  | 2012 |  | 2013 |  | 2014 |  | 2015 |  | 2016 |  |
| Age Group | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate |
| < 15 Years of Age | 3 | 0.5* | 1 | 0.2* | 1 | 0.2* | 3 | 0.5 | 1 | 0.2* |
| 15-19 Years of Age | 9 | 3.8 | 6 | 2.6 | 8 | 3.4 | 7 | 3.0 | 11 | 4.8 |

*Rates based on less than five deaths are unstable and therefore should be interpreted with caution.
Source: Orange County Health Care Agency Public Health Services

Number and Rate per 100,000 Persons 0 to 19 Years of Age for Homicide Deaths, by Gender, 2007-2016

|  | 2007 |  | 2008 |  | 2009 |  | 2010 |  | 2011 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gender | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate |
| Male | 8 | 1.8 | 15 | 3.5 | 12 | 2.8 | 10 | 2.4 | 14 | 3.3 |
| Female | 2 | 0.5* | 4 | 1.0* | 9 | 2.2 | 3 | 0.7 * | 1 | 0.2 * |
| TOTAL | 10 | 1.2 | 19 | 2.2 | 21 | 2.5 | 13 | 1.6 | 15 | 1.8 |
|  | 2012 |  | 2013 |  | 2014 |  | 2015 |  | 2016 |  |
| Gender | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate |
| Male | 11 | 2.6 | 7 | 1.7 | 6 | 1.5 | 10 | 2.3 | 11 | 2.6 |
| Female | 1 | 0.3* | 0 | 0.0 | 3 | 0.8 * | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.2* |
| TOTAL | 12 | 1.5 | 7 | 0.9 | 9 | 1.1 | 10 | 1.2 | 12 | 1.4 |

*Rates based on less than five deaths are unstable and therefore should be interpreted with caution.
Source: Orange County Health Care Agency Public Health Services

## Supplemental Tables: Safe Homes and Communities

Number and Rate per 100,000 Persons 0 to 19 Years of Age for Homicide Deaths, by Race/Ethnicity, 2007-2016

|  | 2007 |  | 2008 |  | 2009 |  | 2010 |  | 2011 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ethnicity | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate |
| White | 1 | 0.3* | 0 | 0.0 | 4 | 1.4* | 1 | 0.4* | 2 | 0.7* |
| Black | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 8.4* | 1 | 8.9* | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Hispanic | 9 | 2.3 | 13 | 3.4 | 15 | 3.9 | 12 | 3.1 | 10 | 2.6 |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 1.6* | 1 | 0.8* | 0 | 0.0 | 3 | 2.3* |
| TOTAL | 10 | 1.2 | 19 | 2.2 | 21 | 2.5 | 13 | 1.6 | 15 | 1.8 |
|  | 2012 |  | 2013 |  | 2014 |  | 2015 |  | 2016 |  |
| Ethnicity | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate |
| White | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 0.8* | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 0.8* |
| Black | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 9.4* | 0 | 0.0 |
| Hispanic | 12 | 3.1 | 7 | 1.8 | 6 | 1.5 | 9 | 2.3 | 7 | 1.8 |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.8* | 0 | 0.0 | 3 | 2.3* |
| TOTAL | 12 | 1.4 | 7 | 0.9 | 9 | 1.1 | 10 | 1.2 | 12 | 1.4 |


 Health Services

Percent of Homicides of Total Deaths from Unintentional Injury, Homicide and Suicide for Persons 0 to 19 Years of Age, 20072016

| DEATHS | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| \% Homicide | 13.3 | 23.5 | 27.3 | 20.0 | 22.7 | 20.7 | 10.9 | 15.3 | 18.5 | 20.0 |

Source: Orange County Health Care Agency Public Health Services

Homicides Death Rate Per 100,000 Persons 0 to 19 Years of Age in Orange County and California, 2007-2016

| 2016 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| AREA | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 |
| Orange <br> County | 1.2 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 0.8 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.4 |
| California | 4.6 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 3.8 | 3.6 | 3.3 | 2.8 | 2.4 | 2.7 | 2.4 |

*Please note: Rates based on less than five deaths are unstable and therefore should be interpreted with caution.
 Health Care Agency, Public Health Services

## Secondary Indicator: SUICIDE DEATHS

Number and Rate per 100,000 Persons of Suicide Deaths, by Age Group, 2007-2016

|  | 2007 |  | 2008 |  | 2009 |  | 2010 |  | 2011 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Age Group | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate |
| < 15 Years of Age | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.2* | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 0.3* | 1 | 0.2* |
| 15-19 Years of Age | 8 | 3.7 | 12 | 5.7 | 8 | 3.7 | 17 | 7.5 | 11 | 4.7 |
| TOTAL | 8 | 0.9 | 13 | 1.5 | 8 | 0.9 | 19 | 2.3 | 12 | 1.4 |
|  | 2012 |  | 2013 |  | 2014 |  | 2015 |  | 2016 |  |
| Age Group | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate |
| < 15 Years of Age | 1 | 0.2* | 2 | 0.3* | 1 | 0.2* | 1 | 0.2 * | 2 | 0.3* |
| 15-19 Years of Age | 11 | 4.7 | 6 | 2.6 | 10 | 4.3 | 13 | 5.6 | 14 | 6.1 |
| TOTAL | 12 | 1.4 | 8 | 1.0 | 11 | 1.3 | 14 | 1.7 | 16 | 1.9 |

Source: Orange County Health Care Agency Public Health Services

Number and Rate per 100,000 Persons 0 to 19 Years of Age for Suicide Deaths, by Gender, 2007-2016

|  | 2007 |  | 2008 |  | 2009 |  | 2010 |  | 2011 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gender | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate |
| Male | 7 | 1.6 | 10 | 2.3 | 7 | 1.6 | 14 | 3.3 | 8 | 1.9 |
| Female | 1 | 0.2* | 0 | 0.0 | 5 | 1.2 | 5 | 1.2 | 4 | 1.0* |
| TOTAL | 8 | 0.9 | 10 | 1.2 | 12 | 1.4 | 19 | 2.3 | 12 | 1.5 |
|  | 2012 |  | 2013 |  | 2014 |  | 2015 |  | 2016 |  |
| Gender | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate |
| Male | 8 | 1.9 | 7 | 1.6 | 8 | 1.9 | 8 | 1.9 | 14 | 3.3 |
| Female | 4 | 1.0* | 1 | 0.2* | 3 | $0.7 *$ | 6 | 1.5 | 2 | 0.5* |
| TOTAL | 12 | 1.5 | 8 | 1.0 | 11 | 1.3 | 14 | 1.7 | 16 | 1.9 |

* Rates based on less than five deaths are unstable and therefore should be interpreted with caution.

Source: Orange County Health Care Agency Public Health Services

## Supplemental Tables: Safe Homes and Communities

Number and Rate per 100,000 Persons 0 to 19 Years of Age for Suicide Deaths, by Race and Ethnicity, 2007-2016

|  | 2007 |  | 2008 |  | 2009 |  | 2010 |  | 2011 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ethnicity | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate |
| White | 5 | 1.7 | 9 | 2.9 | 5 | 1.7 | 8 | 3.0 | 5 | 1.9 |
| Black | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 18.1* |
| Hispanic | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.3* | 0 | 0.0 | 9 | 2.4 | 2 | 0.5* |
| Asian/PI | 3 | 2.4* | 3 | 2.5* | 3 | 2.4* | 2 | 1.5* | 3 | 2.3* |
| TOTAL | 8 | 0.9 | 13 | 1.5 | 8 | 0.9 | 19 | 2.3 | 12 | 1.4 |
|  | 2012 |  | 2013 |  | 2014 |  | 2015 |  | 2016 |  |
| Ethnicity | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate | \# | Rate |
| White | 6 | 2.3 | 5 | 1.9 | 6 | 2.3 | 4 | 1.6* | 7 | 2.8 |
| Black | 1 | 9.1* | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Hispanic | 2 | 0.5* | 3 | 0.8* | 4 | 1.0* | 8 | 2.0* | 5 | 1.3 |
| Asian/PI | 3 | 2.3* | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.8* | 2 | 1.5* | 4 | 3.0* |
| TOTAL | 12 | 1.4 | 8 | 1.0 | 11 | 1.3 | 14 | 1.7 | 16 | 1.9 |

*Rates based on less than five deaths are unstable and therefore should be interpreted with caution.
 Health Care Agency, Public Health Services

Total Number and Rate per 100,000 Population of Leading Causes of Death, by Age Group, 2007-2016

| 2007 Cause | <1 Year |  | 1-4 Years |  | 5-9 Years |  | 10-14 Years |  | 15-19 Years |  | 0-19 Years |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate |
| Accidents | 1 | 2.5* | 10 | 6.2 | 4 | 1.9* | 4 | 1.8* | 38 | 17.6 | 57 | 6.7 |
| Cancer | 2 | 5.0* | 6 | 3.7 | 8 | 3.8 | 7 | 3.1 | 10 | 4.6 | 33 | 3.9 |
| Congenital Anomalies | 55 | 136.2 | 1 | 0.6 * | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 0.9* | 0 | 0.0 | 58 | 6.8 |
| Homicide | 1 | 2.5* | 1 | 0.6* | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 8 | 3.7 | 10 | 1.2 |
| Suicide | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 8 | 3.7 | 8 | 0.9 |
| SIDS | 3 | 7.4* | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Short Gestation and Low Birth Weight | 16 | 39.6 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Diseases of the Heart | 2 | 5.0* | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.5* | 2 | 0.9* | 2 | 0.9* | 7 | 0.8 |
| Cerebrovascular | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.5* | 1 | 0.1* |
| Neonatal Hemorrhage | 6 | 14.9 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Other | 101 | 250.2 | 12 | 7.4 | 10 | 4.8 | 4 | 1.8 | 14 | 6.5 | 166 | 19.5 |
| Total Deaths | 187 | 463.2 | 30 | 18.5 | 23 | 11.0 | 19 | 8.5 | 81 | 37.6 | 340 | 40.0 |
| Age Group Population | 40,367 |  | 162,577 |  | 209,282 |  | 222,734 |  | 215,558 |  | 850,518 |  |

## Supplemental Tables: Safe Homes and Communities

Total Number and Rate per 100,000 Population of Leading Causes of Death, by Age Group, 2007-2016 (continued)

| 2008 Cause | <1 Year |  | 1-4 Years |  | 5-9 Years |  | 10-14 Years |  | 15-19 Years |  | 0-19 Years |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate |
| Accidents | 3 | 7.5* | 14 | 8.7 | 0 | 0.0 | 5 | 2.3 | 30 | 13.7 | 52 | 6.1 |
| Cancer | 1 | $2.5 *$ | 4 | 2.5* | 7 | 3.4 | 10 | 4.6 | 10 | 4.6 | 32 | 3.8 |
| Congenital Anomalies | 64 | 159.0 | 4 | 2.5* | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 0.9* | 3 | $1.4 *$ | 73 | 8.6 |
| Homicide | 2 | 5.0* | 2 | 1.2* | 2 | 1.0* | 2 | 0.9* | 11 | 5.0 | 19 | 2.2 |
| Suicide | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.5* | 9 | 4.1 | 10 | 1.2 |
| SIDS | 4 | 9.9* | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 4 | 0.5* |
| Short Gestation and Low Birth Weight | 14 | 34.8 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 14 | 1.7 |
| Diseases of the Heart | 9 | 22.4 | 1 | 0.6* | 1 | 0.5* | 1 | 0.5* | 3 | 1.4* | 15 | 1.8 |
| Cerebrovascular | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.5* | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.5* | 2 | 0.2* |
| Neonatal Hemorrhage | 5 | 12.4 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 5 | 0.6 |
| Other | 100 | 248.4 | 5 | 3.1 | 7 | 3.4 | 8 | 3.7 | 12 | 5.5 | 132 | 15.6 |
| Total Deaths | 202 | 501.9 | 30 | 18.7 | 18 | 8.7 | 29 | 13.3 | 79 | 36.0 | 358 | 42.3 |
| Age Group Population | 40,250 |  | 160,738 |  | 206,586 |  | 218,622 |  | 219,703 |  | 845,899 |  |
| 2009 Cause | <1 Year |  | 1-4 Years |  | 5-9 Years |  | 10-14 Years |  | 15-19 Years |  | 0-19 Years |  |
|  | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate |
| Accidents | 4 | 10.7* | 8 | 5.1 | 3 | 1.5* | 5 | 2.4 | 24 | 10.8 | 44 | 5.3 |
| Cancer | 2 | 5.4* | 3 | 1.9* | 5 | 2.5 | 11 | 5.3 | 6 | 2.7 | 27 | 3.3 |
| Congenital Anomalies | 56 | 150.3 | 3 | 1.9* | 1 | 0.5* | 1 | $0.5 *$ | 4 | 1.8* | 65 | 7.9 |
| Homicide | 6 | 16.1 | 6 | 3.8 | 1 | 0.5* | 0 | 0.0 | 8 | 3.6 | 21 | 2.5 |
| Suicide | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 1.0* | 10 | 4.5 | 12 | 1.4 |
| SIDS | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Short Gestation and Low Birth Weight | 5 | 13.4 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 5 | 0.6 |
| Diseases of the Heart | 4 | 10.7* | 2 | 1.3* | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.5* | 3 | 1.3* | 10 | 1.2 |
| Cerebrovascular | 3 | 8.1* | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.5* | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 4 | 0.5* |
| Neonatal Hemorrhage | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Other | 85 | 228.2 | 14 | 8.9 | 12 | 6.0 | 5 | 2.4 | 18 | 8.1 | 134 | 16.2 |
| Total Deaths | 165 | 442.9 | 36 | 22.9 | 23 | 11.4 | 25 | 11.9 | 73 | 32.8 | 322 | 38.9 |
| Age Group Population | 37,256 |  | 157,469 |  | 200,945 |  | 209,259 |  | 222,784 |  | 827,713 |  |

## Supplemental Tables: Safe Homes and Communities

Total Number and Rate per 100,000 Population of Leading Causes of Death, by Age Group, 2007-2016 (Continued)

| 2010 Cause | <1 Year |  | 1-4 Years |  | 5-9 Years |  | 10-14 Years |  | 15-19 Years |  | 0-19 Years |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate |
| Accidents | 2 | 5.4* | 10 | 6.4 | 1 | 0.5* | 2 | 0.9* | 18 | 8.0 | 33 | 4.0 |
| Cancer | 0 | 0.0 | 4 | 2.6* | 4 | 2.0* | 2 | 0.9* | 6 | 2.7 | 16 | 1.9 |
| Congenital Anomalies | 41 | 110.5 | 8 | 5.2 | 1 | 0.5* | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 0.*9 | 52 | 6.3 |
| Homicide | 2 | 5.4* | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.5* | 1 | 0.5* | 9 | 4.0 | 13 | 1.6 |
| Suicide | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 0.9* | 17 | 7.5 | 19 | 2.3 |
| SIDS | 2 | 5.3* | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 0.2* |
| Short Gestation and Low Birth Weight | 8 | 21.6 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 8 | 1.0 |
| Diseases of the Heart | 2 | $5.4 *$ | 1 | 0.6* | 1 | 0.5* | 2 | 0.9* | 1 | $0.4 *$ | 7 | 0.8 |
| Cerebrovascular | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.5* | 1 | 0.4* | 2 | 0.2* |
| Neonatal Hemorrhage | 3 | 8.1* | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 3 | 0.4* |
| Other | 87 | 234.4 | 11 | 7.1 | 6 | 3.0 | 10 | 4.7 | 16 | 7.1 | 130 | 15.7 |
| Total Deaths | 147 | 396.0 | 34 | 21.9 | 14 | 7.0 | 20 | 9.5 | 70 | 31.1 | 285 | 34.4 |
| Age Group Population | 37,119 |  | 155,043 |  | 199,228 |  | 210,908 |  | 225,190 |  | 827,488 |  |
| 2011 Cause | <1 Year |  | 1-4 Years |  | 5-9 Years |  | 10-14 Years |  | 15-19 Years |  | 0-19 Years |  |
|  | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate |
| Accidents | 3 | 7.9* | 9 | 5.8 | 3 | 1.5* | 2 | 1.0* | 22 | 9.5 | 39 | 4.7 |
| Cancer | 2 | 5.2* | 3 | 1.9* | 2 | 1.0* | 4 | 1.9* | 10 | 4.3 | 21 | 2.5 |
| Congenital Anomalies | 50 | 130.9 | 2 | 1.3* | 1 | 0.5* | 4 | 1.9* | 2 | 0.9* | 59 | 7.1 |
| Homicide | 3 | 7.9* | 1 | 0.6 * | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.5* | 10 | 4.3 | 15 | 1.8 |
| Suicide | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.5* | 11 | 4.7 | 12 | 1.4 |
| SIDS | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Short Gestation and Low Birth Weight | 10 | 26.2 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 10 | 1.2 |
| Diseases of the Heart | 1 | 2.6* | 3 | 1.9* | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.5* | 0 | 0.0 | 5 | 0.6 |
| Cerebrovascular | 1 | 2.6* | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.5* | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 0.2* |
| Neonatal Hemorrhage | 4 | 10.5* | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 4 | 0.5* |
| Other | 86 | 225.1 | 7 | 4.5 | 6 | 3.0 | 5 | 2.4 | 15 | 6.5 | 119 | 14.3 |
| Total Deaths | 160 | 418.8 | 25 | 16.2 | 12 | 6.0 | 19 | 9.0 | 70 | 30.1 | 286 | 34.3 |
| ge Group Poput | 38,207 |  | 154,446 |  | 199,292 |  | 210,448 |  | $232,510$ |  | 834,963 |  |

## Supplemental Tables: Safe Homes and Communities

Total Number and Rate per 100,000 Population of Leading Causes of Death, by Age Group, 2007-2016 (Continued)

| 2012 Cause | <1 Year |  | 1-4 Years |  | 5-9 Years |  | 10-14 Years |  | 15-19 Years |  | 0-19 Years |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate |
| Accidents | 0 | 0.0 | 9 | 6.0 | 3 | 1.5 | 3 | 1.5 | 19 | 8.7 | 34 | 4.2 |
| Cancer | 0 | 0.0 | 3 | 2.0 | 2 | 1.0 | 6 | 2.9 | 8 | 3.7 | 19 | 2.4 |
| Congenital Anomalies | 50 | 133.4 | 4 | 2.7 | 1 | 0.5 | 3 | 1.5 | 0 | 0.0 | 58 | 7.2 |
| Homicide | 1 | 2.7 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 1.0 | 9 | 4.1 | 12 | 1.5 |
| Suicide | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.5 | 11 | 5.0 | 12 | 1.5 |
| SIDS | 2 | 5.3 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 0.2 |
| Short Gestation and Low Birth Weight | 12 | 32.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 12 | 1.5 |
| Diseases of the Heart | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.7 | 2 | 1.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 4 | 1.8 | 7 | 0.9 |
| Cerebrovascular | 1 | 2.7 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.5 | 1 | 0.5 | 0 | 0.0 | 3 | 0.4 |
| Neonatal Hemorrhage | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Other | 64 | 170.8 | 7 | 4.7 | 6 | 3.0 | 9 | 4.4 | 11 | 5.0 | 97 | 12.0 |
| Total Deaths | 130 | 346.9 | 24 | 16.0 | 15 | 7.6 | 25 | 12.3 | 62 | 28.4 | 256 | 31.7 |
| Age Group Population | 37,692 |  | 151,170 |  | 197,689 |  | 205,204 |  | 222,302 |  | 814,057 |  |
| 2013 Cause | <1 Year |  | 1-4 Years |  | 5-9 Years |  | 10-14 Years |  | 15-19 Years |  | 0-19 Years |  |
|  | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate |
| Accidents | 3 | 8.0* | 8 | 5.2 | 4 | 2.0* | 5 | 2.4 | 29 | 12.5 | 49 | 5.9 |
| Cancer | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | $1.3^{*}$ | 3 | $1.5^{*}$ | 5 | 2.4 | 5 | 2.1 | 15 | 1.8 |
| Congenital Anomalies | 26 | 69.0 | 4 | 2.6* | 1 | 0.5* | 1 | 0.5* | 2 | 0.9* | 34 | 4.1 |
| Homicide | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.5* | 6 | 2.6 | 7 | 0.8 |
| Suicide | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 1.0* | 6 | 2.6 | 8 | 1.0 |
| SIDS | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Short Gestation and Low Birth Weight | 11 | 29.2 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 11 | 1.3 |
| Diseases of the Heart | 1 | 2.7* | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.5* | 2 | 0.9* | 4 | 0.5* |
| Cerebrovascular | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | $0.7{ }^{*}$ | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.5* | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 0.2 * |
| Neonatal Hemorrhage | 1 | $2.7 *$ | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Other | 81 | 215 | 8 | 5.2 | 6 | 3.0 | 5 | 2.4 | 7 | 3.0 | 108 | 12.9 |
| Total Deaths | 123 | 326.4 | 23 | 15.0 | 14 | 6.9 | 21 | 10.0 | 57 | 24.5 | 238 | 29.5 |
| Age Group Population |  |  | 152, |  | 152, |  | 208 |  | 232 |  | 835, |  |

## Supplemental Tables: Safe Homes and Communities

Total Number and Rate per 100,000 Population of Leading Causes of Death, by Age Group, 2007-2016 (Continued)

|  | <1 Year |  | 1-4 Years |  | 5-9 Years |  | 10-14 Years |  | 15-19 Years |  | 0-19 Years |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2014 Cause | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate |
| Accidents | 1 | 2.6* | 5 | 3.3 | 3 | 1.5* | 9 | 4.3 | 21 | 9.1 | 39 | 4.7 |
| Cancer | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 1.3 * | 5 | 2.5 | 4 | 1.9* | 3 | 1.3 * | 14 | 1.7 |
| Congenital Anomalies | 39 | 102.7 | 4 | 2.6* | 2 | 1.0* | 1 | 0.5* | 3 | $1.3 *$ | 49 | 5.9 |
| Homicide | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.5* | 0 | 0.0 | 8 | 3.4 | 9 | 1.1 |
| Suicide | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.5* | 10 | 4.3 | 11 | 1.3 |
| SIDS | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Short Gestation and Low Birth Weight | 4 | 10.5* | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Diseases of the Heart | 1 | 2.6* | 1 | 0.7* | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.4* | 3 | 0.4* |
| Cerebrovascular | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Neonatal Hemorrhage | 2 | 5.3* | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 0.2* |
| Other | 68 | 179.0 | 11 | 7.2 | 5 | 2.5 | 0 | 0.0 | 12 | 5.2 | 100 | 12.0 |
| Total Deaths | 115 | 302.8 | 23 | 15.0 | 16 | 7.9 | 15 | 7.2 | 58 | 25.0 | 227 | 27.2 |
| Age Group Population | 37,984 |  | 153,191 |  | 202,151 |  | 208,554 |  | 231,924 |  | 833,804 |  |


| 2015 Cause | <1 Year |  | 1-4 Years |  | 5-9 Years |  | 10-14 Years |  | 15-19 Years |  | 0-19 Years |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate |
| Accidents | 5 | 13.0 | 6 | 3.9 | 5 | 2.5 | 2 | 1.0* | 12 | 5.2 | 30 | 3.6 |
| Cancer | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | $1.3 *$ | 2 | 1.0* | 1 | 0.5* | 1 | 0.4* | 6 | 0.7 |
| Congenital Anomalies | 16 | 41.5 | 3 | 2.0* | 3 | 1.5* | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 0.9* | 24 | 2.9 |
| Homicide | 2 | 5.2* | 1 | 0.7* | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 7 | 3.0 | 10 | 1.2 |
| Suicide | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.5* | 13 | 5.6 | 14 | 1.7 |
| SIDS | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Short Gestation and Low Birth Weight | 7 | 18.2 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 7 | 0.8 |
| Diseases of the Heart | 1 | 2.6* | 1 | 0.7* | 1 | 0.5* | 1 | 0.5* | 2 | 0.9* | 6 | 0.7 |
| Cerebrovascular | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 0.9* | 2 | 0.2* |
| Neonatal Hemorrhage | 4 | 10.4* | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 4 | 0.5* |
| Other | 65 | 168.6 | 7 | 4.6 | 5 | 2.5 | 5 | 2.4 | 12 | 5.2 | 94 | 11.3 |
| Total Deaths | 100 | 259.4 | 20 | 13.0 | 16 | 8.0 | 10 | 4.8 | 51 | 22.0 | 197 | 23.7 |
| Age Group Population | 38,546 |  | 153,793 |  | 200,568 |  | 207,602 |  | 231,533 |  | 832,042 |  |

## Supplemental Tables: Safe Homes and Communities

Total Number and Rate per 100,000 Population of Leading Causes of Death, by Age Group, 2007-2016 (Continued)

| 2016 Cause | <1 Year |  | 1-4 Years |  | 5-9 Years |  | 10-14 Years |  | 15-19 Years |  | 0-19 Years |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate | No. | Rate |
| Accidents | 1 | 2.7 | 3 | 2.0 | 2 | 1.0 | 3 | 1.5 | 23 | 10.0 | 32 | 3.9 |
| Cancer | 0 | 0.0 | 8 | 5.2 | 10 | 5.0 | 7 | 3.4 | 8 | 3.5 | 33 | 4.0 |
| Congenital Anomalies | 29 | 77.9 | 3 | 2.0 | 4 | 2.0 | 1 | 0.5 | 1 | 0.4 | 38 | 4.6 |
| Homicide | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.5 | 11 | 4.8 | 12 | 1.4 |
| Suicide | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 1.0 | 14 | 6.1 | 16 | 1.9 |
| SIDS | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Short Gestation and Low Birth Weight | 8 | 21.5 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 8 | 1.0 |
| Diseases of the Heart | 3 | 8.1 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.5 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 4 | 0.5 |
| Cerebrovascular | 1 | 2.7 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.1 |
| Neonatal Hemorrhage | 3 | 8.1 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 3 | 0.4 |
| Other | 59 | 158.5 | 9 | 5.9 | 6 | 3.0 | 6 | 2.9 | 9 | 3.9 | 89 | 10.7 |
| Total Deaths | 104 | 279.3 | 23 | 15.0 | 23 | 11.5 | 20 | 9.7 | 66 | 28.7 | 236 | 28.5 |
| Age Group Population | 37,230 |  | $153,774$ |  | 200,276 |  | 206,817 |  | $229,967$ |  | 828,064 |  |

 2060, Sacramento, California, February 2017. Source: Orange County Health Care Agency Family Health Division

## Supplemental Tables: Safe Homes and Communities

## Secondary Indicator: CHILD AND YOUTH DEATHS

Manner of Death, Children Less than 18 Years of Age, 2017

| Manner | No. | \% of Child of Deaths <br> Reviewed, by Manner | Type of Death | No. | \% of Child of Deaths Reviewed | \% of Manner |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Natural | 25 | 50.0\% |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Congenital | 4 | 8.0\% | 16.0\% |
|  |  |  | Diseases/ Conditions | 21 | 42.0\% | 84.0\% |
|  |  |  | SIDS | 0 | 0.0\% | 0.0\% |
| Unintentional Injury | 15 | 30.0\% |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Asphyxia | 1 | 2.0\% | 6.7\% |
|  |  |  | Drowning | 4 | 8.0\% | 26.7\% |
|  |  |  | Overdose | 1 | 2.0\% | 6.7\% |
|  |  |  | Vehicular | 9 | 18.0\% | 60.0\% |
| Homicide | 2 | 4.0\% |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Gunshot | 1 | 2.0\% | 50.0\% |
|  |  |  | Fall | 1 | 2.0\% | 50.0\% |
| Suicide | 8 | 16.0\% |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Asphyxia | 4 | 8.0\% | 50.0\% |
|  |  |  | Gunshot | 4 | 8.0\% | 50.0\% |
| Total |  |  |  | 50 | 100.0\% |  |

## Supplemental Tables: Safe Homes and Communities

## Secondary Indicator: MOTOR VEHICLE ACCIDENTS

Number of Victims 0 to 19 Years of Age Killed or Injured as a Result of Motor Vehicle Accidents*, by Age Group, 2007-2016

|  | 2007 |  | 2008 |  | 2009 |  | 2010 |  | 2011 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AGE | Killed | Injured | Killed | Injured | Killed | Injured | Killed | Injured | Killed | Injured |
| 0-4 | 5 | 35 | 6 | 35 | 2 | 36 | 3 | 28 | 2 | 48 |
| 5-9 | 2 | 34 | 0 | 47 | 3 | 49 | 1 | 40 | 3 | 48 |
| 10-14 | 1 | 78 | 5 | 62 | 3 | 51 | 2 | 58 | 1 | 59 |
| 15-19 | 24 | 269 | 20 | 226 | 13 | 192 | 7 | 159 | 13 | 160 |
| TOTAL | 32 | 416 | 31 | 370 | 21 | 328 | 13 | 285 | 19 | 315 |
|  | 2012 |  | 2013 |  | 2014 |  | 2015 |  | 2016 |  |
| AGE | Killed | Injured | Killed | Injured | Killed | Injured | Killed | Injured | Killed | Injured |
| 0-4 | 1 | 24 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 22 | 3 | N/A | 3 | N/A |
| 5-9 | 1 | 48 | 4 | 21 | 2 | 26 | 4 | N/A | 2 | N/A |
| 10-14 | 1 | 58 | 3 | 37 | 8 | 32 | 2 | N/A | 2 | N/A |
| 15-19 | 9 | 141 | 19 | 138 | 16 | 160 | 7 | N/A | 14 | N/A |
| TOTAL | 12 | 271 | 27 | 236 | 27 | 240 | 16 | N/A | 21 | N/A |

* Includes motor vehicle versus bicycle and pedestrian.
http://epicenter.cdph.ca.gov/ReportMenus/DataSummaries.aspx


## Supplemental Tables: Safe Homes and Communities

## Secondary Indicator: CHILDREN AND GUNS

Number of Gun-Related Incidents with Children 0 to 19 Years of Age, by Type of Incident, 2007-2016

|  | NON-FATAL* |  |  |  | FATAL |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| YEAR | Assault | SelfInflicted | Accidental | Total Injured by Guns | Homicide | Suicide | Accidental | Total Killed by Guns |
| 2007 | 34 | 0 | 3 | 37 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| 2008 | 39 | 0 | 9 | 48 | 12 | 2 | 0 | 14 |
| 2009 | 21 | 0 | 5 | 26 | 10 | 4 | 0 | 14 |
| 2010 | 25 | 1 | 9 | 35 | 10 | 4 | 1 | 15 |
| 2011 | 16 | 0 | 9 | 25 | 8 | 3 | 1 | 12 |
| 2012 | 16 | 0 | 10 | 26 | 8 | 2 | 0 | 10 |
| 2013 | 7 | 1 | 4 | 12 | 5 | 2 | 0 | 7 |
| 2014 | 21 | 0 | 3 | 24 | 9 | 2 | 1 | 12 |
| 2015 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | 7 | 4 | 0 | 11 |
| 2016 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | 7 | 6 | 0 | 13 |

*Non-fatal data are derived from hospitalization records non-fatal injuries not resulting in hospitalization are not included in the table. Data from EPI Center California Injury Data Online. http://epicenter.cdph.ca.gov/ReportMenus/CustomTables.aspx
Source: Orange County Health Care Agency Public Health Services

## Supplemental Tables: Safe Homes and Communities

Indicator: SUBSTANTIATED CHILD ABUSE ALLEGATIONS

Counts of Children with One or More Reports, by Age and Disposition, 2017
Disposition

| Age-Class | Substantiated |  | Inconclusive |  | Unfounded |  | Assessment Only | Total |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | $\%$ | No. | $\%$ | No. | $\%$ | No. |  | No. | $\%$ |
| < Year | 591 | $12.8 \%$ | 321 | $6.6 \%$ | 438 | $4.4 \%$ | 256 | $4.3 \%$ | 1,810 | $5.7 \%$ |
| 1-2 Years | 624 | $13.5 \%$ | 576 | $11.8 \%$ | 794 | $8.0 \%$ | 338 | $5.6 \%$ | 2,697 | $8.5 \%$ |
| 3-5 Years | 795 | $17.2 \%$ | 873 | $17.9 \%$ | 1,503 | $15.2 \%$ | 743 | $12.4 \%$ | 4,607 | $14.5 \%$ |
| 6-10 Years | 1,293 | $27.9 \%$ | 1,410 | $28.9 \%$ | 3,235 | $32.7 \%$ | 1,767 | $29.5 \%$ | 9,506 | $30.0 \%$ |
| 11-15 Years | 983 | $21.2 \%$ | 1,256 | $25.7 \%$ | 2,905 | $29.3 \%$ | 1,942 | $32.4 \%$ | 9,267 | $29.2 \%$ |
| 16-17 Years | 342 | $7.4 \%$ | 451 | $9.2 \%$ | 1,023 | $10.3 \%$ | 945 | $15.8 \%$ | 3,796 | $12.0 \%$ |
| Total | 4,628 | $100.0 \%$ | 4,887 | $100.0 \%$ | 9,898 | $100.0 \%$ | 5,991 | $100.0 \%$ | 31,683 | $100.0 \%$ |

Notes: Total count and percent calculations do not include disposition "not yet determined"

 [http://cssr.berkeley.edu/ucb_childwelfare](http://cssr.berkeley.edu/ucb_childwelfare)

Substantiated Child Abuse Allegations, by Percent for Children Under 18 Years, by Type of Abuse, 2008-2017

| Type of Abuse | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Sexual Abuse | $10.8 \%$ | $10.3 \%$ | $8.1 \%$ | $6.6 \%$ | $5.4 \%$ | $5.7 \%$ | $6.1 \%$ | $6.4 \%$ | $5.0 \%$ | $5.1 \%$ |
| Physical Abuse | $7.5 \%$ | $6.9 \%$ | $6.7 \%$ | $6.6 \%$ | $6.5 \%$ | $6.0 \%$ | $5.5 \%$ | $4.8 \%$ | $4.60 \%$ | $3.8 \%$ |
| Severe Neglect | $2.2 \%$ | $2.2 \%$ | $2.5 \%$ | $1.9 \%$ | $2.8 \%$ | $2.9 \%$ | $3.3 \%$ | $4.5 \%$ | $4.40 \%$ | $5.2 \%$ |
| General Neglect | $65.0 \%$ | $66.6 \%$ | $70.2 \%$ | $70.9 \%$ | $72.8 \%$ | $72.2 \%$ | $71.6 \%$ | $70.9 \%$ | $71.6 \%$ | $71.0 \%$ |
| Exploitation | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $0.1 \%$ | $0.4 \%$ | $0.8 \%$ |
| Emotional Abuse | $0.2 \%$ | $0.1 \%$ | $0.3 \%$ | $0.2 \%$ | $0.1 \%$ | $0.1 \%$ | $0.2 \%$ | $0.2 \%$ | $0.3 \%$ | $0.3 \%$ |
| Caretaker | $1.8 \%$ | $1.6 \%$ | $1.8 \%$ | $1.6 \%$ | $2.2 \%$ | $1.7 \%$ | $2.1 \%$ | $1.9 \%$ | $3.0 \%$ | $2.5 \%$ |
| Absence/Incapacity | $10.5 \%$ | $11.5 \%$ | $10.4 \%$ | $12.1 \%$ | $10.1 \%$ | $11.4 \%$ | $11.2 \%$ | $11.3 \%$ | $10.5 \%$ | $11.3 \%$ |
| At Risk Sibling Abused | $1.9 \%$ | $0.8 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ |
| Substantial Risk | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Note: A child is counted only once in category of highest severity.
Percent calculations do not include "missing"
Source: CWS/CMS 2017 Quarter 4 Extract. Webster, D., Armijo, M., Lee, S., Dawson, W., Magruder, J., Exel, M., Cuccaro-Alamin, S., Putnam-Hornstein, E., Wiegmann, W., Rezvani, G., Eyre, M.,
 URL: [http://cssr.berkeley.edu/ucb_childwelfare](http://cssr.berkeley.edu/ucb_childwelfare)

## Supplemental Tables: Safe Homes and Communities

Total Number of Children with One or More Child Abuse Allegations and Substantiated Allegations, 2008-2017

| Age Group | Child Abuse Allegations \# | Substantiated Allegations \# | Substantiated <br> Rate per 1000 | Age Group | Child Abuse Allegations \# | Substantiated Allegations \# | Substantiated <br> Rate per 1000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  | 2009 |  |  |
| Under 1 | 1,911 | 792 | 19.7 | Under 1 | 1,739 | 729 | 19.6 |
| 1-5 Years | 7,910 | 2,533 | 12.6 | 1-5 Years | 7,729 | 2,480 | 12.6 |
| 6-10 Years | 8,028 | 2,215 | 10.6 | 6-10 Years | 7,235 | 2,006 | 9.9 |
| 11-15 Years | 7,900 | 2,039 | 9.2 | 11-15 Years | 7,301 | 1,919 | 9.0 |
| 16-17 Years | 3,280 | 915 | 10.3 | 16-17 Years | 2,940 | 796 | 8.8 |
| Total | 29,029 | 8,494 | 11.2 | Total | 26,944 | 7,930 | 10.7 |
| 2010 |  |  |  | 2011 |  |  |  |
| Under 1 | 1,666 | 683 | 18.4 | Under 1 | 1,516 | 604 | 15.8 |
| 1-5 Years | 7,671 | 2,416 | 12.4 | 1-5 Years | 7,088 | 2,293 | 11.8 |
| 6-10 Years | 7,495 | 1,909 | 9.5 | 6-10 Years | 6,775 | 1,877 | 9.3 |
| 11-15 Years | 7,237 | 1,671 | 7.9 | 11-15 Years | 6,642 | 1,585 | 7.4 |
| 16-17 Years | 2,882 | 685 | 7.9 | 16-17 Years | 2,537 | 475 | 5.5 |
| Total | 26,951 | 7,364 | 10.1 | Total | 24,558 | 6,834 | 9.3 |
| 2012 |  |  |  | 2013 |  |  |  |
| Under 1 | 1,570 | 599 | 15.8 | Under 1 | 1,552 | 556 | 14.8 |
| 1-5 Years | 7,053 | 2,008 | 10.3 | 1-5 Years | 7,028 | 1,781 | 9.2 |
| 6-10 Years | 6,986 | 1,564 | 7.8 | 6-10 Years | 7,586 | 1,484 | 7.3 |
| 11-15 Years | 6,532 | 1,249 | 5.9 | 11-15 Years | 6,926 | 1,157 | 5.5 |
| 16-17 Years | 2,422 | 399 | 4.6 | 16-17 Years | 2,716 | 382 | 4.4 |
| Total | 24,563 | 5,819 | 7.9 | Total | 25,808 | 5,360 | 7.3 |

## Supplemental Tables: Safe Homes and Communities

Total Number of Children with One or More Child Abuse Allegations and Substantiated Allegations, 2008-2017 (Continued)

| Age Group | Child Abuse Allegations \# | Substantiated Allegations \# | Substantiated <br> Rate per 1,000 | Age Group | Child Abuse Allegations \# | Substantiated Allegations \# | Substantiated <br> Rate per 1,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2014 |  |  | 2015 |  |  |  |
| Under 1 | 1,780 | 605 | 15.9 | Under 1 | 1,893 | 679 | 17.6 |
| 1-5 Years | 7,564 | 1,764 | 9.2 | 1-5 Years | 7,913 | 1,777 | 9.2 |
| 6-10 Years | 8,861 | 1,566 | 7.7 | 6-10 Years | 9,656 | 1,671 | 8.2 |
| 11-15 Years | 8,103 | 1,217 | 5.8 | 11-15 Years | 8,885 | 1,198 | 5.7 |
| 16-17 Years | 3,284 | 387 | 4.5 | 16-17 Years | 3,633 | 433 | 5.1 |
| Total | 29,592 | 5,539 | 7.6 | Total | 31,980 | 5,758 | 7.9 |
| 2016 |  |  |  | 2017 |  |  |  |
| Under 1 | 1,777 | 647 | 17.4 | Under 1 | 1,810 | 591 | 16.0 |
| 1-5 Years | 7,614 | 1,602 | 8.3 | 1-5 Years | 7,304 | 1,419 | 7.4 |
| 6-10 Years | 9,451 | 1,585 | 7.9 | 6-10 Years | 9,506 | 1,293 | 6.4 |
| 11-15 Years | 8,790 | 1,235 | 5.9 | 11-15 Years | 9,267 | 983 | 4.7 |
| 16-17 Years | 3,536 | 409 | 4.8 | 16-17 Years | 3,796 | 342 | 4.0 |
| Total | 31,168 | 5,478 | 7.5 | Total | 31,683 | 4,628 | 6.4 |

Population Data Source: CA Department of Finance
Source: CWS/CMS 2017 Quarter 4 Extract. Webster, D., Armijo, M., Lee, S., Dawson, W., Magruder, J., Exel, M., Cuccaro-Alamin, S., Putnam-Hornstein, E., Wiegmann, W., Rezvani, G., Eyre, M.
 URL: http://cssr.berkeley.edu/ucb childwelfare

Source: Orange County Social Services Agency

## Supplemental Tables: Safe Homes and Communities

Secondary Indicator: CHILD ABUSE - DEPENDENCY PETITIONS

Number and Percent of Dependency Petitions Filed, 2007/08 to 2016/17

|  | 2007/08 |  | 2008/09 |  | 2009/10 |  | 2010/11 |  | 2011/12 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% |
| Petitions Filed | 2,294 | 6 | 1,955 | 5 | 1,874 | 4.9 | 1,617 | 4.5 | 1,436 | 4.2 |
|  | 2012/13 |  | 2013/14 |  | 2014/15 |  | 2015/16 |  | 2016/17 |  |
|  | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% |
| Petitions Filed | 1,357 | 3.7 | 1,282 | 2.9 | 1,162 | 2.5 | 1,341 | 2.6 | 1,431 | 2.9 |

Note: The percentages are based on the number of child abuse reports
Source: Orange County Social Services Agency

Percent of "Recurrence of Maltreatment" in 12- month Time Period for children with a Substantiated Child Abuse Allegation Orange County and California, 2006/07 to 2015/16

|  | $2006 / 07$ | $2007 / 08$ | $2008 / 09$ | $2009 / 10$ | $2010 / 11$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Orange County | $8.8 \%$ | $8.5 \%$ | $7.6 \%$ | $7.2 \%$ | $8.5 \%$ |
| California | $10.1 \%$ | $9.9 \%$ | $10.0 \%$ | $10.5 \%$ | $10.1 \%$ |
| Orange County | $2011 / 12$ | $2012 / 13$ | $2013 / 14$ | $2014 / 15$ | $2015 / 16$ |
| California | $7.5 \%$ | $7.6 \%$ | $7.4 \%$ | $9.1 \%$ | $7.9 \%$ |
|  | $10.1 \%$ | $10.5 \%$ | $10.2 \%$ | $9.7 \%$ | $9.0 \%$ |

[^50]Secondary Indicator: DEPENDENTS OF THE COURT

## Definition

Dependents of the court are children who have been found by Juvenile Court action to require protection and supervision by the Juvenile Court from abuse and/or neglect. These children can be either in their own homes under Social Services Agency (SSA) supervision or in out-of-home care such as in the care of a relative nonrelated extended family member (NREFM) foster parent or group home.

Monthly Number of Dependents of the Court by End of Month Cases, 2007/08 to 2016/17

| Month | $2007 / 08$ | $2008 / 09$ | $2009 / 10$ | $2010 / 11$ | $2011 / 12$ | $2012 / 13$ | $2013 / 14$ | $2014 / 15$ | $2015 / 16$ | $2016 / 17$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| July | 3,566 | 3,622 | 3,235 | 2,704 | 2,805 | 2,835 | 2,816 | 2,874 | 2,627 | 2,708 |
| August | 3,601 | 3,561 | 3,167 | 2848 | 2,827 | 2,868 | 2,832 | 2,881 | 2,581 | 2,730 |
| September | 3,668 | 3,514 | 3,153 | 2,810 | 2,786 | 2,828 | 2,757 | 2,891 | 2,597 | 2,734 |
| October | 3,626 | 3,458 | 3,125 | 2,803 | 2,757 | 2,810 | 2,769 | 2,881 | 2,608 | 2,756 |
| November | 3,690 | 3,452 | 3,119 | 2,835 | 2,734 | 2,838 | 2,762 | 2,812 | 2,587 | 2,720 |
| December | 3,788 | 3,446 | 3,081 | 2,843 | 2,752 | 2,880 | 2,808 | 2,835 | 2,626 | 2,766 |
| January | 3,723 | 3,451 | 3,056 | 2,838 | 2,729 | 2,914 | 2,622 | 2781 | 2,631 | 2,808 |
| February | 3,701 | 3,468 | 3,023 | 2,810 | 2,738 | 2,889 | 2,626 | 2,765 | 2,641 | 2,807 |
| March | 3,718 | 3,421 | 3,005 | 2,764 | 2,834 | 2,879 | 2,580 | 2,768 | 2,679 | 2,780 |
| April | 3,764 | 3,379 | 2,910 | 2,749 | 2,855 | 2,885 | 2,536 | 2,731 | 2,650 | 2,774 |
| May | 3,731 | 3,368 | 2,885 | 2,740 | 2,869 | 2,857 | 2,543 | 2,681 | 2,642 | 2,777 |
| June | 3,669 | 3,297 | 2,840 | 2,794 | 2,807 | 2,859 | 2,547 | 2,686 | 2,651 | 2,789 |
| Average | $\mathbf{3 , 6 8 7}$ | $\mathbf{3 , 4 5 3}$ | $\mathbf{3 , 0 5 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 7 9 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 7 9 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 8 6 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 6 8 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 7 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 6 2 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 7 6 2}$ |

[^51]
## Supplemental Tables: Safe Homes and Communities

Percent of Children by Race/Ethnicity in Out-of-Home Care, April 2009 to April 2018

| Race/Ethnicity | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| White | 31 | 33 | 34 | 34 | 34 | 33 | 33 | 37 | 36 | 32 |
| Hispanic | 57 | 55 | 55 | 57 | 58 | 58 | 58 | 52 | 53 | 55 |
| Black | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 4 | 6 |
| Asian | 4 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 7 | 4 |
| Other | 0.5 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.6 | 1 | 1 |

Source: Orange County Social Services Agency

Wraparound Referrals by Agency and Year, 2007/08 to 2016/17

| Referral Agency | $2007 / 08$ | $2008 / 09$ | $2009 / 10$ | $2010 / 11$ | $2011 / 12$ | $2012 / 13$ | $2013 / 14$ | $2014 / 15$ | $2015 / 16$ | $2016 / 17$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Social Services | 295 | 173 | 203 | 172 | 208 | 178 | 172 | 175 | 212 | 244 |
| Probation | 138 | 247 | 241 | 202 | 163 | 180 | 213 | 245 | 215 | 262 |
| Health Care | 90 | 96 | 72 | 27 | 27 | 23 | 22 | 24 | 21 | 24 |
| Total | $\mathbf{5 2 3}$ | $\mathbf{5 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{5 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{4 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{3 9 8}$ | $\mathbf{3 8 1}$ | $\mathbf{4 0 7}$ | $\mathbf{4 4 4}$ | $\mathbf{4 4 8}$ | $\mathbf{5 3 0}$ |

Source: Orange County Social Services Agency

Average Monthly Number of Children in Out-of-Home Care, 2007/08 to 2016/17

| Year | Dependents of the Court | Out-of-Home Care |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 7 / 0 8}$ | 3,687 | 2,668 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 8 / 0 9}$ | 3,453 | 2,466 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 9 / 1 0}$ | 3,050 | 2,195 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 0 / 1 1}$ | 2,795 | 2,018 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 1 / 1 2}$ | 2,791 | 2,215 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 2 / 1 3}$ | 2,862 | 2,257 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 3 / 1 4}$ | 2,826 | 2,279 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 4 / 1 5}$ | 2,799 | 2,192 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 5 / 1 6}$ | 2,627 | 2,107 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 6} \mathbf{1 7}$ | 2,762 | 2,134 |

[^52]
## Supplemental Tables: Safe Homes and Communities

## Secondary Indicator: FOSTER CARE

## Definition

When the Juvenile Court determines that a child cannot safely remain with his or her own family the Social Services Agency (SSA) identifies a placement for the child. Relative/guardian care is the primary placement considered in order to comply with state law and best practice of placing children in the least restrictive most family-like setting. If relatives are not available the next best option is a non-related extended family member (NREFM). If relatives and NREFMs are not available SSA may place the child in a county licensed foster family home (FFH) or a home provided by a Foster Family Agency (FFA). FFA-certified homes are provided by non-profit agencies licensed by the state to develop and supervise specialized foster homes for the placement of children who require a higher level of care due to emotional or behavioral problems. A child with even more significant behavioral issues may be temporarily placed in a state licensed group home or other residential setting to meet their treatment needs.

Number and Percent of Placement Type, April 2009-April 2018


[^53]
## Supplemental Tables: Safe Homes and Communities

|  | RELATIVE/ GUARDIAN |  |  | FOSTER FAMILY HOME (County Licensed) |  |  | FOSTER FAMILYASSOCIATIONCERTIFIED HOME |  |  | GROUP HOME |  |  | OTHER <br> PLACEMENT TYPE |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CITIES AND COMMUNITIES | $\begin{aligned} & 0- \\ & <6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 6- \\ <13 \end{gathered}$ | 13+ | $\begin{aligned} & 0- \\ & <6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 6- \\ <13 \end{gathered}$ | 13+ | $\begin{aligned} & 0- \\ & <6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 6- \\ <13 \end{gathered}$ | 13+ | $\begin{aligned} & 0- \\ & <6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 6- \\ <13 \end{gathered}$ | 13+ | $\begin{aligned} & 0- \\ & <6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 6- \\ <13 \end{gathered}$ | 13+ |
| Aliso Viejo | 5 | 0 | * | * | * | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Anaheim | 73 | 73 | 40 | 14 | 15 | 13 | 7 | 6 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 7 | 24 |
| Brea | * | * | * | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * | * | * |
| Buena Park | 11 | 8 | 9 | 14 | * | * | * | * | * | 0 | 0 | * | 0 | 0 | 9 |
| Costa Mesa | 16 | 8 | 7 | 5 | 0 | * | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 15 | 5 | * | * | * |
| Cypress | * | 7 | * | 7 | * | * | 0 | 0 | * | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * | 5 |
| Dana Point | * | * | * | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * |
| Fountain Valley | * | 7 | 6 | 6 | * | * | * | 0 | 0 | 0 | * | 0 | * | 0 | 0 |
| Fullerton | 7 | 9 | * | 8 | * | 5 | * | 7 | 20 | 0 | 0 | * | * | * | 9 |
| Garden Grove | 33 | 18 | 17 | 8 | 5 | 7 | * | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * | * | 7 |
| Huntington Beach | 23 | 11 | 15 | 10 | 5 | 6 | * | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * | * | 11 |
| Irvine | 11 | * | * | 5 | * | * | * | 0 | * | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * | * |
| La Habra | 9 | * | * | 7 | * | * | * | * | * | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * |
| La Palma | 0 | 0 | * | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * |
| Laguna Beach | * | * | * | 0 | 0 | * | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Laguna Hills | * | 0 | 0 | * | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * | 0 | * |
| Laguna Niguel | 7 | * | * | * | 0 | * | 0 | 0 | * | 0 | 0 | 0 | * | 0 | 0 |
| Laguna Woods | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Lake Forest | 9 | 7 | * | * | * | * | 6 | * | * | 0 | 0 | 0 | * | * | 6 |
| Los Alamitos | * | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * | 0 | * | * |
| Mission Viejo | 5 | 5 | * | 6 | * | * | * | * | * | 0 | 0 | 0 | * | * | * |
| Newport Beach | 5 | * | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Orange | 24 | 9 | 18 | 9 | * | * | 8 | 7 | 6 | $\begin{gathered} (7)+ \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} (24) \\ +\quad 0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} (29) \\ +\quad 25 \end{array}$ | 5 | * | 23 |
| Placentia | * | * | 6 | * | * | * | * | 0 | 0 | 0 | * | 8 | * | 0 | 0 |
| Rancho Santa Margarita | * | 0 | 0 | * | * | * | * | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * | 0 | 0 |
| San Clemente | * | * | * | 0 | * | * | 0 | * | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * | * | 0 |
| San Juan Capistrano | 0 | * | 0 | 0 | * | 0 | * | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * | 0 | * |
| Santa Ana | 62 | 43 | 20 | 7 | 10 | 6 | 10 | * | 14 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 9 | 5 | 35 |
| Seal Beach | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * | 0 | 0 |
| Stanton | * | * | * | 5 | * | * | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * |
| Tustin | 10 | 8 | * | * | * | 0 | * | 0 | 15 | 6 | * | 15 | * | * | 8 |
| Unincorporated | * | 5 | * | * | * | 0 | * | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * | * | 0 |
| Villa Park | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Westminster | 9 | 6 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * | * | * |
| Yorba Linda | * | 0 | * | * | 0 | * | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | * |
| Los Angeles County | 41 | 28 | 15 | 5 | 6 | 0 | 5 | * | 8 | 0 | 0 | * | 7 | * | 16 |
| Riverside County | 38 | 26 | 21 | 12 | 6 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 21 | 0 | * | 9 | 15 | 5 | 9 |

[^54]
## Supplemental Tables: Safe Homes and Communities

Children and Family Services - Out-Of-Home Placements, by Age and City of Placement, April 2018 (Continued)

|  | RELATIVE/ GUARDIAN |  |  | FOSTER FAMILY HOME (County Licensed) |  |  | FOSTER FAMILY ASSOCIATION CERTIFIED HOME |  |  | GROUP HOME |  |  | OTHER PLACEMENTTYPE |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CITIES AND COMMUNITIES | $\begin{aligned} & 0- \\ & <6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6-1 \\ & <13 \end{aligned}$ | 13+ | $\begin{aligned} & 0- \\ & <6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6- \\ & <13 \end{aligned}$ | 13+ | $\begin{aligned} & 0- \\ & <6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6- \\ & <13 \end{aligned}$ | 13+ | $\begin{aligned} & 0- \\ & <6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6- \\ & <13 \end{aligned}$ | 13+ | $\begin{gathered} 0- \\ <6 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6- \\ & <13 \end{aligned}$ | 13+ |
| San <br> Bernardino | 25 | 16 | 7 | 0 | * | * | 0 | * | * | 0 | 0 | 0 | * | * | 5 |
| San Diego County | 5 | * | * | 0 | * | 0 | 0 | * | * | 0 | 0 | * | * | * | 5 |
| Non-Adjacent County or Out of State | 21 | 24 | 11 | 5 | * | 0 | 0 | * | * | 0 | * | 0 | * | * | 20 |
| TOTALS | 481 | 345 | 246 | 159 | 86 | 76 | 81 | 56 | 128 | 13 | 47 | 81 | 87 | 52 | 214 |


|  | TOTAL COMMUNITY (\#) |  |  |  | TOTAL COMMUNITY (\%) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CITIES AND COMMUNITIES | $\begin{aligned} & 0- \\ & <6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 6- \\ <13 \end{gathered}$ | $13+$ | TOTAL | $\begin{aligned} & 0- \\ & <6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 6- \\ <13 \end{gathered}$ | 13 + | TOTAL |
| Aliso Viejo | 7 | * | * | 10 | 0.3\% | 0.0\% | 0.1\% | 0.5\% |
| Anaheim | 105 | 101 | 93 | 299 | 4.8\% | 4.6\% | 4.3\% | 13.7\% |
| Brea | * | 6 | * | 13 | 0.2\% | 0.3\% | 0.1\% | 0.6\% |
| Buena Park | 28 | 14 | 26 | 68 | 1.3\% | 0.6\% | 1.2\% | 3.1\% |
| Costa Mesa | 24 | 26 | 25 | 75 | 1.1\% | 1.2\% | 1.1\% | 3.4\% |
| Cypress | 9 | 9 | 11 | 29 | 0.4\% | 0.4\% | 0.5\% | 1.3\% |
| Dana Point | * | * | 7 | 13 | 0.1\% | 0.1\% | 0.3\% | 0.6\% |
| Fountain Valley | 10 | 10 | 10 | 30 | 0.5\% | 0.5\% | 0.5\% | 1.4\% |
| Fullerton | 22 | 20 | 39 | 81 | 1.0\% | 0.9\% | 1.8\% | 3.7\% |
| Garden Grove | 46 | 26 | 31 | 103 | 2.1\% | 1.2\% | 1.4\% | 4.7\% |
| Huntington Beach | 36 | 19 | 32 | 87 | 1.7\% | 0.9\% | 1.5\% | 4.0\% |
| Irvine | 20 | 9 | 9 | 38 | 0.9\% | 0.4\% | 0.4\% | 1.7\% |
| La Habra | 18 | 6 | 10 | 34 | 0.8\% | 0.3\% | 0.5\% | 1.6\% |
| La Palma | 0 | * | * | 3 | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.1\% | 0.1\% |
| Laguna Beach | * | * | * | 5 | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.1\% | 0.2\% |
| Laguna Hills | 9 | 0 | * | 10 | 0.4\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.5\% |
| Laguna Niguel | 14 | * | * | 19 | 0.6\% | 0.1\% | 0.1\% | 0.9\% |
| Laguna Woods | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% |
| Lake Forest | 19 | 14 | 9 | 42 | 0.9\% | 0.6\% | 0.4\% | 1.9\% |
| Los Alamitos | * | * | * | 5 | 0.1\% | 0.0\% | 0.1\% | 0.2\% |
| Mission Viejo | 16 | 11 | 9 | 36 | 0.7\% | 0.5\% | 0.4\% | 1.7\% |
| Newport Beach | 5 | * | 6 | 14 | 0.2\% | 0.1\% | 0.3\% | 0.6\% |
| Orange | 53 | 45 | 102 | 200 | 2.4\% | 2.1\% | 4.7\% | 9.2\% |
| Placentia | 10 | 8 | 16 | 34 | 0.5\% | 0.4\% | 0.7\% | 1.6\% |
| Rancho Santa Margarita | 6 | * | * | 9 | 0.3\% | 0.0\% | 0.1\% | 0.4\% |
| San Clemente | 6 | 6 | * | 15 | 0.3\% | 0.3\% | 0.1\% | 0.7\% |
| San Juan Capistrano | * | 5 | * | 9 | 0.1\% | 0.2\% | 0.0\% | 0.4\% |

Children and Family Services - Out-Of-Home Placements, by Age and City of Placement, April 2018 continued

TOTAL COMMUNITY (\#) TOTAL COMMUNITY (\%)

| CITIES AND COMMUNITIES | 0-<6 | 6-<13 | $13+$ | TOTAL | 0-<6 | 6-<13 | $13+$ | TOTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Santa Ana | 88 | 62 | 82 | 232 | 4.0\% | 2.8\% | 3.8\% | 10.7\% |
| Seal Beach | * | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0.1\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.1\% |
| Stanton | 6 | * | 7 | 16 | 0.3\% | 0.1\% | 0.3\% | 0.7\% |
| Tustin | 21 | 14 | 41 | 76 | 1.0\% | 0.6\% | 1.9\% | 3.5\% |
| Unincorporated | 12 | 9 | * | 24 | 0.6\% | 0.4\% | 0.1\% | 1.1\% |
| Villa Park | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% |
| Westminster | 11 | 8 | 6 | 25 | 0.5\% | 0.4\% | 0.3\% | 1.1\% |
| Yorba Linda | 11 | 0 | 5 | 16 | 0.5\% | 0.0\% | 0.2\% | 0.7\% |
| Los Angeles County | 58 | 38 | 42 | 138 | 2.7\% | 1.7\% | 1.9\% | 6.3\% |
| Riverside County | 73 | 49 | 66 | 188 | 3.4\% | 2.3\% | 3.0\% | 8.6\% |
| San Bernardino | 27 | 21 | 16 | 64 | 1.2\% | 1.0\% | 0.7\% | 2.9\% |
| San Diego County | 7 | 6 | 12 | 25 | 0.3\% | 0.3\% | 0.6\% | 1.1\% |
| Non-Adjacent County or Out of State | 29 | 28 | 33 | 90 | 1.3\% | 1.3\% | 1.5\% | 4.1\% |
| TOTALS | 821 | 586 | 770 | 2,177 | 37.7\% | 26.9\% | 35.4\% | 100.0\% |

*Numbers between 1 and 4 are masked to protect confidentiality.
Note: Total Community also includes children in pre-adoptive placements Court-Specified Placements and placement settings such as hospitals. Source: CFS Research CWS/CMS Database

Number of Placement Moves: Number of Placement Moves Per Day for Children in Foster Care in a 12 Month Period, 2007/08 to 2016/17

|  | $2007 / 08$ | $2008 / 09$ | $2009 / 10$ | $2010 / 11$ | $2011 / 12$ | $2012 / 13$ | $2013 / 14$ | $2014 / 15$ | $2015 / 16$ | $2016 / 17$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Orange <br> County | 5.03 | 5.50 | 50.21 | 4.44 | 3.81 | 3.53 | 3.55 | 4.02 | 4.99 | 4.31 |
| California | 5.02 | 4.88 | 4.74 | 4.44 | 4.33 | 4.02 | 3.98 | 3.95 | 3.90 | 3.73 |

Source: Child Welfare Services Reports for California. University of California Berkeley Center for Social Services Research
Source: CWS/CMS 2016 Quarter 4 Extract. Webster, D., Armijo, M., Lee, S., Dawson, W., Magruder, J., Exel, M., Cuccaro-Alamin, S., Putnam-Hornstein, E., Wiegmann, W., Rezvani, G., Eyre, M., Sandoval, A., Yee, H., Xiong, B., Benton, C., White, J., \& Cotto, H. (2017). CCWIP reports. Retrieved 5/1/2017, from University of California at Berkeley California Child Welfare Indicators Project website. URL: [http://cssr.berkeley.edu/ucb_childwelfare](http://cssr.berkeley.edu/ucb_childwelfare)

## Supplemental Tables: Safe Homes and Communities

## Indicator: CHILD WELFARE

Percent of Children Reaching Reunification and Guardianship within 12 Months and Reentry Following Reunification and Guardianship, Orange County and California, 2006/07 to 2015/16

|  | 2006/07 | 2007/08 | 2008/09 | 2009/10 | 2010/11 | 2011/12 | 2012/13 | 2013/14 | 2014/15 | 2015/16 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \% | \% | \% | \% | \% | \% | \% | \% | \% | \% |
| Reunification Within 12 Months |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orange County | 38.1\% | 37.5\% | 41.1\% | 42.9\% | 33.9\% | 34.1\% | 26.4\% | 29.8\% | 32.3\% | 37.2\% |
| California | 39.5\% | 41.8\% | 41.4\% | 41.5\% | 40.0\% | 37.6\% | 35.7\% | 35.7\% | 35.0\% | 34.8\% |
| No Reentry Following Reunification* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orange County | 5.5\% | 4.3\% | 7.0\% | 8.4\% | 5.2\% | 4.1\% | 6.2\% | 9.1\% | 10.4\% | * |
| California | 11.7\% | 12.1\% | 12.3\% | 11.8\% | 11.9\% | 12.0\% | 11.6\% | 11.4\% | 10.7\% | , |


reunification.
*Due to methodological differences the reporting periods for No Reentry Following Reunification will always be one year behind what is reported for the other measures

 website. URL: [http://cssr.berkeley.edu/ucb_childwelfare](http://cssr.berkeley.edu/ucb_childwelfare)

## Secondary Indicator: ADOPTIONS

## Definition

Adoption is a legal process that permanently gives parental rights and responsibilities to adoptive parents. The Social Services Agency (SSA) provides public adoption services to children who are dependents of the Juvenile Court and are receiving out-of-home foster care services. Adoption Within 12 Months (Legally Free) is a measure of foster care children who were legally free for adoption during the year who were subsequently discharged to a finalized adoption within 12 months. Adoption Within 24 Months (Exit Cohort) is a measure of foster care children who were discharged to a finalized adoption during the year who achieved adoption within 24 months.

Percent with Finalized Adoptions within 12 and 24 Months, Orange County and California, 2005/06 to 2014/15

| Adoptions 12 Months of being Legally Free |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2005/06 | 2006/07 | 2007/08 | 2008/09 | 2009/10 | 2010/11 | 2011/12 | 2012/13 | 2013/14 | 2014/15* |
| Orange County | 42.5 | 39.3 | 32.8 | 36.3 | 33.3 | 35.1 | 36.7 | 34.4 | 38.7 | 34.6 |
| California | 30.0 | 32.6 | 29.8 | 29.8 | 29.9 | 33.5 | 35.7 | 36.1 | 39.4 | 38.0 |
| Adoptions 24 month (Exit Cohort) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2005/06 | 2006/07 | 2007/08 | 2008/09 | 2009/10 | 2010/11 | 2011/12 | 2012/13 | 2013/14 | 2014/15* |
| Orange County | 66.8 | 61.3 | 55.1 | 50.5 | 56.1 | 71.2 | 66.5 | 57.3 | 59.7 | 68.8 |
| California | 56.0 | 53.0 | 55.9 | 56.5 | 61.8 | 64.8 | 62.8 | 64.3 | 61.7 | 62.6 |

*This is no longer a federal measure and consequently no longer publicly available as of 2015/16.
Source: Orange County SSA Children and Family Services.

## Supplemental Tables: Safe Homes and Communities

## Secondary Indicator: EMANCIPATION SERVICES

## Definition

Social Services Agency's (SSA) Transitional Planning Services (TPS) is a broad-based Independent Living Program (ILP) designed to prepare foster youth for self-sufficiency. SSA submits an annual statistical report to the state describing ILP activities. Select youth characteristics and program outcome information are presented from the report to describe emancipation services offered received and/or provided. Services may be provided to youth as young as 14 and as old as 24. These youths include those who were in the custody of SSA due to parental abuse and neglect former probation wards who were involved in the juvenile justice system and children with mental health needs placed in foster care by the Health Care Agency. TPS also serves youth who were in foster care in other counties and have relocated to Orange County. TPS is the responsibility of the SSA Children and Family Services and involves many community partners committed to assisting youth and young adults in a wide array of Independent Living Program support services including but not limited: to basic life skills training employment career and vocational assessments and placements educational resources and funding and medical and mental health services.

Youth Who Received Independent Living Program Services, 2000/01 to 2007/08

| Characteristics of Youth Served | 2000/01 | 2001/02 | 2002/03 | 2003/04 | 2004/05 | 2005/06 | 2006/07 | 2007/08 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Youth to whom ILP services were offered during the year | 1,885 | 2,063 | 2,254 | 2,582 | 2,752 | 2,875 | 3,022 | 2,679 |
| Youth who received ILP services and have special needs | N/A | 69 | 89 | 140 | 98 | 133 | 228 | 130 |
| Youth in the Probation Department who received ILP services | 216 | 193 | 233 | 398 | 182 | 178 | 335 | 226 |
| Youth in the Child Welfare Dept who received ILP services | 1,268 | 1,086 | 1,272 | 1,742 | 1,471 | 1,657 | 2,432 | 1,696 |
| Program Outcomes/Client Progress | 2000/01 | 2001/02 | 2002/03 | 2003/04 | 2004/05 | 2005/06 | 2006/07 | 2007/08 |
| Youth who completed ILP services or a component of services | 1,484 | 1,279 | 1,505 | 2,404 | 1,653 | 1,835 | 2,767 | 1,920 |
| Youth who completed high school/ GED or adult education | N/A | 69 | 129 | 176 | 144 | 206 | 146 | 140 |
| Youth enrolled in college | N/A | 81 | 134 | 265 | 323 | 388 | 368 | 384 |
| Youth who obtained employment | N/A | 14 | 223 | 481 | 413 | 447 | 454 | 265 |

Data showing trends in ILP service delivery have not been updated because of significant reporting changes made in October 2008.
Source: SOC 405A

## Supplemental Tables: Safe Homes and Communities

Youth Who Received Independent Living Services, 2009/10 to 2014/15

|  | 2009/10 | 2010/11 | 2011/12 | 2012/13 | 2013/14 | 2014/15 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of youth (where about known) who exited foster care after emancipating or turning age 18 or 19 while in foster care: | 122 | 99 | 61 | 29 | 41 | 60 |
| Percent of these youth who: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Completed High School or Equivalency | 52\% | 51\% | 66\% | 48\% | 51\% | 57\% |
| Obtained Employment | 30\% | 28\% | 34\% | 10\% | 20\% | 40\% |
| Have Housing Arrangements | 85\% | 89\% | 82\% | 72\% | 71\% | 78\% |
| Received ILP Services | 88\% | 82\% | 90\% | 83\% | 93\% | 77\% |
| Permanency Connection with an Adult | 75\% | 70\% | 66\% | 34\% | 44\% | 38\% |


 achieve employment or economic self-sufficiency based on what is known about the youth's status at the month of exiting care.

## Supplemental Tables: Safe Homes and Communities

## Indicator: JUVENILE ARRESTS

Orange County Juvenile Arrests 10 to 17 Years Old, 2007-2016

| 20007 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

[^55]Juvenile Arrests by City Youth 10 to 17 Years Old, 2007 to 2016

| CITY | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ALISO VIEJO | 106 | 187 | 178 | 141 | 93 | 95 | 107 | 91 | 44 | 18 |
| ANAHEIM | 1,623 | 1,792 | 1,781 | 1,434 | 917 | 693 | 628 | 566 | 438 | 420 |
| BREA | 293 | 297 | 289 | 269 | 292 | 141 | 86 | 95 | 80 | 92 |
| BUENA PARK | 421 | 424 | 394 | 337 | 243 | 197 | 153 | 212 | 141 | 84 |
| COSTA MESA | 589 | 543 | 467 | 328 | 249 | 206 | 181 | 132 | 143 | 144 |
| CYPRESS | 99 | 44 | 36 | 62 | 57 | 58 | 38 | 17 | 14 | 14 |
| DANA POINT | 158 | 174 | 182 | 191 | 114 | 86 | 54 | 64 | 36 | 53 |
| FOUNTAIN VALLEY | 314 | 392 | 351 | 284 | 249 | 178 | 187 | 167 | 120 | 97 |
| FULLERTON | 888 | 704 | 609 | 523 | 422 | 384 | 422 | 382 | 225 | 263 |
| GARDEN GROVE | 1,107 | 1,027 | 1,035 | 1,007 | 799 | 778 | 602 | 515 | 447 | 366 |
| HUNTINGTON BEACH | 1,028 | 867 | 699 | 769 | 654 | 656 | 345 | 279 | 211 | 125 |
| IRVINE | 871 | 583 | 612 | 612 | 463 | 295 | 191 | 168 | 136 | 131 |
| LA HABRA | 525 | 534 | 548 | 437 | 335 | 294 | 209 | 187 | 148 | 114 |
| LA PALMA | 43 | 64 | 33 | 38 | 29 | 24 | 20 | 9 | 7 | 8 |
| LAGUNA BEACH | 74 | 80 | 93 | 82 | 65 | 61 | 50 | 81 | 48 | 46 |
| LAGUNA HILLS | 94 | 132 | 135 | 112 | 89 | 121 | 82 | 52 | 26 | 36 |
| LAGUNA NIGUEL | 119 | 145 | 127 | 98 | 71 | 41 | 14 | 29 | 20 | 15 |
| LAGUNA WOODS | 1 | 2 | 2 | - | 3 | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| LAKE FOREST | 207 | 299 | 289 | 281 | 209 | 205 | 155 | 102 | 88 | 122 |
| LOS ALAMITOS | 113 | 55 | 52 | 36 | 29 | 19 | 25 | 10 | 7 | 11 |
| MISSION VIEJO | 344 | 373 | 382 | 387 | 293 | 226 | 136 | 118 | 82 | 119 |
| NEWPORT BEACH | 708 | 600 | 542 | 535 | 461 | 369 | 337 | 208 | 194 | 163 |
| ORANGE | 1,440 | 1,474 | 1,138 | 1,250 | 1,000 | 684 | 490 | 502 | 280 | 293 |
| PLACENTIA | 315 | 261 | 313 | 359 | 263 | 182 | 224 | 222 | 118 | 83 |
| RANCHO SANTA MARGARITA | 153 | 151 | 125 | 143 | 164 | 86 | 51 | 39 | 23 | 41 |
| SAN CLEMENTE | 109 | 114 | 160 | 139 | 158 | 128 | 110 | 89 | 53 | 64 |
| SAN JUAN CAPISTRANO | 92 | 189 | 209 | 195 | 124 | 92 | 58 | 129 | 60 | 62 |
| SANTA ANA | 1,719 | 1,832 | 1,938 | 1,820 | 1,621 | 1,314 | 1,112 | 970 | 881 | 907 |
| SEAL BEACH | 36 | 34 | 64 | 40 | 30 | 20 | 13 | 10 | 10 | 15 |
| STANTON | 120 | 130 | 115 | 147 | 108 | 49 | 44 | 36 | 19 | 13 |
| TUSTIN | 343 | 343 | 262 | 352 | 222 | 182 | 139 | 120 | 94 | 99 |
| VILLA PARK | 18 | 39 | 57 | 34 | 24 | 20 | 19 | 17 | 9 | 6 |
| WESTMINSTER | 392 | 379 | 408 | 375 | 255 | 213 | 171 | 129 | 124 | 66 |
| YORBA LINDA* | 174 | 149 | 129 | 132 | 120 | 68 | - | 1 | - | 1 |
| OC SHERIFF'S* | 252 | 410 | 473 | 430 | 476 | 331 | 385 | 787 | 472 | 396 |
| OTHER | 100 | 91 | 114 | 106 | 96 | 70 | 54 | 44 | 31 | 34 |
| TOTAL | 14,988 | 14,914 | 14,341 | 13,485 | 10,797 | 8,566 | 6,892 | 6,580 | 4,829 | 4,521 |

[^56]
## Supplemental Tables: Safe Homes and Communities

Number of Juvenile Arrests and Rates Per 100,000 Youth Ages 10 to 17, Orange County and California, 2007 to 2016

|  | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. of Juvenile Arrests |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orange County | 14,988 | 14,914 | 14,341 | 13,485 | 10,797 | 8,566 | 6,892 | 6,580 | 4,829 | 4,521 |
| California | 236,105 | 228,527 | 204,294 | 185,506 | 149,273 | 120,279 | 96,718 | 86,636 | 71,792 | 62,646 |
| Juvenile Arrest Rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orange County | 4,110.8 | 4,121.0 | 4,010.3 | 3,809.5 | 3,069.4 | 2,456.6 | 2,075.9 | 1,993.9 | 1421.8 | 1331.7 |
| California | 5,070.5 | 4,960.1 | 4,501.5 | 4,145.0 | 3,351.9 | 2,718.2 | 2,370.1 | 2,133.7 | 1725.0 | 1500.1 |
| Felony Arrests |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orange County | 4,090 | 4,087 | 4,131 | 3,671 | 2,875 | 2,284 | 1,866 | 1,659 | 1,178 | 1,195 |
| California | 65,955 | 64,756 | 58,421 | 51,879 | 43,307 | 36,289 | 30,734 | 27,583 | 21,343 | 19,619 |
| Felony Arrest Rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orange County | 1,121.8 | 1,129.3 | 1,155.2 | 1,037.0 | 817.3 | 655.0 | 562.0 | 502.7 | 346.8 | 352.0 |
| California | 1,416.4 | 1,405.5 | 1,287.3 | 1,159.2 | 972.4 | 819.6 | 753.2 | 679.3 | 512.8 | 469.8 |
| Misdemeanors - Orange County |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Case | 9,060 | 8,812 | 8,593 | 8,223 | 6,216 | 5,030 | 3,902 | 3,534 | 2,832 | 2,581 |
| Rate per 100,000 | 2,484.9 | 2,434.9 | 2,403.0 | 2,323.0 | 1,767.1 | 1,442.5 | 1,175.3 | 1,070.9 | 833.8 | 35,710 |
| Total Pop 10-17 (x1000)* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orange County | 364.6 | 361.9 | 357.6 | 354.0 | 351.8 | 348.7 | 332.0 | 330.0 | 339.7 | 339.5 |
| California | 4,656.4 | 4,607.3 | 4,538.3 | 4,475.4 | 4,453.4 | 4,427.6 | 4,080.7 | 4,060.4 | 4,161.8 | 4,176.0 |

[^57]Secondary Indicator: REFERRALS TO PROBATION

## Definition

Referrals to the Orange County Probation Department pertain to individuals who received a final disposition. In contrast to juvenile arrests which includes ages 10-17 with 18-year-olds handled by the juvenile court as adult, arrests referrals include ages up to 24 years. Almost all of these referrals involve a criminal offense because arrests for status offenses are generally handled by the arresting agency. Disposition actions on referrals can include diversion informal supervision under the Welfare Institution Code 654 deferred entry of judgment or consideration by the juvenile court for wardship or dismissal. This indicator counts only one disposition per minor per day.

Total Probation Referrals with Final Case Disposition, 2007 to 2016

|  | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Total Case <br> Dispositions | 11,900 | 12,456 | 11,531 | 11,533 | 10,454 | 8,882 | 7,821 | 7,156 | 5,808 | 5,617 |

Source: Juvenile Court and Probation Statistical System

## Supplemental Tables: Safe Homes and Communities

Total Number and Percent of Juvenile Probation Referrals by Age, 2007 to 2016

|  | 2007 |  | 2008 |  | 2009 |  | 2010 | 2011 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Age in years | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% |
| 10 \& Under | 37 | 0.3 | 37 | 0.3 | 35 | 0.3 | 34 | 0.3 | 35 | 0.3 |
| 11 | 46 | 0.4 | 44 | 0.4 | 34 | 0.3 | 24 | 0.2 | 30 | 0.3 |
| 12 | 186 | 1.6 | 140 | 1.1 | 138 | 1.2 | 121 | 1.0 | 113 | 1.1 |
| 13 | 627 | 5.3 | 587 | 4.7 | 505 | 4.4 | 484 | 4.2 | 403 | 3.9 |
| 14 | 1,262 | 10.6 | 1,323 | 10.6 | 1,187 | 10.3 | 1,027 | 8.9 | 919 | 8.8 |
| 15 | 2,021 | 17.0 | 2,172 | 17.4 | 2,109 | 18.3 | 1,929 | 16.7 | 1,780 | 17.0 |
| 16 | 2,707 | 22.7 | 3,049 | 24.5 | 2,566 | 22.3 | 2,766 | 24.0 | 2,527 | 24.2 |
| 17 | 3,332 | 28.0 | 3,350 | 26.9 | 3,116 | 27.0 | 3,174 | 27.5 | 2,927 | 28.0 |
| 18 \& Older | 1,682 | 14.1 | 1,754 | 14.1 | 1,841 | 16.0 | 1,974 | 17.1 | 1,720 | 16.5 |
| Total Referrals | 11,900 | 100.0 | 12,456 | 100.0 | 11,531 | 100.0 | 11,533 | 100.0 | 10,454 | 100.0 |
|  | 2012 |  | 2013 |  | 2014 |  | 2015 |  | 2016 |  |
| Age in years | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% |
| 10 \& Under | 20 | 0.2 | 10 | 0.1 | 6 | 0.1 | 8 | 0.1 | 8 | 0.1 |
| 11 | 19 | 0.2 | 19 | 0.2 | 7 | 0.1 | 10 | 0.2 | 11 | 0.2 |
| 12 | 96 | 1.1 | 80 | 1.0 | 50 | 0.7 | 49 | 0.8 | 60 | 1.1 |
| 13 | 276 | 3.1 | 291 | 3.7 | 231 | 3.2 | 184 | 3.2 | 185 | 3.3 |
| 14 | 718 | 8.1 | 659 | 8.4 | 584 | 8.2 | 419 | 7.2 | 479 | 8.5 |
| 15 | 1,456 | 16.4 | 1,168 | 14.9 | 1,131 | 15.8 | 915 | 15.8 | 844 | 15.0 |
| 16 | 2,073 | 23.3 | 1,807 | 23.1 | 1,594 | 22.3 | 1,408 | 24.2 | 1,322 | 23.5 |
| 17 | 2,621 | 29.5 | 2,260 | 28.9 | 1,997 | 27.9 | 1,601 | 27.6 | 1,655 | 29.5 |
| 18 \& Older | 1,603 | 18.0 | 1,527 | 19.5 | 1,556 | 21.7 | 1,214 | 20.9 | 1,053 | 18.7 |
| Total Referrals | 8,882 | 100.0 | 7,821 | 100.0 | 7,156 | 100.0 | 5,808 | 100.0 | 5,617 | 100.0 |

[^58]
## Supplemental Tables: Safe Homes and Communities

Probation Referrals, by City of Residence*, 2007 to 2016

| CITY | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ALISO VIEJO | 61 | 84 | 62 | 80 | 74 | 56 | 60 | 66 | 45 | 33 |
| ANAHEIM | 1,746 | 1,962 | 1,793 | 1,699 | 1,621 | 1,410 | 1,439 | 1,259 | 1,059 | 1005 |
| BREA | 77 | 73 | 68 | 69 | 67 | 41 | 39 | 27 | 36 | 24 |
| BUENA PARK | 324 | 304 | 324 | 359 | 314 | 230 | 242 | 202 | 166 | 166 |
| COSTA MESA | 428 | 394 | 376 | 416 | 328 | 299 | 279 | 246 | 223 | 232 |
| CYPRESS | 100 | 106 | 81 | 82 | 97 | 63 | 66 | 50 | 30 | 36 |
| DANA POINT | 77 | 71 | 71 | 73 | 64 | 58 | 71 | 28 | 23 | 31 |
| FOUNTAIN VALLEY | 107 | 118 | 115 | 124 | 105 | 73 | 66 | 61 | 24 | 25 |
| FULLERTON | 658 | 562 | 507 | 509 | 431 | 352 | 374 | 370 | 326 | 288 |
| GARDEN GROVE | 745 | 752 | 649 | 780 | 643 | 612 | 496 | 482 | 342 | 312 |
| HUNTINGTON BEACH | 489 | 451 | 412 | 422 | 380 | 300 | 325 | 249 | 184 | 143 |
| IRVINE | 254 | 305 | 336 | 342 | 312 | 229 | 231 | 170 | 150 | 155 |
| LA HABRA | 260 | 322 | 304 | 333 | 290 | 183 | 183 | 154 | 128 | 127 |
| LA PALMA | 35 | 21 | 29 | 32 | 26 | 16 | 17 | 13 | 5 | 15 |
| LAGUNA BEACH | 35 | 45 | 22 | 60 | 45 | 25 | 15 | 22 | 20 | 14 |
| LAGUNA HILLS | 48 | 42 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 73 | 41 | 24 | 26 | 20 |
| LAGUNA NIGUEL | 95 | 97 | 100 | 115 | 114 | 93 | 75 | 50 | 59 | 54 |
| LAGUNA WOODS |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| LAKE FOREST | 183 | 196 | 174 | 159 | 167 | 156 | 154 | 90 | 89 | 84 |
| LOS ALAMITOS | 57 | 45 | 32 | 24 | 21 | 14 | 16 | 19 | 12 | 12 |
| MISSION VIEJO | 180 | 189 | 159 | 173 | 144 | 129 | 97 | 82 | 88 | 72 |
| NEWPORT BEACH | 127 | 130 | 100 | 118 | 77 | 79 | 94 | 73 | 58 | 43 |
| ORANGE | 572 | 602 | 523 | 602 | 580 | 411 | 378 | 369 | 279 | 318 |
| PLACENTIA | 190 | 165 | 164 | 187 | 170 | 135 | 121 | 123 | 105 | 87 |
| RANCHO SANTA MARGARITA | 123 | 91 | 80 | 103 | 83 | 64 | 65 | 39 | 41 | 39 |
| SAN CLEMENTE | 141 | 135 | 148 | 159 | 124 | 99 | 97 | 83 | 59 | 43 |
| SAN JUAN CAPISTRANO | 101 | 159 | 176 | 195 | 163 | 120 | 121 | 110 | 92 | 66 |
| SANTA ANA | 2,006 | 2,170 | 2,097 | 2,303 | 2,172 | 1,707 | 1,616 | 1,465 | 1,188 | 1168 |
| SEAL BEACH | 22 | 16 | 26 | 15 | 14 | 6 | 6 | 10 | 3 | 3 |
| STANTON | 148 | 148 | 137 | 163 | 145 | 109 | 95 | 104 | 75 | 82 |
| TUSTIN | 378 | 367 | 293 | 338 | 272 | 218 | 178 | 134 | 139 | 161 |
| VILLA PARK | 3 | 9 | 5 | 8 | 4 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| WESTMINSTER | 356 | 296 | 262 | 289 | 255 | 162 | 171 | 197 | 125 | 93 |
| YORBA LINDA | 126 | 77 | 91 | 91 | 88 | 51 | 56 | 73 | 52 | 60 |
| UNINCORPORATED AREAS | 113 | 112 | 109 | 122 | 101 | 79 | 80 | 72 | 48 | 43 |
| OUT OF COUNTY/UNKNOWN | 1,535 | 1,840 | 1,654 | 936 | 908 | 1,227 | 453 | 637 | 508 | 561 |
| TOTAL | 11,900 | 12,456 | 11,531 | 11,533 | 10,454 | 8,882 | 7,821 | 7,156 | 5,808 | 5,617 |

*As of last known address
Source: Orange County Probation Department Strategic Support Division Juvenile Court and Probation Statistical System

## Supplemental Tables: Safe Homes and Communities

Total Felony Referrals Broken Down by Offense at Time of Arrest, 2007 to 2016

|  | 2007 |  | 2008 |  | 2009 |  | 2010 |  | 2011 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OFFENSE | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. |  |
| Homicide | 71 | 7.9 | 97 | 10.9 | 43 | 5.0 | 26 | 3.4 | 17 | 2.5 |
| Manslaughter-Vehicular | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.1 | 0 | 0.0 | 3 | 0.4 | 4 | 0.6 |
| Forcible Rape | 21 | 2.3 | 34 | 3.8 | 23 | 2.6 | 23 | 3.0 | 35 | 5.2 |
| Robbery | 277 | 31.0 | 322 | 36.1 | 317 | 36.5 | 314 | 40.5 | 264 | 39.3 |
| Assault | 525 | 58.7 | 438 | 49.1 | 485 | 55.9 | 409 | 52.8 | 351 | 52.3 |
| TOTAL | 894 | 100.0 | 892 | 100.0 | 868 | 100.0 | 775 | 100.0 | 671 | 100.0 |
| Burglary | 963 | 54.8 | 1,057 | 59.2 | 1,057 | 62.4 | 1,051 | 64.3 | 955 | 64.7 |
| Theft | 488 | 27.8 | 471 | 26.4 | 431 | 25.4 | 427 | 26.1 | 366 | 24.8 |
| Motor Vehicle Theft | 207 | 11.8 | 194 | 10.9 | 154 | 9.1 | 112 | 6.9 | 118 | 8.0 |
| Forgery/Checks/Access Card | 37 | 2.1 | 19 | 1.1 | 16 | 0.9 | 17 | 1.0 | 13 | 0.9 |
| Arson | 61 | 3.5 | 44 | 2.5 | 36 | 2.1 | 27 | 1.7 | 25 | 1.7 |
| TOTAL | 1,756 | 100.0 | 1,785 | 100.0 | 1694 | 100.0 | 1,634 | 100.0 | 1,477 | 100.0 |
| Narcotics | 128 | 25.2 | 157 | 29.7 | 111 | 22.5 | 135 | 21.5 | 154 | 26.4 |
| Marijuana | 153 | 30.1 | 142 | 26.9 | 157 | 31.8 | 157 | 25.0 | 155 | 26.5 |
| Dangerous Drugs | 226 | 44.5 | 221 | 41.9 | 220 | 44.6 | 325 | 51.7 | 272 | 46.6 |
| Other Drug Violations | 1 | 0.2 | 8 | 1.5 | 5 | 1.0 | 12 | 1.9 | 3 | 0.5 |
| TOTAL | 508 | 100.0 | 528 | 100.0 | 493 | 100.0 | 629 | 100.0 | 584 | 100.0 |
| TOTAL ALL OTHER | 1,755 | 100.0 | 1,962 | 100.0 | 1,867 | 100.0 | 1,881 | 100.0 | 1,622 | 100.0 |
| TOTAL FELONY | 4,913 | 100.0 | 5,167 | 100.0 | 4,922 | 100.0 | 4,919 | 100.0 | 4,354 | 100.0 |

## Supplemental Tables: Safe Homes and Communities

Total Felony Referrals Broken Down by Offense at Time of Arrest, 2007 to 2016 (Continued)

|  | 2012 |  | 2013 |  | 2014 |  | 2015 |  | 2016 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OFFENSE | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% |
| Homicide | 15 | 2.6 | 10 | 2.2 | 8 | 1.9 | 6 | 1.2 | 8 | 1.5 |
| Manslaughter-Vehicular | 2 | 0.3 | 1 | 0.2 | 2 | 0.5 | 1 | 0.2 | 1 | 0.2 |
| Forcible Rape | 24 | 4.1 | 21 | 4.6 | 24 | 5.6 | 23 | 4.6 | 21 | 4.0 |
| Robbery | 220 | 37.7 | 154 | 33.5 | 128 | 30.0 | 163 | 32.7 | 162 | 30.8 |
| Assault | 323 | 55.3 | 274 | 59.6 | 264 | 62.0 | 305 | 61.2 | 334 | 63.5 |
| TOTAL | 584 | 100.0 | 460 | 100.0 | 426 | 100.0 | 498 | 100.0 | 526 | 100.0 |
| Burglary | 745 | 64.3 | 601 | 64.2 | 494 | 63.0 | 425 | 63.2 | 411 | 63.0 |
| Theft | 295 | 25.5 | 238 | 25.4 | 214 | 27.3 | 162 | 24.1 | 155 | 23.8 |
| Motor Vehicle Theft | 77 | 6.6 | 66 | 7.1 | 44 | 5.6 | 63 | 9.4 | 75 | 11.5 |
| Forgery/Checks/Access Card | 18 | 1.6 | 11 | 1.2 | 13 | 1.7 | 8 | 1.2 | 4 | 0.6 |
| Arson | 24 | 2.1 | 20 | 2.1 | 19 | 2.4 | 15 | 2.2 | 7 | 1.1 |
| TOTAL | 1,159 | 100.0 | 936 | 100.0 | 784 | 100.0 | 673 | 100.0 | 652 | 100.0 |
| Narcotics | 85 | 22.1 | 80 | 20.2 | 66 | 17.1 | 55 | 17.5 | 68 | 23.6 |
| Marijuana | 130 | 33.9 | 161 | 40.6 | 165 | 42.7 | 104 | 33.0 | 95 | 33.0 |
| Dangerous Drugs | 165 | 43.0 | 155 | 39.0 | 148 | 38.3 | 145 | 46.0 | 120 | 41.7 |
| Other Drug Violations | 4 | 1.0 | 1 | 0.3 | 7 | 1.8 | 11 | 3.5 | 5 | 1.7 |
| TOTAL | 384 | 100.0 | 397 | 100.0 | 386 | 100.0 | 315 | 100.0 | 288 | 100.0 |
| TOTAL ALL OTHER | 1,300 | 100.0 | 1,084 | 100.0 | 1,035 | 100.0 | 883 | 100.0 | 1004 | 100.0 |
| TOTAL FELONY | 3,427 | 100.0 | 2,877 | 100.0 | 2,631 | 100.0 | 2,369 | 100.0 | 2,470 | 100.0 |

[^59]
## Supplemental Tables: Safe Home and Communities

Total Number and Percent of Probation Referrals, by Final Case Disposition, 2007 to 2016

|  | 2007 |  | 2008 |  | 2009 |  | 2010 |  | 2011 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Final Case Disposition | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% |
| Closed/Dismissed | 3,826 | 32.2 | 4,450 | 35.7 | 4,980 | 43.2 | 4,942 | 42.9 | 3,915 | 37.4 |
| Informal Probation: 'W\&I 654A W\&I 725A : Referral to Peer Court / Contract Diversion Programs | 1,732 | 14.6 | 1,606 | 12.9 | 1,506 | 13.1 | 1,753 | 15.2 | 1,801 | 17.2 |
| Formal Probation as a Ward of the Juvenile Court | 2,500 | 21.0 | 2,448 | 19.7 | 1,846 | 16.0 | 1,835 | 15.9 | 1,790 | 17.1 |
| Incarceration: County Institution (Juvenile Hall or an Open Institution) | 2,832 | 23.8 | 2,956 | 23.7 | 2,511 | 21.8 | 2,365 | 20.5 | 2,334 | 22.3 |
| Incarceration: State Institution (Division of Juvenile Justice) | 6 | 0.1 | 8 | 0.1 | 4 | 0.0 | 4 | 0.0 | 4 | 0.0 |
| Other Dispositions* | 1004 | 8.4 | 988 | 7.9 | 684 | 5.9 | 634 | 5.5 | 610 | 5.8 |
| Total | 11,900 | 100.0 | 12,456 | 100.0 | 11,531 | 100.0 | 11,533 | 100.0 | 10,454 | 100.0 |
|  | 2012 |  | 2013 |  | 2014 |  | 2015 |  | 2016 |  |
| Final Case Disposition | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% |
| Closed/Dismissed | 2,716 | 30.6 | 2,561 | 32.7 | 2,627 | 36.7 | 2,477 | 42.6 | 2,550 | 45.4 |
| Informal Probation: 'W\&I 654A W\&I 725A : Referral to Peer Court / Contract Diversion Programs | 1,669 | 18.8 | 1,393 | 17.8 | 1,124 | 15.7 | 688 | 11.8 | 784 | 14.0 |
| Formal Probation as a Ward of the Juvenile Court | 1,801 | 20.3 | 1,608 | 20.6 | 1,311 | 18.3 | 1,005 | 17.3 | 984 | 17.5 |
| Incarceration: County Institution (Juvenile Hall or an Open Institution) | 2,254 | 25.4 | 2,038 | 26.1 | 1,889 | 26.4 | 1,428 | 24.6 | 1,084 | 19.3 |
| Incarceration: State Institution (Division of Juvenile Justice) | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.0 |
| Other Dispositions* | 442 | 5.0 | 220 | 2.8 | 205 | 2.9 | 210 | 3.6 | 214 | 3.8 |
| Total | 8,882 | 100.0 | 7,821 | 100.0 | 7,156 | 100.0 | 5,808 | 100.0 | 5,617 | 100.0 |

[^60]Source: Juvenile Court and Probation Statistical System

## Supplemental Tables: Safe Home and Communities

Total Number and Percent of Probation Referrals, by Race and Ethnicity, 2007 to 2016

|  | 2007 |  | 2008 |  | 2009 |  | 2010 |  | 2011 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Race and Ethnicity | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% |
| Non-Hispanic White | 3,320 | 27.9 | 3,104 | 24.9 | 2,793 | 24.2 | 2,697 | 23.4 | 2,301 | 22.0\% |
| Hispanic | 7,234 | 60.8 | 7,832 | 62.9 | 7,440 | 64.5 | 7,593 | 65.8 | 7,049 | 67.4\% |
| Asian \& Pacific Islander | 583 | 4.9 | 639 | 5.1 | 536 | 4.6 | 534 | 4.6 | 503 | 4.8\% |
| Black or African American | 576 | 4.8 | 602 | 4.8 | 489 | 4.2 | 480 | 4.2 | 392 | 3.7\% |
| All Other Races | 187 | 1.6 | 279 | 2.2 | 273 | 2.4 | 229 | 2.0 | 209 | 2.0\% |
| Total Referrals | 11,900 | 100.0 | 12,456 | 100.0 | 11,531 | 100.0 | 11,533 | 100.0 | 10,454 | 100.0 |
|  | 2012 |  | 2013 |  | 2014 |  | 2015 |  | 2016 |  |
| Race and Ethnicity | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% |
| Non-Hispanic White | 1,859 | 20.9 | 1,641 | 21.0 | 1,345 | 18.8 | 981 | 16.9 | 983 | 17.5 |
| Hispanic | 6,135 | 69.1 | 5,361 | 68.5 | 5,100 | 71.3 | 4,159 | 71.6 | 3,914 | 69.7 |
| Asian \& Pacific Islander | 370 | 4.2 | 331 | 4.2 | 325 | 4.5 | 239 | 4.1 | 188 | 3.3 |
| Black or African American | 355 | 4.0 | 305 | 3.9 | 246 | 3.4 | 294 | 5.1 | 310 | 5.5 |
| All Other Races | 163 | 1.8 | 183 | 2.3 | 140 | 2.0 | 135 | 2.3 | 222 | 4.0 |
| Total Referrals | 8,882 | 100.0 | 7,821 | 100.0 | 7,156 | 100.0 | 5,808 | 100.0 | 5,617 | 100.0 |

Note: Due to rounding percentages may not add up to 100.
Source: Orange County Probation Department Research Division Juvenile Court and Probation Statistical System

Total Number and Rate per 100,000 of Probation Referrals Incarcerated in County Institutions and the Division of Juvenile Justice California Department of Corrections \& Rehabilitation, 2007 to 2016

|  | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Total Number of Referrals Incarcerated in | 2,838 | 2,964 | 2,515 | 2,369 | 2,338 | 2,254 | 2,039 | 1,889 | 1,428 | 1,085 |
| County \& State Institutions | 575 | 593 | 500 | 469 | 464 | 448 | 409 | 382 | 288 | 219 |

*Based on age group 11-21 where majority of referrals fall within
 Projections for 2010 to 2060; Jan 2018 Population Projections for 2016)

## Supplemental Tables: Safe Home and Communities

Indicator: JUVENILE SUSTAINED PETITIONS

| City | Number | Percent | City | Number | Percent |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ALISO VIEJO | 10 | 0.7 | LAKE FOREST | 25 | 1.7 |
| ANAHEIM | 326 | 21.7 | LOS ALAMITOS | 0 | 0.0 |
| BREA | 7 | 0.5 | MISSION VIEJO | 21 | 1.4 |
| BUENA PARK | 22 | 1.5 | NEWPORT BEACH | 3 | 0.2 |
| COSTA MESA | 51 | 3.4 | ORANGE | 111 | 7.4 |
| CYPRESS | 7 | 0.5 | PLACENTIA | 21 | 1.4 |
| DANA POINT | 7 | 0.5 | RANCHO SANTA MARGARITA | 2 | 0.1 |
| FOUNTAIN VALLEY | 5 | 0.3 | SAN CLEMENTE | 7 | 0.5 |
| FULLERTON | 59 | 3.9 | SAN JUAN CAPISTRANO | 17 | 1.1 |
| GARDEN GROVE | 93 | 6.2 | SANTA ANA | 385 | 25.6 |
| HUNTINGTON BEACH | 24 | 1.6 | SEAL BEACH | 0 | 0.0 |
| IRVINE | 29 | 1.9 | STANTON | 31 | 2.1 |
| LA HABRA | 35 | 2.3 | TUSTIN | 34 | 2.3 |
| LA PALMA | 2 | 0.1 | WESTMINSTER | 23 | 1.5 |
| LAGUNA BEACH | 6 | 0.4 | YORBA LINDA | 13 | 0.9 |
| LAGUNA HILLS | 8 | 0.5 | UNINCORPORATED AREAS/CENSUS designated places | 7 | 0.5 |
| LAGUNA NIGUEL | 16 | 1.1 | OUT OF COUNTY/UNKNOWN/MISSING | 94 | 6.3 |
| TOTAL |  |  |  | 1,501 | 100.0 |

[^61]
## Supplemental Tables: Safe Home and Communities

Juvenile Sustained Petitions Youth 10 to 17 Years Old, by Sex, 2016

|  | Frequency | Percent |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Female | 221 | 14.7 |
| Male | 1,280 | 85.3 |
| Total | 1,501 | 100.0 |

Source: Juvenile Court and Statistical System

Juvenile Sustained Petitions Youth 10 to 17 Years Old, by Age, 2016
Frequency Percent

| $\mathbf{1 0}$ to $\mathbf{1 1}$ | 1 | .1 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| $\mathbf{1 2}$ to $\mathbf{1 4}$ | 165 | 11.0 |
| $\mathbf{1 5}$ to $\mathbf{1 7}$ | 1,335 | 88.9 |
| Total | 1,501 | 100.0 |

Source: Juvenile Court and Statistical System

Juvenile Sustained Petitions Youth 10 to 17 Years Old, by Race and Ethnicity, 2016

|  | Frequency | Percent |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Asian \& Pacific Islander | 33 | 2.2 |
| Black | 70 | 4.7 |
| Hispanic | 1,183 | 78.8 |
| White | 182 | 12.1 |
| Other/Unknown | 33 | 2.2 |
| Total | 1,501 | 100.0 |

Source: Juvenile Court and Statistical System

## Supplemental Tables: Safe Home and Communities

## Indicator: GANG ACTIVITY AMONG YOUTH

Gang Related Prosecutions by Crime Type, 2008 to 2017

|  | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Assault | 230 | 203 | 179 | 147 | 77 | 76 | 69 | 51 | 45 | 28 |
| Burglary | 44 | 29 | 50 | 40 | 31 | 10 | 6 | 11 | 2 | 0 |
| Homicide/Manslaughter | 26 | 26 | 12 | 24 | 8 | 7 | 0 | 6 | 6 | 4 |
| Narcotics sales | 23 | 30 | 16 | 35 | 6 | 6 | 17 | 4 | 15 | 2 |
| Narcotics possession | 6 | 18 | 27 | 30 | 7 | 7 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 2 |
| Other | 270 | 284 | 230 | 236 | 162 | 108 | 85 | 49 | 59 | 33 |
| Robbery | 65 | 116 | 102 | 87 | 84 | 36 | 33 | 27 | 38 | 26 |
| Theft | 39 | 37 | 23 | 22 | 16 | 13 | 5 | 9 | 2 | 13 |
| Weapons | 156 | 146 | 110 | 76 | $\mathbf{7 7}$ | 49 | 30 | 51 | 46 | 28 |
| \# of Total Cases | $\mathbf{8 5 9}$ | $\mathbf{8 8 9}$ | $\mathbf{7 4 9}$ | $\mathbf{6 9 7}$ | $\mathbf{4 6 8}$ | $\mathbf{3 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 6}$ |
| Source: Orange County District Attorney's Office |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Number of Gang Related Prosecutions, Total and by Unique Individuals, and Percent by Repeat Offenders, 2008 to 2017

|  | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Number of Gang Related <br> Prosecutions | 859 | 889 | 749 | 697 | 468 | 312 | 247 | 213 | 214 | 136 | 859 |
| Number of Unique <br> Juveniles with Gang <br> Related Prosecutions | 625 | 587 | 491 | 411 | 313 | 212 | 187 | 153 | 153 | 110 | 625 |
| Percent of Gang Related <br> Prosecutions by Repeat <br> Offenders | $27 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $27 \%$ |

## Supplemental Tables: Safe Home and Communities

Number and Percent of Gang Related Prosecutions, by Age, 2008 to 2017

|  | 2008 |  | 2009 |  | 2010 |  | 2011 |  | 2012 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Race/Ethnicity | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% |
| 13 and under | 41 | 7\% | 35 | 6\% | 17 | 3\% | 15 | 4\% | 17 | 5\% |
| 14 | 81 | 13\% | 59 | 10\% | 57 | 12\% | 43 | 10\% | 24 | 8\% |
| 15 | 156 | 25\% | 129 | 22\% | 104 | 21\% | 82 | 20\% | 62 | 20\% |
| 16 | 173 | 28\% | 170 | 29\% | 152 | 31\% | 122 | 30\% | 95 | 30\% |
| 17 | 174 | 28\% | 194 | 33\% | 161 | 33\% | 149 | 36\% | 115 | 37\% |
| Total | 625 | 100\% | 587 | 100\% | 491 | 100\% | 411 | 100\% | 313 | 100\% |
|  | 2013 |  | 2014 |  | 2015 |  | 2016 |  | 2017 |  |
| Race/Ethnicity | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% |
| 13 and under | 11 | 5\% | 8 | 4\% | 9 | 6\% | 11 | 7\% | 6 | 5\% |
| 14 | 23 | 11\% | 27 | 14\% | 15 | 10\% | 14 | 9\% | 12 | 11\% |
| 15 | 39 | 18\% | 28 | 15\% | 32 | 21\% | 35 | 23\% | 23 | 21\% |
| 16 | 61 | 29\% | 55 | 29\% | 49 | 32\% | 46 | 30\% | 31 | 28\% |
| 17 | 78 | 37\% | 69 | 37\% | 48 | 31\% | 47 | 31\% | 38 | 35\% |
| Total | 212 | 100\% | 187 | 100\% | 153 | 100\% | 153 | 100\% | 110 | 100\% |

Source: Orange County District Attorney's Office

Number and Percent of Gang Related Prosecutions, by Race and Ethnicity, 2008 to 2017

|  | 2008 |  | 2009 |  | 2010 |  | 2011 |  | 2012 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Race/Ethnicity | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% |
| Asian or Pacific Islander | 28 | 4\% | 25 | 4\% | 21 | 4\% | 22 | 5\% | 9 | 3\% |
| Black or African American | 7 | 1\% | 10 | 2\% | 4 | 1\% | 1 | 0\% | 0 | 0\% |
| Hispanic or Latino | 573 | 92\% | 530 | 90\% | 449 | 91\% | 370 | 90\% | 294 | 94\% |
| Non- Hispanic White | 14 | 2\% | 14 | 2\% | 9 | 2\% | 12 | 3\% | 7 | 2\% |
| Other/ Unknown | 3 | 0\% | 8 | 1\% | 8 | 2\% | 6 | 1\% | 3 | 1\% |
| Total | 625 | 100\% | 587 | 100\% | 491 | 100\% | 411 | 100\% | 313 | 100\% |
|  | 2013 |  | $2014$ |  | $2015$ |  | $2016$ |  | 2017 |  |
| Race/Ethnicity | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% | No. | \% |
| Asian or Pacific Islander | 6 | 3\% | 5 | 3\% | 2 | 1\% | 6 | 4\% | 4 | 4\% |
| Black or African American | 1 | 0\% | 1 | 1\% | 6 | 4\% | 0 | 0\% | 3 | 3\% |
| Hispanic or Latino | 199 | 94\% | 172 | 92\% | 140 | 92\% | 145 | 95\% | 101 | 92\% |
| Non- Hispanic White | 4 | 2\% | 6 | 3\% | 3 | 2\% | 2 | 1\% | 1 | 1\% |
| Other/ Unknown | 2 | 1\% | 3 | 2\% | 2 | 1\% | 0 | 0\% | 1 | 1\% |
| Total | 212 | 100\% | 187 | 100\% | 153 | 100\% | 153 | 100\% | 110 | 100\% |

Source: Orange County District Attorney's Office


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[^0]:    The suicide rate data are from the California Department of Public Health Death Static Master File (DSMF) from 2012 to 2016. ${ }^{2}$ Mental Health First Aid. ${ }^{3}$ Klonsky, E.D., May, A.M., \& Glenn, C.R. (2013). The relationship between nonsuicidal self-injury and attempted suicide: Converging evidence from four samples. Journal of Abnormal Psychology, 221(1), 231-237. ${ }^{4}$ Victor, S.E. \& Klonsky, E.D. (2014). Correlates of Suicide Attempts among self-injurers: A meta-analysis. Clinical Psychology Review, 34(4), 282-297. Retrieved from https://doi.0rg/10.1016/J.cpr.2014.03.005. ${ }^{5}$ Self Harm ED Visit rates data are from the California Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development (OSHPD) Emergency Department and Patient Discharge Data from years 2012 to 2016. ${ }^{6}$ Young, R., Sweeting, H. \& Ellaway, A. (2011). Do schools differ in suicide risk? the influence of school and neighbourhood on attempted suicide, suicidal ideation and self-harm among secondary school pupils. BMS Public Health, 11:874. DOI: 10.1186/1471-2458-11-874. ${ }^{7}$ The California Healthy Kids Survey (CHKS) is the data source for chronic sadness and school connectedness. CHKS is an anonymous and voluntary survey to measure school health, including school climate, safety and overall wellness. The California Department of Education (CDE) encourages districts serving grades $5-12$ to administer the CHKS as part of the California School Climate, Health, and Learning Survey (Cal-SCHLS) System

[^1]:    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    

[^2]:    ${ }^{1}$ Hagan, J. F., Shaw, J. S., and Duncan, P. M., Eds. (2008). ${ }^{2}$ Smith, A. and Bassett-Novoa, E., Late Presentation to Prenatal Care, American Family Physician, Volume 92, Number 5, September 1, 2015 ${ }^{3}$ United States: Centers for Disal Cor Cor Health Statistics. ${ }^{4}$ Further analyses of the California Birth Statistical Master Files indicate that early prenatal care in Orange County remains relatively stable when birth circumstances related to self-pay deliveries are considered. However, disparities between ethnicities and races persist. ${ }^{5}$ Self-pay deliveries in Orange County increased substantially in 2014, 2015, and 2016. Analysis of trends indicates correlation of individuals with self-pay deliveries with lack of documentation of early prenatal care. Self-pay deliveries are mostly to Asian women. Self-pay deliveries only comprise a minor percentage for all other races/ethnicities and exclusion does not affect the prenatal care percentages for these groups.

[^3]:    Note: Indicators for breastfeeding at three months postpartum are limited to women whose infant was at least three months old at the time of survey completion.
    Note: MIHA is an annual population-based survey of California resident women with a live birth. Data from MIHA 2015-2016 were combined, resulting in a statewide sample size 13,431 . The sample size of Orange county was 447. Prevalence (\%), $95 \%$ confidence interval (CI) and estimated number of women in the population breastfeeding (rounded to the nearest hundred) are weighted to represent all women with a live birth who resided in California and the county in 2015-2016. Population estimate $(\mathrm{N})$ is a two-year average. See the Technical Notes for information on weighting, comparability to prior years and technical definitions. Visit the MIHA website at www.cdph.ca.gov/MIHA.
    Source: Sacramento: California Department of Public Health, Maternal, Child, and Adolescent Health Program, 2017

[^4]:    Effective July 1, 2016, California law now removes the personal belief exemption from statute and requires almost all schoolchildren to be fully vaccinated in order to attend public or private elementary, middle and high schools. For kindergarten entrance, children must be immunized against 10 diseases: Diphtheria, Haemophilus Influenza Type B (Bacterial menigitus), Measles, Mumps, Pertussis (whooping cough), Polio, Rubella, Tetanus, Hepatitis B and Varicella (chicken pox). Home school students or students who do not receive classroom-based instruction are not required to be vaccinated. Students who qualify for an Individualized Educational Program cannot be prevented from accessing any special education and related services required by their IEP. The medical exemption will remain in statute.

[^5]:    \% of Immunizations

    - $96.6 \%-100.0 \%$
    - $93.6 \%-96.5 \%$
    - 90.0\% - $93.5 \%$
    - Less than $89.9 \%$

[^6]:    Note: *2012-2016 American Community Survey estimates no population under 18 in Laguna Woods.
    Source: County of Orange Social Services Agency, January 2018

[^7]:    ${ }^{1}$ California Department of Education, DataQuest, 2016/17 data. A cohort is a defined group of students that could potentially graduate during a 4 -year time period (grade 9 through grade 12). The 2016-17 Four-Year Adjusted Cohort Graduation Rate (ACGR) and Outcome data has been released. Beginning in 2016-17, the ACGR and Outcome data were calculated using different business rules and are not comparable with the Cohort Outcome data from previous years. ${ }^{2}$ Belfield, C. and Levin, H. (2007). The Economic Losses from High School Dropouts in California. ${ }^{3}$ National Center of Education Statistics, 2017, table 219.70. " Socioeconomically Disadvantaged is a student whose parents have not received a high school diploma or is eligible for the free or reduced-price lunch program. English Learner is a student identified as English learner based on the results of the California English Language Development Test or is a reclassified fluent-English-proficient student (RFEP) who has not scored at the proficient level on the California English-Language Arts and Mathematics Standards Tests. Student with Disabilities is a student who receives special education services and has a valid disability code or was previously identified as special education but who is no longer receiving special education services for two years after exiting special

[^8]:    Note: Due to methodological differences, the reporting period for no reentry following reunification will always be one year behind what is reported for the other measures.
    Source: CWS/CMS 2017 Quarter 4 Extract, UC Berkley, Center for Social Services Research

[^9]:    Note: Permanency is defined as achieved when the child is reunified with the family, placed with a legal guardian, or adopted.
    Source: CWS/CMS 2017 Quarter 4 Extract, UC Berkley, Center for Social Services Research

[^10]:    Source: Orange County District Attorney's Office

[^11]:    Percentages based on fewer than 5 events are statistically unreliable. Due to rounding, percentages may not add to 100
    *Other includes American Indian/Alaskan Native (AIAN), Pacific Islander, More than One Race, and Other. Mothers of unknown race are not included in this table.
    Source: Orange County Health Care Agency.

[^12]:    Source: Orange County Health Care Agency

[^13]:    Low birth weight is defined as less than 2,500 grams at birth
    Note: Due to rounding, percentages may not add to 100.
    ${ }^{\wedge}$ Other includes AIAN, Pacific Islander, More than One Race, and Other.
    Source: Orange County Health Care Agency

[^14]:    Source: Orange County Health Care Agency

[^15]:    
    37 weeks for years prior to 2014
    Source: Orange County Health Care Agency

[^16]:    Percent calculated from number of births with known gestational age less than 37 weeks.
    
     on the birth certificate will improve the accuracy of gestational age estimates.
    Source: Orange County Health Care Agency

[^17]:    Source: Orange County Health Care Agency

[^18]:    Source: Orange County Social Services Agency

[^19]:    *Maternal Causes includes causes such as hypertension, premature rupture of membranes, malpresentation, placenta previa, alcohol/drug abuse, or other complications of labor and delivery.

[^20]:    Note: Numbers for CalWORKs/Medi-Cal and SSI/Medi-Cal populations are included because data were inconclusive.
    Note: Due to some children being counted in more than one category, based on their qualifications, values may not add up to $100 \%$.

[^21]:    *Data prior to 2013/14 is not comparable due to differences in reporting methodology Source: California Department of Education, DataQuest

[^22]:    *Data prior to 2013/14 is not comparable due to differences in reporting methodology. Source: California Department of Education, DataQuest

[^23]:    
     Gender, 2010-2060. Sacramento, California, February 2017. Source: Orange County Health Care Agency

[^24]:    *Population source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, Five Year Average Population, 2012-2016 Source: State of California, Center for Health Statistics, Birth Records.
    Prepared by: Orange County Health Care Agency

[^25]:    * Rates per 100,000 population; rates based on less than five events are unstable, and therefore should be interpreted with caution.
    *Does not include congenital cases resulting from mother to child transmission.
    ${ }^{1}$ The rates before 2010 are calculated using the following population source: State of California, Department of Finance, Race/Ethnic Population with Age and Sex Detail, 2000-2050. Sacramento,
     Sacramento, California, December 2014.
     years 2010-2013 have been adjusted accordingly and may differ to from rates computed in previous reports.
    Source: Orange County Health Care Agency, Public Health Services, May 2018

[^26]:    *Total does not include adolescents who received specialized education, prevention, linkage and referral services in connection with the Probation Department and/or the Youth Guidance Center.
    Source: Orange County Health Care Agency

[^27]:    *Includes inhalants, amphetamines, sedatives, stimulants, and over the counter drugs guidance Center;
    Source: Orange County Health Care Agency

[^28]:    *Hispanic or Latino were not excluded from other races and therefore the data cannot be compared to prior years. Source: Orange County Health Care Agency

[^29]:    *Total does not include youth who received specialized education, prevention, linkage \& referral services in connection with the Probation Department and/or the Youth Guidance Center
    Source: Orange County Health Care Agency

[^30]:    Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, five year estimates

[^31]:    Source: Orange County Department of Education

[^32]:    City Populations Under 18 from 201122
    Source: Orange County Social Services Agency

[^33]:    Source: Abridged from California Department of Education Consolidated Report, 2016/17

[^34]:    *California Department of Finance (DOF) county population estimates for children based on 2007 estimates were used through Fiscal Year 2010/2011. Estimates from 2013 were used thereafter

[^35]:    Note: The report also includes cash aided persons.

[^36]:    Note: Reprint due to data not available at time of printing.

[^37]:    Note: *Reprint due to data not available at time of printing.

[^38]:    *** Includes requests for before and after school care.
    **Includes evening, weekend, drop-in or overnight care.
    Source: Children's Home Society of California's Child Care Resource and Referral Program

[^39]:    Source: California Department of Education

[^40]:    "All other languages" includes 54 other languages listed on the California Department of Education website at http://dq.cde.ca.gov/dataquest/ Source: Orange County Department of Education

[^41]:    Source: Orange County Department of Education

[^42]:    Data was found in Los Angeles County Public Schools Report in DataQuest.
    Source: California Department of Education, DataQuest

[^43]:    Source: Orange County Department of Education, 2016/17 Financial Report

[^44]:    All results are statistically significant at $p=.05$ level.

    1. Developmentally On Track on All Areas refers to children on track on all valid areas. A record may be valid with just four completed areas. Source: Early Development Index, 2018
[^45]:    Sources: California Department of Education DataQuest

[^46]:    Source: California Department of Education

[^47]:    *Data reporting cycle: December 1st of the year reported. Numbers include the category "All Others" students ages 0 to 22

[^48]:    * Rates based on less than five deaths are unstable and therefore should be interpreted with caution.

    Note Population data from the CA Department of Finance population estimates in Race/Ethnic Population with Age and Sex Detail, 2010-2060. Sacramento, California, February 2017
    Source: Orange County Health Care Agency Public Health Services

[^49]:    

[^50]:    Note: Fiscal year represents the year each cohort received their initial substantiated maltreatment allegation. Methodology changed from CFSR2 to CFSR3 so recurrence is reported rather than no
     reported.
    
     website. URL: [http://cssr.berkeley.edu/ucb_childwelfare](http://cssr.berkeley.edu/ucb_childwelfare)

[^51]:    Source: Orange County Social Services Agency

[^52]:    Source: Orange County Social Services Agency

[^53]:    
     data and past years should not be made for youth placed in these family-like settings.
    ${ }^{\wedge}$ Includes Relative, Guardian, NREFM, and RFA-Relative Homes placements
    ** Includes Foster Family Homes and Resource Family Agency placements.
    ***Includes Group Homes and STRTP placements
    Note: Due to rounding percentages may not add up to $100 \%$.
    Source: Orange County Social Services Agency

[^54]:    Note: Parentheses indicate the number of children placed at Orangewood Children and Family Center (OCFC)

[^55]:    Source: California Department of Justice

[^56]:    ** 2013 thru 2015 figures for OC Sheriffs may include Yorba Linda Source: California Department of Justice

[^57]:    * 2005 to 2012 figures were based on population projections as of 2007 while 2013 and 2014 figures were based on revised projections as of Dec 2014 and 2015 figures were based on revised projections as of Feb 2017

    Sources: California Department of Justice; Demographic Research Unit, California State Department of Finance

[^58]:    Note: Due to rounding percentages may not add up to 100 .
    Source: Juvenile Court and Probation Statistical System

[^59]:    Note: Due to rounding percentages may not add up to 100
    Source: Juvenile Court and Probation Statistical System

[^60]:     were previously included in this category but are now included in the ward category.

    Note: Due to rounding percentages may not add up to 100 .

[^61]:    Source: Orange County Probation Department, Strategic Support Division

